

This prospectus was approved by the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority on 29 April 2026.

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# Stillfront

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**Stillfront Group AB (publ)**

**Prospectus regarding admission to trading of  
SEK 1,000,000,000 senior unsecured floating rate bonds**

**ISIN: SE0028329201**

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**Nordea**

**SB  Markets**

## Important information

In this prospectus, the “**Issuer**” means Stillfront Group AB (publ). The “**Group**” means the Issuer with all its subsidiaries from time to time (each a “**Group Company**”). “**Stillfront**” means, depending on the context, the Issuer or the Group. The “**Joint Bookrunners**” means DNB Carnegie Investment Bank AB, Nordea Bank Abp and SB1 Markets, filial i Sverige. The “**Issuing Agent**” means Nordea Bank Abp, filial i Sverige. The “**Agent**” means CSC (Sweden) AB.

“**Euroclear Sweden**” refers to Euroclear Sweden AB. “**Nasdaq Stockholm**” refers, depending on the context, to the regulated market Nasdaq Stockholm or Nasdaq Stockholm AB. “**SEK**” refers to Swedish kronor, “**EUR**” refers to Euro and “**USD**” refers to U.S. dollars.

Words and expressions defined in the terms and conditions of the Bonds, which are included in this Prospectus on pages 48–96 (the “**Terms and Conditions**”), have the same meanings when used in this Prospectus, unless expressly stated or the context requires otherwise.

### Notice to investors

The Issuer has issued 800 senior unsecured floating rate bonds in the total nominal amount of SEK 1,000,000,000 (the “**Initial Bonds**”) on 7 April 2026 (the “**First Issue Date**”), each with a nominal amount of SEK 1,250,000. The Issuer may also issue subsequent bonds (the “**Subsequent Bonds**”) and together with the Initial Bonds, the “**Bonds**”) pursuant to the Terms and Conditions. The maximum total nominal amount of the Bonds (the Initial Bonds and all Subsequent Bonds) may not exceed SEK 2,000,000,000, unless a consent from the Holders is obtained in accordance with the Terms and Conditions. This Prospectus (the “**Prospectus**”) has been prepared for the admission to trading of the Initial Bonds on Nasdaq Stockholm. This Prospectus does not contain and does not constitute an offer or a solicitation to buy or sell Bonds.

The Prospectus has been approved by the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority (*Finansinspektionen*) (the “**SFSA**”) pursuant to Article 20 in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market, and repealing Directive 2003/71/EC (the “**Prospectus Regulation**”). Approval by the SFSA does not imply that the SFSA guarantees that the information provided in the Prospectus is correct and complete.

This Prospectus is governed by Swedish law. The courts of Sweden have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any dispute arising out of or in connection with this Prospectus.

This Prospectus may not be distributed in any jurisdiction where such distribution would require any additional prospectus, registration or measures other than those required under Swedish law, or otherwise would conflict with regulations in such jurisdiction. Persons into whose possession this Prospectus may come are required to inform themselves about and comply with such restrictions. Any failure to comply with such restrictions may result in a violation of applicable securities regulations. Except for to “Qualified Institutional Buyers” within the meaning of Rule 144A under the Securities Act (as defined below) who are also an institution that meets the definition of “accredited investor” as defined in Rule 501(a)(1), (2), (3) or (7) under the Securities Act (as defined below), the Bonds may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. The Bonds have not been, and will not be, registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 (the “**Securities Act**”) or the securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction outside Sweden.

No person has been authorised to provide any information or make any statements other than those contained in this Prospectus. Should such information or statements nevertheless be furnished, it/they must not be relied upon as having been authorised or approved by the Issuer and the Issuer assumes no responsibility for such information or statements. Neither the publication of this Prospectus nor the offering, sale or delivery of any Bond implies that the information in this Prospectus is correct and current as at any date other than the date of this Prospectus or that there have not been any changes in the Issuer’s or the Group’s business since the date of this Prospectus. If the information in this Prospectus becomes subject to any material change, such material change will be made public in accordance with the provisions governing the publication of supplements to prospectuses in the Prospectus Regulation.

Each potential investor in the Bonds must in light of its own circumstances determine the suitability of the investment. In particular, each potential investor should:

- (a) have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Bonds, the merits and risks of investing in the Bonds and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Prospectus or any applicable supplement;
- (b) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the Bonds and the impact the Bonds will have on its overall investment portfolio;
- (c) have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Bonds;
- (d) understand thoroughly the terms of the Bonds and be familiar with the behaviour of any relevant financial markets; and
- (e) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

### Forward-looking statements and market data

The Prospectus contains certain forward-looking statements that reflect the Issuer’s current views or expectations with respect to future events and financial and operational performance. The words “intend”, “estimate”, “expect”, “may”, “plan”, “anticipate” or similar expressions regarding indications or forecasts of future developments or trends, which are not statements based on historical facts, constitute forward-looking information. Although the Issuer believes that these statements are based on reasonable assumptions and expectations, the Issuer cannot give any assurances that such statements will materialise. Because these forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, the outcome could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statement.

Factors that could cause the Issuer’s and the Group’s actual operations, result or performance to differ from the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those described in “*Risk factors*”. The forward-looking statements included in this Prospectus apply only to the date of the Prospectus. The Issuer undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, other than as required by law. Any subsequent forward-looking information that can be ascribed to the Issuer and the Group or persons acting on the Issuer behalf is subject to the reservations in or referred to in this section.

### Presentation of financial information

Certain financial and other information presented in this Prospectus has been rounded for the purpose of making this Prospectus more easily accessible for the reader. As a result, the figures in tables may not tally with the stated totals. Unless otherwise stated, no information in this Prospectus has been audited or reviewed by the Issuer’s auditor.

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## RISK FACTORS

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*In this section, material risk factors are illustrated and discussed, including risks relating to the Group's business and industry, financial situation, legal and regulatory risks as well as risks relating to the Bonds. The Issuer's assessment of the materiality of each risk factor is based on the probability of their occurrence and the expected magnitude of their negative impact. The description of the risk factors below is based on information available and estimates made on the date of this Prospectus. The risk factors are presented in categories where the most material risk factors in a category are presented first under that category. Subsequent risk factors in the same category are not ranked in order of materiality or probability of occurrence. Where a risk factor may be categorised in more than one category, such risk factor appears only once and in the most relevant category for such risk factor.*

### Risks related to the Group's business and industry

#### **Competition from other online game developers, console developers and other entertainment companies**

The Group operates in a highly competitive industry. Generally, competition increases when new game developers, console developers, game publishers and gaming operators enter the gaming market or when current competitors expand their game offerings. The Group's focus is to provide high-quality entertainment, where also other entertainment companies are viewed as main competitors. Online gaming products and services are also sensitive to consumer trends and there is a risk that the Group's market share diminishes if competitors make improvements to or expand their product offering. Failure by the Group to effectively compete may result in the Group losing users or failing to attract new users.

Increased competition may also lead to lower margins and price pressure, and that the Group, consequently, is forced to reduce the price of its products and services in order to retain its users and current market share. In addition, some competitors may offer a more attractive range of online games or complementary products and services than the Group, which may result in the Group having to develop or offer similar products and services or the Group losing its users. This may also result in the Group incurring increased development costs associated with the development of a specific type of product or service. The gaming industry is also undergoing technological change, with artificial intelligence ("AI") increasingly utilised in game development. If the Group fails to adopt and integrate AI tools at a sufficient pace, it risks falling behind competitors that more effectively leverage these technologies. If the Group fails to meet increased competition in a fast and efficient way, and develop new games and services that attract more users, there is a risk that the Group's revenues will decrease, which may have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues, results of operations and profitability (see also "*The continued success and growth of the Group's operations depends on its ability to continuously improve its game offering*" below).

#### **The continued success and growth of the Group's operations depends on its ability to continuously improve its game offering**

The Group's ability to increase revenue and profitability depends on its ability to continuously improve its game offering through the development of new games or by improving the Group's existing games in a way that improves the gaming experience for both paying and non-paying players while encouraging players to purchase virtual items in the games. If the Group's current game development model ceases to be effective in creating or acquiring games that are appealing to both new and existing players, or in developing existing games in order to continue to retain the players' interest in the existing game offering, there is a risk that the Group may lose players. Accordingly, the Group will need to continuously adapt its game development model to evolving market demand in order for the Group to maintain its growth. This also includes continuously evaluating how the Group's resources can be most efficiently allocated. For example, in May 2025, Stillfront announced that it had launched a strategic review to evaluate certain assets as part of a focused effort to strengthen the Group by reallocating resources toward more scalable franchises and other opportunities. As part of this strategic review, the Group may decide to divest or discontinue certain assets to focus its efforts and resources on deepening player engagement within key franchises. If the Group fails to adapt its game offering to meet user demand and generate sufficient in-game purchases, this may adversely affect the Group's revenues, which could in turn have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues, results of operations and intangible assets. There is a risk that the Group will not be able to continue to customise a sufficient number of games, if any, on its existing platforms in order to meet user demands, or successfully implement them into new platforms in order to generate the significant purchases of virtual items.

The Group's ability to successfully develop new games and improve existing games as well as its ability to achieve commercial success are subject to a number of challenges, such as the need to constantly anticipate and adapt to the changes taking place in the gaming industry, especially within the mobile and social platforms; the ability to successfully compete against a large and growing number of industry players; the ability to develop and launch new game-related intellectual property rights and new games on time and within budget; the ability to develop new forms of play that increase player engagement and generate revenue; the ability to adapt to evolving player preferences; the ability to improve existing games by adding features that encourage continued player engagement in the game; the ability to hire and retain competent staff, including when the Group seeks to expand its development capabilities; the ability to achieve a positive return on advertising investments; the ability to achieve continued and successful organic growth; and the ability to minimise and quickly manage bugs and interruptions in the games.

In order to operate in an industry characterised by the rapid emergence and development of new products, services, technologies and the development of player preferences, the Group needs to constantly stay innovative and adapt to the technological advances and preferences that arise on an ongoing basis. Widespread adaptation to new internet technologies and higher standards may require the Group to allocate significant funds to replace, upgrade, modify or adapt its existing game offering, which may have a material negative impact on the Group's short- and long-term operating expenses and earnings.

Furthermore, if the Group fails to develop new games and improve its existing games, there is a risk that these games will generate lower revenues, which in turn may have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues, results of operations and intangible assets. Delays in, or non-completion of, planned and ongoing game development projects entail a higher cost for the Group and may have a negative impact on cash flow, revenues and operating margins in the Group. Delays may occur both in internal projects and projects where an external partner manages the development. Completing a game development project may also require more resources than originally expected. This applies especially to internal projects where the Group normally accounts for the development cost, which may have a material negative impact on the Group's operating expenses and results of operations.

### **The Group is dependent on certain key individuals and employees**

The Group's operations are dependent on certain key employees, senior executives and persons with specialist competence, some of whom are founders of certain Group companies. These key employees typically have good relationships with market participants and a good understanding of the environment in which the Group operates. Consequently, these key employees are central to the successful development of the Group's operations. If any of these key employees terminate their employment with the Group or significantly change or reduce their involvement within the Group, there is a risk that the Group may not, within a reasonable time, be able to replace these persons or their services with other persons who may contribute equally to the Group's operations. The employment contracts for the Group's key employees typically include non-compete and non-solicitation clauses that are effective for a certain limited period following termination of their employment in countries where such clauses are valid. However, non-compete and non-solicitation clauses are not enforceable in all countries where the Group operates or for all categories of employees. Accordingly, there is a risk that key employees may conduct competitive business following their departure from the Group.

In addition, the Group's competitiveness in the markets in which the Group operates depends on its ability to retain and motivate its existing workforce and to recruit employees with relevant industry knowledge. Failure to retain key employees or attract new talent could increase the Group's costs, as new employees may be more expensive and require on-boarding. The risk of losing founders of studios and key employees in acquired companies is accentuated after the end of the period for which such employees are entitled to earn-out consideration. There is thus a risk that failure to attract and retain new key employees may have a negative impact on the Group's net revenue growth, profitability and management function.

In order to be able to retain and attract new key employees, the Group may need to incur costs for compensation to these persons with regard to salary, bonuses and other incentives. In addition, there is a risk that employees may make a claim against the employer in case of, for example, work environment issues, incorrect or unfounded dismissals or incorrect payments. Labour law claims may lead to negative publicity and reputational damages as well as liability for damages for the Group. Furthermore, there is a risk that the Group fails to ensure a diverse, including and equal culture not complying or meeting the increased regulatory complexity and the internal and external requirements and/or expectations. This could lead to a failure in retaining current employees and attracting new employees as well as financial investors, and thereby negatively impact the Group's competitiveness and long-term growth.

### **Risks related to acquisitions, investments, establishments or divestments**

The Group has previously carried out and may in the future carry out acquisitions, establishments, investments and divestments that may not be completed or, if completed, do not turn out to be beneficial for the Group. In addition, there is a risk that Stillfront will not be able to identify suitable acquisitions or carry out acquisitions, investments or divestments on acceptable terms or at all due to, for example, deteriorated market conditions, increased competition for acquisition objects, limitations in the Group's financing agreements or regulatory restrictions. Acquisitions also entail risks related to purchase prices and earn-out consideration (see "*Risks related to liabilities to pay earn-out consideration*" below). Historically, Stillfront has often used its own shares as consideration in connection with acquisitions. However, in recent years, Stillfront's share price has declined, which has made it less attractive for Stillfront to use its own shares consideration, since it would lead to higher dilution. A further decrease in the price of Stillfront's shares, due to e.g., company-related events or market conditions on the stock market in general, or limitations on share repurchases in Stillfront's financing agreements, may require Stillfront to use cash as consideration, which would affect the Group's leverage and might require external financing arrangements and make it more difficult for Stillfront to carry out acquisitions (see "*Financing risks*" below).

In addition, an acquisition is associated with risks related to the acquired company. Within the framework of Stillfront's acquisition process, Stillfront combines the due diligence of acquired companies with a negotiated warranty catalogue, which can be more or less comprehensive. Although Stillfront normally strives to take out M&A insurance, the seller(s) is/are typically responsible for any indemnity and other liabilities and in some cases for uninsured risks. Stillfront thus faces a risk that counterparties in the acquisition agreements will experience financial difficulties, which may affect the Group's ability to receive compensation for any claims that arise due to the counterparty's possible breach of contract in the relevant transaction. Furthermore, there is a risk that potential risks or deficiencies, such as tax risks, customer losses, disputes, complaints, compliance deficiencies or unexpected expenses have not been detected through the due diligence process carried out prior to the acquisition or that full protection against such deficiencies and risks cannot be obtained through the acquisition agreement even if they have been detected.

Establishments within the Group's various business areas require significant investments, the profitability of which depends on the new establishment being successful. This, in turn, relies on the new establishment attracting a sufficient number of players and users and that the required investment does not incur higher than expected costs for Stillfront. If Stillfront's calculation of the costs associated with the establishment or its assessment of customer interest prove to be incorrect and the profitability of the establishment is thus absent or significantly lower, and in the event that the establishment results in higher or more extended operating deficits than expected, these factors may have a material negative impact on the Group's operations, net revenues and results of operations. In addition, there is a risk that acquired companies will not perform in accordance with Stillfront's expectations and forecasts, which may require additional measures and investments on the part of Stillfront to achieve profitability.

Furthermore, carrying out acquisitions, establishments, investments and divestments is often a comprehensive and complex process that entails costs for legal, financial and other advisors as well as costs related to, for example, financing. There is a risk that a significant part of these costs are charged to Stillfront, even if the acquisition, investment or divestment has not been completed or a new establishment that does not prove successful. The aforementioned risks may result in increased costs, including costs for something that Stillfront is subsequently unable to absorb revenue from and which may thus have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenue growth, future financial results and the possibility to finance future acquisitions.

### **Stillfront may fail in connection with the integration of acquired companies and operations**

There is a risk that the Group will not be able to successfully integrate a target and that such integration may require more investments than expected, and that the Group may thus incur unknown or unexpected liability and obligations in relation to users, employees or other parties. The process of integrating a target may also be disruptive to the Group's operations due to, among other things, conflicting interests with minority shareholders in partly-owned subsidiaries, unforeseen legal issues and difficulties in realising operational synergies (e.g. cultural differences) or failures to maintain the quality of the services that have historically been provided and thus affected the Group's reputation. Furthermore, future acquisitions may divert the Group's attention from day-to-day management and cause additional liabilities for the Group. During the integration phase, the Group is particularly dependent on retaining key employees in the acquired company. If Stillfront is unable to retain key employees in connection with the acquisitions, the integration of an acquired company risks taking longer and

the Group risks losing valuable knowledge of the acquired company's culture, products and the markets in which Stillfront operates (see also "*The Group is dependent on certain key individuals and employees*" above).

**The Group uses a business model where games are free to play and is therefore dependent on players who make optional in-game purchases and the value of virtual items sold**

The majority of the Group's games are available free of charge to players, and the majority of revenue is generated from the sale of virtual items when players make voluntary in-game purchases. Users spend money in the Group's games based on the perceived value of the virtual items that the Group offers for purchase. The perceived value of these virtual items may be affected by various actions that the Group takes in the games, such as offering discounts, giving away virtual items in promotions, or providing simpler virtual items for free in order to promote continued gaming. If the Group fails to price virtual items in the games in line with player expectations or at normal price standard in the market, players may be less inclined to spend money and time in the games, thus resulting in lower revenues for the Group, which may have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues and results of operations.

Parties unrelated to the Group have developed, and may continue to develop, "cheats" or guides that allow players to advance in the Group's games or result in various types of malfunctions, which may reduce the demand for virtual items in the games. This risk is particularly high for the Group's games where players play against each other, since such "cheats" may allow players to gain unfair advantages to the detriment of those players who play fairly as well as damaging the experience of these players. In addition, such external third parties may attempt to mislead the Group's players with programmes that generate false offers for virtual items or other in-game benefits. These scams may damage the players' experience, disrupt the economy of the games and reduce demand for virtual items, which could lead to increased costs in order to fight such activities, or decreased net revenues due to players having a negative gaming experience and thereby becoming less likely to spend money in the games. This could have a material negative impact on the Group's reputation, net revenues and results of operations.

**Risks related to negative perception and publicity about the gaming industry**

The online gaming industry is exposed to publicity related to gaming behaviour, under-age gaming and lack of compliance, as well as standards established to promote responsible gaming. Negative perceptions and prejudices about the gaming industry may lead to the Group experiencing difficulties in attracting more or new users or that the Group's operations risk gaining a bad reputation, regardless of the type of games that the Group provides, which may result in revenue being less than expected. In addition, if a general perception develops that the online gaming industry is unable to address public concerns about gaming addiction, political pressure and public opinion may lead to increased regulation of the online gaming industry. Such new regulation may lead to significant costs for the Group to adapt its existing games or make adjustments in its development work in order to comply, which may have a material negative impact on the Group's operating expenses and profitability (see also "*Risks related to gaming regulations, standards and norms*" below). It may also result in the Group being prohibited from providing any or all of its games in certain jurisdictions, or the Group being delayed in its launch of new games due to required adaptation to new regulations, which may have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues and results of operations.

**The Group may have inadequate intellectual property protection, be prevented from protecting its intellectual property rights and may risk infringing on third party intellectual property rights**

The Group's ability to grow successfully depends, among other things, on its ability to protect, register and maintain its intellectual property rights. In the early phase of the life cycle of the Group's games, the Group relies mainly on trademark protection through trademark registration as well as on registration of logos, copyright protection and domain name registrations. Some of the Group's trademarks and logos are not registered and/or pending trademark registrations, whereas certain trademarks and logos can, for various reasons, not be registered as trademarks. There is a risk that the Group will not be able to complete registrations regarding such trademarks and logos and/or future trademarks or logos.

The Group is dependent on securing ownership or licensing rights of its intellectual property rights through agreements with employees, consultants and partners. Furthermore, the Group is dependent on knowledge and trade secrets. The Group strives to achieve protection of its intellectual property rights, knowledge and trade secrets by, for example, entering into agreements on the transfer of intellectual property rights to the Group and confidentiality agreements with employees, consultants and partners. However, this is not always the case and it

is not possible to ensure full transfer of intellectual property rights or full protection against unauthorised distribution of information. There is a risk that competitors and other operators may gain access to sensitive information, which may lead to a decrease in the value of such information or that competitors use such information to their advantage to the detriment of the Group.

Although the Group's intellectual property rights are generally protected by copyright, such protection covers only the original literal expression of the Group's source code and not the concepts and ideas expressed by it. Furthermore, the Group's intellectual property rights are, as a general rule, by their very nature not patentable. Consequently, other than protection through trademark registrations, copyright protection and domain name registrations, the Group's intellectual property rights enjoy limited legal protection. This may limit the Group's ability to bring an action and defend itself against intellectual property infringements.

The Group also faces the risk that the use and exploitation of its intellectual property rights, in particular rights related to its software, may infringe on the intellectual property rights of third parties. The costs of bringing or defending an intellectual property infringement action may be significant. A non-successful outcome of such dispute for the Group may result in the Group being forced to pay royalties or damages or the Group having to cease the use of such intellectual property rights and/or incorporate such intellectual property. Furthermore, alleged infringements of intellectual property rights may result in the Group signing coexistence or settlement agreements regarding the use of intellectual property, which may limit the Group's use of intellectual property. If the Group is unable to effectively protect its intellectual property rights or if claims regarding an intangible infringement are directed against the Group, it may have a material negative impact on the Group's operations, net revenues, intangible assets and results of operations.

Furthermore, the use of generative AI tools in the Group's business increases risks related to intellectual property, e.g. that the use of such AI tools infringes the intellectual property of third parties, that confidential information is shared with providers of such AI tools and that the Group is unable to obtain intellectual property rights to works produced with the assistance of generative AI.

### **The Group and its users may be exposed to risks of hacking, viruses, malicious measures and other cybercrime**

The Group's online gaming business is exposed to the risk of system intrusion, virus spread and other forms of IT crime or harmful behaviour by individual players or other actors. Such actions may interfere with websites, cause system failures and disruptions to the operations, lead to loss of databases and may harm computer equipment and infrastructure held or used by the Group or its users. The effect of such actions or the Group's failure to successfully protect itself against such attacks may have a material negative impact on the Group's operations, net revenues and results of operations.

If the Group fails to successfully protect itself from such attacks, the effect of such actions may result in significant loss of revenue due to the affected games becoming unavailable to players while the Group remedies the disruption or damage. For example, the studio Sandbox Interactive suffered from numerous massive DDoS attacks against parts of its server infrastructure in 2023. Together with in-game bots in Sandbox Interactive's franchise Albion Online, the DDoS attacks negatively impacted the game and Stillfront's net revenue and adjusted EBITDAC by approximately 80 MSEK and 50 MSEK, respectively, in the third quarter of 2023.

Furthermore, the Group possesses personal data relating to its users. If this information illegally falls into the hands of unauthorised parties, the Group may be subject to claims from users and regulatory authorities which may result in significant costs in the form of fines or for implementing the measures required to ensure that the Group's IT system has a sufficient level of security (see also "*Risks related to the processing of personal data*" below). It may also lead to players losing confidence in the Group's systems and games, which in turn may lead to loss of users and thus reduced revenues. This may have a material negative impact on the Group's profitability, net revenues and results of operations.

### **The Group's dependence on a few material distributors**

The Group's sales are largely made with the help of a few significant distributors, mainly in the growing mobile application sector where the Group relies particularly on Google Play and App Store. In 2025, approximately 48 per cent of the Group's revenue from games where Stillfront acts as publisher was attributable to games distributed through 3<sup>rd</sup> party stores. The distributors' range of digital distribution channels are crucial for the Group's monetisation from its mobile applications segment. If, for any reason, any of these material distributors were to close down their platform or restrict the Group's access to or terms of use of its platform, or suspend certain games from distribution through the platforms, this may result in revenue loss for the Group. It is not uncommon for the standard terms of these significant distributors to include provisions on termination with a

relatively short notice period which could mean that cooperation with such significant distributors may cease on short notice, or contain far-reaching provisions that require Stillfront to indemnify distributors in certain events. In addition, the Group depends on the accuracy of the financial information provided by the distributors and is obliged to rely on the distributors' documentation when calculating the revenue reflecting a player's actual consumption. If there is an interruption or restriction in the Group's access to one or several platforms, in whole or for long periods of time, or if the data obtained from distributors is materially incorrect, to the effect that the Group has calculated its revenues incorrectly, it may have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues and results of operations.

### **Risks related to the Group's games being categorised as gambling or so called hazard games, and misuse of the Group's games**

Some of the Group's games allow players to purchase points, chips or other in-game benefits. The points or chips could be characterised as a type of virtual currency. However, none of the games allow players to sell or redeem such virtual currency. Furthermore, there are restrictions and prohibitions on transferring such virtual currency to other players under the terms and conditions of the games. In some jurisdictions, the sale of such virtual currency from the Group to the players is made through resellers. Since there is no way for players to withdraw money or transfer the currency or anything else of value out of the games, Stillfront assesses that the games do not constitute hazard games or gambling under current regulations in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates. However, in some jurisdictions where the Group offers its games, the regulations on hazard games and gambling are not well-developed and are to a certain extent unclear. Therefore, there is a risk that certain games offered by the Group could be characterised as hazard games or gambling. If this were to happen, there is a risk that the Group will be subject to criminal law measures and sanctions, or be forced to cease offering the game in question. For example, Stillfront decided to close its business operations in Bangladesh due to measures taken by Bangladeshi authorities, including a new interpretation of what constitutes online gaming as opposed to online gambling under the laws of Bangladesh, which led to the assessment that it is unviable for the Group to conduct online gaming business in the country.

There is also misuse of the Group's games which, among other things, may be expressed in incorrect claims for credit card refunds, shadow trading in virtual currency and/or player profiles/accounts as well as so-called "chip farming". Shadow trading in virtual currency may occur when a player or a group of players deliberately loses to one or several other players, and is a way by which players can sell virtual currency to each other. Furthermore, virtual currency trading may take place on the retail level where retailers distribute virtual currency. Chip farming can, for example, involve a number of players joining forces to gain an advantage over other players and thereby increasing their own profits, or that some players create a large number of accounts and collect daily bonuses on all such accounts. This misuse can affect the authorities' view of the games' compliance and reduce the Group's revenue, as players perform transactions outside the games instead of within the games. Stillfront has taken a number of measures to counteract the misuse listed above, including expressly prohibiting the conduct under the relevant subsidiaries' general terms and conditions applicable to players, as well as in the relevant subsidiaries' retailer agreements. In addition, the subsidiaries have implemented algorithms and processes to quickly detect and intervene against misuse. Stillfront is not aware that the monetisation mechanisms in the Group's games are currently in violation of the legal frameworks within relevant jurisdictions. However, there is a risk that authorities within one or several jurisdictions make a different assessment or consider that the Group's anti-abuse measures are not sufficient. Should this be the case, it may result in certain games being banned or certain gaming features having to be removed and, in extreme cases, that income from such games may be forfeited and fines may be issued, which could have a material negative impact on the Group's operations, net revenues and profitability.

Furthermore, new rules, which may be applicable to the Group and could vary greatly between jurisdictions, may require certain game mechanics to be changed or removed from games, which could affect player engagement and monetisation from the games or otherwise damage the Group's business performance. It is difficult to foresee how existing or new laws can be applied to these or similar game mechanics. In addition, the increased attention on liability issues due to lawsuits and bills may damage the Group's reputation or otherwise affect the growth of the Group's operations. Stillfront closely monitors the legal development in all jurisdictions in which the Group operates in order to avoid violations of applicable laws and regulations affecting the gaming sector, including consumer law aspects of different types of games (see also "*Risks related to gaming regulations, standards and norms*" and "*The Group is subject to laws, regulations and rules in several different jurisdictions*" below).

The close monitoring of the interpretation and application of existing regulations, as well as new and changed regulations, in all jurisdictions in which the Group operates entails costs for legal advisors and internal control

functions, and may lead to both reduced revenues and increased costs should an unforeseen adaptation of the games be required in order not to violate applicable regulations or as a result of the monetisation mechanism applied in the games not being considered lawful. Furthermore, the Group may incur unexpected costs if authorities impose fines on the Group due to the Group having made a different assessment and application of regulations. Accordingly, the aforementioned risks having a material negative impact on the Group's operations, operating expenses and results of operations.

### **A limited number of games and users currently account for a majority of the Group's revenues**

The Group has a wide range of games in its portfolio. However, the Group is dependent on a relatively limited number of games that generate the majority of the Group's revenues. Thus, the Group is also dependent on the ability to continuously develop and improve its game portfolio, particularly games with high popularity (see "*The continued success and growth of the Group's operations depends on its ability to continuously improve its game offering*" above). As a result, each of the Group's games requires significant product development, marketing and other resources. Moreover, even with these investments, the Group may experience sudden declines in the popularity of any of its games and fluctuations in the number of daily and monthly average users. If customer payments from the Group's top games are lower than expected and the Group is unable to broaden its game portfolio or increase customer payments from such top games, the Group will not be able to maintain or increase its revenues, which may have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues and profitability.

Furthermore, the revenues from free-to-play games usually rely on a small percentage of players who spend moderate to large amounts of money in games in order to receive special benefits, levels, access and other features, offers or content. The vast majority of users play for free or only occasionally spend money in the games. The Group sees a tendency that only a small percentage of the total number of users are paying users. A large proportion of the revenue therefore comes from a small subset of paying users. It is particularly important for the Group to retain as large a proportion of paying users as possible and to get these users to maintain or increase their spending levels, as many users do not generate revenue and all paying users generate different amounts of revenue. There is a risk that the Group will not be able to retain paying users or that paying users will not maintain or increase their spending levels. In addition, there is a risk that the Group may lose more paying users than the Group gains in the future, which could have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues and profitability. Any macroeconomic factors, geopolitical conditions and other external factors may also affect paying users' disposable income and gaming activities (see also "*Risks related to macroeconomic factors, geopolitical conditions and other external factors (Force Majeure)*" below).

The Group continuously invests in new user acquisitions and monetisation strategies to convert users to paying users, retain existing paying users and maintain or increase spending levels for paying users. If the Group's investments in new user acquisitions and monetisation strategies do not produce the desired results, the Group may fail to attract, retain or monetise on users and may experience a decrease in the level of spending of existing paying users, which would result in lower revenues attributable to the Group's games and thereby risk having a material negative impact on the Group's operating expenses, net revenues, results of operations and profitability.

### **The Group's operations depend on the security, integrity and operational performance of the systems, products and services that the Group offers**

The Group's product range consists exclusively of online games that depends on the security and good functioning of the internet connection through which users play the Group's games. Consequently, the Group's operations depend on the integrity, reliability and operational performance of IT systems as well as the users' access to the internet. The operation of IT systems within the Group's operations and its suppliers or partners may be disrupted for reasons beyond the Group's control, such as damage caused by accidents, disruptions in the provision of tools or services, extreme weather events, safety problems, system failures or pollution.

Furthermore, there may be technical challenges in launching new products and services that lead to temporary interruptions in the Group's systems, which means that players cannot play while the interruption is in progress. This may cause revenue streams to be halted during that time. Although the Group's operations are based on separate servers and platforms, which means that it is unlikely that a significant number of servers are affected by disruptions at the same time, disruptions or events related to a number of the most revenue-generating games may result in loss of players and thus reduced revenues as well as potential complaints against the Group for interruptions, or otherwise adversely affect the Group's ability to sell products and services to its users. It is therefore crucial that the Group and its studios can act quickly to ensure that there are no interruptions in the Group's IT environment. An obsolete IT environment or servers that are not kept up to date can accentuate these risks. Failure to do so and deficiencies in the security, integrity and operational performance of the systems,

products and services offered by the Group may have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues and profitability.

### **Risks related to macroeconomic factors, geopolitical conditions and other external factors (Force Majeure)**

The Group operates in the online gaming industry and is affected by global economic and consumer trends, and user preferences. Although the Group focuses on digital entertainment and has digital processes in place to ensure that the Group's organisation operates more or less as usual in case of a force majeure event, such as a pandemic, an outbreak of or an ongoing war or a natural disaster, the Group's revenues are largely affected by the users' disposable income and gaming activities. Moreover, any force majeure or negative developments in the global economy, such as the rate of growth in the global economy, employment levels, currency rate fluctuations and inflation, may affect users' disposable income and the ability and willingness of the gaming industry to invest money in the Group's products. For example, in recent years, inflation has been relatively high and has eroded household purchasing power. Policy tightening by central banks in response to inflation has raised the cost of borrowing, constraining economic activity. These macroeconomic factors are outside of the Group's control and could have a material negative impact on the Group's operations, net revenues and results of operations.

The Group operates in a global environment with subsidiaries and offices in several jurisdictions. During the full year 2025, 45 per cent, 20 per cent and 35 per cent of the Group's bookings were derived from Europe, North America and MENA & APAC (Middle East and North Africa & Asia Pacific), respectively. Hence, there is risk that a significant negative economic development or sustained political uncertainties in any of those markets could adversely affect the Group's operations and sales. For example, ongoing trade policy tensions, in particular between the United States, Europe, and China, create uncertainty for the global economy at large. In addition, escalating geopolitical controversies, tensions and conflicts as well as acts of war, such as Russia's ongoing war against Ukraine and the conflicts in the Middle East, including the 2026 Iran conflict, have had, and may continue to have, a significant impact on financial markets and the global economy. Due to its operations in the Middle East, the Group also has direct exposure to risks related to the escalating conflicts in this region, including the risk that the conflicts will affect employees, customer behaviours and lead to a reduced focus on leisure activities, such as gaming. If the gaming activity in the Middle East were to significantly decline, this could have a material negative impact on the Group's revenues. The current geopolitical environment is highly dynamic and subject to rapid and often unpredictable developments, which may further increase uncertainty and adversely affect the Group's operations.

Furthermore, there is a risk that climate changes make parts of the world uninhabitable due to extreme weather conditions, raised sea levels or increased costs of living. Adverse climate changes might impact the Groups customers' behaviour, its employees and subsidiaries that might need to relocate or could be impacted by significantly higher costs to secure uninterrupted operations.

### **Risks related to insurance**

The Group holds insurance coverage that Stillfront deems customary for the Group's business operations. However, there is a risk that such insurance may not always cover all risks associated with the Group's business operations. For example, it is difficult to insure against historical risks in connection with acquisitions. The Group's insurance policies also contain, for example, certain limitations such as deductibles and maximum compensation amounts. In addition, it is expensive and difficult to obtain adequate insurance with regards to cybersecurity and IT risks, as there are a limited number of available relevant insurances, which not often offer full protection and are only offered at a high insurance premium. There is also a risk that the insurance coverage in newly acquired companies is inadequate, which may lead to costs and additional work to ensure that all acquired companies and studios have adequate insurance coverage. The Group may incur losses beyond such limitations or that are outside the scope of the insurance.

Furthermore, an unintended failure to comply with policy requirements may result in claims not being reimbursed by the insurance company. There is a risk that an insurance is not available within a reasonable time or is not sufficient to fully compensate for any losses that may arise for the Group. Accordingly, there is a risk that, in the future, the Group will not be able to maintain its current level of insurance coverage, or may not receive insurance cover at all, and that the Group's premiums may increase significantly in relation to the protection that the Group currently holds. All insurance claims entail a risk of protracted disputes, reputational damages, costs for legal fees, costs and expenses and that management's focus is taken from the operations of the Group, which could have a material negative impact on the Group's operations, operating expenses, net revenues and results of operations.

### **The Group uses open-source software in its games that may subject the Group's software code to general publishing requirements or that may require the Group to redesign such code**

The Group uses open-source software in game development. Certain open-source software licenses require developers who distribute open-source software to disclose all or part of the source code of such software on unfavourable terms or free of charge. There is a risk that such licenses may be interpreted in a way that entails unexpected consequences or limitations on the Group's ability to market the games or that the Group inadvertently infringes on the intellectual property rights of other actors. In addition, there is a risk that outdated, and potentially unsafe, open-source software is included in the Group's products. Although the Group monitors its use of open-source software and continuously screens for outdated or unsafe software and ensures that open-source software is used in a way that prevents the Group from disclosing its source code or otherwise violating the terms of an open-source code agreement, such use may inevitably occur. This may result in the Group being required to disclose and make available its own source code, pay damages due to a breach of contract, reconstruct its games, suspend distribution of affected games should the redesign not be completed in a timely manner, or take other corrective actions that may divert resources from the Group's game development work in general. This may have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues, results of operations and intangible assets.

### **If the Group fails to adequately manage growth, its operations may be adversely affected**

The Group has historically experienced rapid growth, which increases the demands on the Group's management, operational control, information and reporting systems and financial control. In order to achieve its financial targets, Stillfront must successfully manage business opportunities, revenue streams, the quality of products and services and the operations in general. In addition, Stillfront must be able to increase capacity and strengthen the infrastructure in line with user demand in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates. This requires the Group to retain and hire qualified personnel in order to meet the new challenges posed by growth. Stillfront may need to explore new and diversified monetising strategies and the increasing complexity of the business may place additional demands on the Stillfront's systems, controls, procedures and management team, which may affect Stillfront's ability to successfully manage future growth. There is a risk that Stillfront will not be able to successfully implement revenue or cost strategies, which may lead to delays in meeting user demand. Future growth will also entail increased responsibility for the Group's management with respect to the need to identify, recruit, train and integrate additional employees. There is a risk that Stillfront will not be able to handle such development and growth in the future or in a desirable manner, which may have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenue growth, operating expenses and results of operations.

### **Risks related to internal governance**

The Group applies a decentralised organisational model, which means that the Group's studios are largely responsible for their respective operations. Corporate governance in a decentralised organisation places high demands on financial reporting and follow-up. If Stillfront's corporate governance and internal control procedures prove to be insufficient or are not properly implemented or applied, there is a risk that the Group will not be able to deliver the necessary financial information and effectively monitor the Group companies' operations, financial position, risk management and compliance. This may, for example, relate to non-compliance with laws and regulations related to, among other things, human rights, money laundering, IT security and data protection (including GDPR), corporate governance, export controls and sanctions, IFRS and other rules relating to accounting and financial reporting, tax, environment, sustainability, work environment, business ethics and equal treatment. Since Stillfront's operations are global and its organisational structure decentralised, where the various studios have both operational responsibility and responsibility for results and thus conduct their respective operations without involving group-wide functions in all business decisions, it is complex and time-consuming to fully monitor and control that the entire organisation complies with internal policies and codes of conduct. This risk increases as the number of Group companies and studios increases. Inadequate and inefficient corporate governance or internal control may cause the Group to suffer unexpected costs and damage public confidence in the Group, which risks reducing demand for the Group's products and eventually reducing revenues. This could have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues, operating expenses and results of operations.

## Risks relating to the Group's financial position

### Risks related to the valuation of goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between the purchase price for acquisitions and the fair value of acquired assets, liabilities assumed and contingent liabilities. Goodwill constitutes a significant proportion of the Group's balance sheet assets. As of 31 December 2025, the Group's goodwill amounted to SEK 6,903 million. Goodwill is recognised as an intangible asset and is subject to an impairment test, at least annually or upon indication of impairment. There is a risk that changes in circumstances affecting the Group's operations and general financial position, or changes to one of the many factors that the Group takes into account in its assessments, assumptions and estimates in connection with the impairment testing of goodwill, may in the future require the Group to write-down goodwill, completely or partially. For example, in January 2025, Stillfront announced a non-cash goodwill impairment of SEK 6.9 billion in respect of the fourth quarter of 2024. The impairment was attributable to the North America business area and arose in connection with a restructuring of the Group's reporting segments. Moreover, in February 2026, as a result of the annual impairment test of the Group's carrying amounts, Stillfront announced a non-cash impairment of SEK 2,258 million in respect of the full year 2025, of which SEK 1,884 million related to goodwill and SEK 374 million related to other acquisition-related intangible assets, attributed to the operations in Europe and North America.

If the Group makes an impairment loss on goodwill, it affects the Group's balance sheet by reducing the value of intangible fixed assets. Such impairment would also be recognised as an expense (impairment of intangible fixed assets) in the Group's income statement. Any significant impairment loss may thus have a material negative impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

### Risks related to currency fluctuations

The Group's accounting currency is SEK. However, through its subsidiaries, the Group operates in several different countries and has users on a global level. The majority of the Group's costs are in EUR and USD, while revenues are also generated in a number of other currencies. The Group is therefore exposed to exchange rate risks. The Group's exposure to exchange rate risks arises from transaction exposure (i.e. exchange rate risk associated with time delay between entering into an acquisition agreement and completing the acquisition as well as exchange rate risk related to deposits and disbursements in different currencies) as well as translation exposure (i.e. in particular when the income of the subsidiaries, but also assets and liabilities in foreign currency, are to be translated into the Group's accounting currency SEK).

The translation effect that may arise from the conversion of the subsidiaries' results into SEK may have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues and results of operations as well as affect the Group's future cash flow and market value. The translation effect that may arise when the subsidiaries' net assets are converted from the respective foreign currency into SEK may have a material negative impact on the Group's equity. In particular, transaction exposure could have a material negative impact on the Group's results of operations.

In 2025, if the EUR exchange rate had been 5 per cent higher or lower versus the SEK with all other variables constant, EBITDA would have been SEK 37 (48) million higher or lower respectively, and the impact on equity would have been SEK 196 (242) million. Furthermore in 2025, if the USD exchange rate had been 5 per cent higher or lower versus the SEK with all other variables constant, EBITDA would have been SEK 44 (44) million higher or lower, respectively, and the impact on equity would have been SEK 203 (156) million. Currency hedging of net investments in foreign operations had an impact on other comprehensive income for 2025 of SEK -520 (-302) million net of tax.

### Financing risks

The Group's loan financing primarily consists of bond loans with variable interest rates, a revolving credit facility with variable interest rate, and a term loan facility with variable interest rate. To the extent that cash flow generated by the Group is not sufficient, the Group is dependent on external financing in order to carry out acquisitions and conduct game development. There is a risk that the Group will not be able to obtain financing on acceptable terms or on terms that allow the Group to carry out acquisitions including any earn-out consideration in relation to completed acquisitions. This may cause the Group's non-organic growth to stagnate or fail to materialise, or result in the Group not having sufficient financial resources to conduct the business in the desired manner. The ability to secure capital financing through loans on favourable terms or at all depends on a number of factors beyond the Group's control, including conditions prevailing at the time on the international credit and capital markets. If the Group fails to repay its existing or future debts, to renew or refinance existing

or future credit facilities on acceptable terms or at all, or to perform existing financial obligations, this would have a material adverse effect on the Group's liquidity, results of operations and financial position.

If the Group breaches commitments under the revolving credit facility or the term loan facility, the respective lender(s) may have the right to terminate the respective loan for early repayment. The terms under the respective facility also contain a right for the respective lender(s) to demand early repayment under certain conditions, for example if there is a change of ownership in the Group, so that a person or a group of persons acting by mutual agreement acquires shares that represent more than 50 per cent of the shares or votes in the Group, or acquires control of more than 50 per cent of the shares or votes in the Group, or if the Group ceases to be listed on Nasdaq First North Growth Market or Nasdaq Stockholm.

If the Group violates its obligations under the terms and conditions of the Group's outstanding bonds, bondholders may have the right to request that the bonds be redeemed prematurely. Furthermore, the terms and conditions allow bondholders to request, under certain conditions, that all, but not only some, of the bonds held by them be repurchased at a price per bond amounting to 101 per cent of the outstanding nominal amount together with accrued but unpaid interest. The right to early redemption arises, among other things, if there is a change of ownership in the Group, so that a person or group of persons acting by mutual agreement acquires control, directly or indirectly, of more than 50 per cent of the votes in the Group, or the right to, directly or indirectly, appoint or dismiss all or a majority of the Board members in the Group. If the right to redemption or repurchase arises, and one or more bondholders exercise that right, it may have a material negative impact on the Group's operations, results of operations and financial position. Should the Group need to refinance the bonds at the maturity date of the bonds or for any other reason, including early redemptions or repurchases, there is a risk that the Group cannot obtain financing on favourable terms or at all, which may have a material negative impact on the Group's financial position and results of operations.

### **Interest rate risks**

Interest rate risk means the risk that fair value or future cash flows fluctuate due to altered market interest rates, in particular STIBOR, EURIBOR and SOFR. The Group is exposed to interest rate risks through its outstanding bonds, its revolving credit facility and its term loan facility (see "*Material agreements*" in the section "*Legal considerations and supplementary information*"). The bonds carry interest determined on the basis of a floating rate, where the interest rate is affected by changes in market interest rates and STIBOR in particular. The revolving credit facility carries interest determined on the basis of a floating rate, where the interest rate is particularly affected by EURIBOR, STIBOR and SOFR (depending on the currency in which the Group chooses to borrow). The term loan facility carries interest determined on the basis of a floating rate, where the interest rate is affected by changes in the market interest and EURIBOR in particular. The Group has STIBOR based interest bearing liabilities and the bond loans have STIBOR as the basis of their coupon rate. An average increase of 2 per cent at year-end 2025 of STIBOR, EURIBOR and SOFR would have negatively affected the Group's profit by SEK 90 (98) million before tax.

### **Risks related to capitalised game development expenses**

The Group capitalises its product development costs in accordance with IFRS. As of 31 December 2025, the Group's capitalised gaming development expenses and other non-current intangible assets amounted to SEK 2,604 million, which constitutes a significant part of the Group's balance sheet. Normally, the Group commences capitalisation when all capitalisation criteria are met, which means that capitalisation in most cases occurs from start. However, there is a risk that capitalisation criteria are not met. The Group continuously invests in game development and there is a risk that one or more game development projects cannot be commercialised, do not meet set legal requirements or other requirements, or otherwise do not meet the Group's or the market's demands. If, for any reason, the Group fails to develop or commercialise its games after incurring development costs, this may result in significant write-downs. If the Group makes an impairment loss on capitalised costs for game development, it affects the Group's balance sheet by lowering balanced development expenses. Such impairment would also be recognised as an expense (impairment of intangible fixed assets) in the Group's income statement. Any significant impairment loss may thus have a material negative impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

### **Credit risk**

Credit risk means exposure to receivables in the form of investments of surplus liquidity and accounts receivable, the latter meaning that the Group's counterparties will not fulfil their financial obligations to the Group on time or at all. The Group's main credit risk derives from subsidiaries' accounts receivable and contractual assets with mainly stable and reputable counterparties such as Apple, Google and PayPal. As of

31 December 2025, the largest total exposure to all financial instruments with a single bank was SEK 88 (132) million. The Group's maximum credit exposure is set out in the table below.

SEK million	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Accounts receivable	363	495
Contract assets (accrued income)	52	53
Other receivables	65	107
Cash and cash equivalents	701	957
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>1,612</b>

If any of the aforementioned counterparties is unable to fulfil its obligations to the Group or any of its subsidiaries on time or at all, the Group may not receive cash and cash equivalents as planned, or at all, which in turn may affect the Group's liquidity and financial position. The risk related to existing cash and cash equivalents is if the bank holding the cash is unable to fulfil its obligations towards the Group or any of its subsidiaries.

### **Risks related to liabilities to pay earn-out consideration**

The Group is exposed to risks regarding earn-out consideration related to some of the Group's completed acquisitions. There are commitments for the Group under several acquisition agreements that may entail an obligation for the Group to pay earn-out consideration, both in cash and through the issue of own shares. The calculation of the earn-out consideration is based on the financial results of the acquired companies. If maximum earn-outs need to be paid, this may cause the Group's liquidity to become strained at times or lead to the Group having to take additional bank loans and thereby incur a higher interest expense. Higher earn-out consideration may thus have a material negative impact on the Group's liquidity, cash flows and indebtedness.

Calculations of the purchase price and earn-out consideration to the sellers of the acquired object are calculated based on future results, attributable to the acquired object in question. Underestimation of such results may lead to greater cash payment and/or greater dilution of the shareholding in the Group if payment is made with more shares in the Group than the Group could anticipate at the time of the acquisition. There is also a risk that completed acquisitions and provisions on earn-out consideration may lead to disputes or legal claims. For example, in 2021, Fortis Advisors LLC, representing certain sellers of Kixeye, initiated arbitration proceedings governed by the laws of the U.S. state of Delaware against Stillfront Midco AB, claiming that Stillfront had breached the acquisition agreement in bad faith and owed the sellers the maximum earn-out consideration of USD 30 million payable under the acquisition agreement for the financial year 2019 plus interest on the claimed earn-out amount, compensation for alleged consequential damages, and attorney fees. In March 2024, the arbitrator determined in favour of Stillfront, and ruled that Stillfront is not liable for any earnout payments. Fortis Advisors LLC has, however, sought to vacate the award on the basis of alleged formal errors. In March 2025, Fortis Advisors LLC's appeal was dismissed by the Delaware Supreme Court, which is the last court of appeal in the State of Delaware. The Group has made no provision with regard to the claims, as it believes that the arbitral award will be upheld. However, there is a risk that the outcome of legal proceedings or disagreements with sellers about earn-out consideration may be unfavourable to the Group and may have a negative impact on its results and operations and require the Group to incur costs for legal and other advisors. Negative publicity in connection with legal proceedings also risks damaging the Group's reputation.

## **Legal and regulatory risks**

### **Risks related to the processing of personal data**

The Group processes personal data about its employees, users and business partners. The Group is subject to data protection laws, rules and regulations in several jurisdictions (including but not limited to the General Data Protection Regulation ((EU) 2016/679) ("GDPR") and the California Consumer Privacy Act ("CCPA")). Compliance with all such laws, regulations and rules is complicated and costly. Any non-compliance by the Group of applicable laws, regulations and rules regarding data protection could lead to negative publicity and damage the Group's reputation and lead to loss of users and revenue. It may also lead to fines and damage claims from individuals and injunctions from authorities to address the deficiency. Failure to comply with the GDPR may result in administrative fines up to the higher amount of EUR 20 million or 4 per cent of the Group's total annual turnover. Non-compliance with the rules applicable in the markets in which the Group operates may thus have a material negative impact on the Group's reputation, operations and results of operations.

On 16 July 2020, the Court of Justice delivered judgment in Case C-311/18 (so-called "Schrems II") concerning the admissibility of the transfer of personal data from operators established within the EU/EEA to countries

outside the EU/EEA (“third countries”). The ruling invalidated the EU Commission’s adequacy decision that companies had previously relied on when transferring personal data to the United States, known as the “**Privacy Shield**”, with immediate effect. Following the ruling, the EU-U.S. Data Privacy Framework (“**EU-U.S. DPF**”) has been set up, which introduces new improved safeguards for personal data in the United States compared to the mechanism that existed under the Privacy Shield. On 10 July 2023, the European Commission adopted its adequacy decision for the EU-U.S.DPF. As of that date, personal data can be transferred from the EU to U.S. companies participating in the EU-U.S. DPF without having to put in place additional data protection safeguards such as the EU standard contractual clauses.

Schrems II has implications for all transfers of personal data to third countries that are not deemed adequate by the EU Commission. In case transfers are made to countries where the efficiency of contractual measures to protect personal data can be called into question, these have to be supplemented with additional security measures. The European Data Protection Board (“**EDPB**”) has specified that data exporters are obliged to carry out a risk analysis of the transfers of personal data carried out and to take supplementary technical, organisational and contractual measures to the extent that the legislation of the recipient country restricts the protection of personal data. Such supplementary safeguards may include, for example, pseudonymising and encrypting personal data before the transfer.

On 4 June 2021, the European Commission adopted a new set of standard contractual clauses for the transfer of personal data to third countries. Agreements that contain the previous standard contractual clauses must have been replaced by the new standard contractual clauses before 27 December 2022. The standard contractual clauses contain corresponding requirements for risk analysis regarding the recipient country’s legislation that apply in accordance with the EDPB’s guidelines. The requirements for transferring of personal data to third countries and the standard contractual clauses result in the Group being required to carry out comprehensive legal risk analyses and renegotiate existing agreements. Furthermore, there is a risk that the Group may be limited in its choice of suppliers and partners, or fail to comply with the GDPR as a result of unauthorised transfer of personal data to third countries, which may have a material negative impact on the Group’s operating expenses, operations and results of operations.

### **Risks related to gaming regulations, standards and norms**

The gaming industry is being increasingly monitored by authorities in the various jurisdictions in which the Group operates. New rules, which may be applicable to the Group and could vary greatly between jurisdictions, may require certain game mechanics, such as loot boxes, casino or gambling elements, or monetisation mechanisms to be changed or removed from games (see also “*Risks related to the Group’s games being categorised as gambling or so called hazard games, and misuse of the Group’s games*” above). As an example, the European Commission is in the process of preparing a legislative proposal for a Digital Fairness Act, aimed at covering practices such as unfair commercial practices related to dark patterns, addictive design of digital products and unfair personalisation practice. There is a risk that the Digital Fairness Act, if and when enacted, will result in stricter rules for online gaming, which could require the Group to make material changes to its business model, game design, and monetisation practices. Consumer agencies are also tightening regulations and scrutiny on virtual items, demanding high price transparency, clear, real-world cost comparisons, and fair in-game currency purchase options. Any such new rules or regulations or increased regulatory scrutiny could affect player engagement and monetisation from the Group’s games or otherwise damage the Group’s business performance.

If Apple, Google or any of the Group’s other platform providers were to change their developer terms to include more onerous requirements or if any of the Group’s platform providers prohibit the use of certain monetisation systems or game categories, such as social casino or non-real money gambling, from being distributed on its digital platform, the Group would need to restructure the monetisation of the affected games in order to continue distribution on current platforms, which would likely cause a decrease in revenue from those games. Further, if Apple, Google or any of the Group’s other platform providers cease the distribution of any or all games, the Group would temporarily or permanently lose the revenue stream associated with the distribution of relevant games from such platform (see also “*The Group’s dependence on a few material distributors*” above). If the Group is forced to reshape its monetisation practices or is prevented from distributing one or more games on any platform, it could have a material negative impact on the Group’s operations, net revenues and results of operations.

In September 2018, the World Health Organization added “gambling disorder” to the international classification of diseases, and defined the disease as a behavioural pattern characterised by impaired control over games and an increase in game priority over other interests and daily activities. The awareness of these issues has increased in

the wake of the Covid-19 pandemic, as time and activities linked to mobile phones, tablets and computers has increased as people spend more time at home and on their devices. Some jurisdictions have anti-gambling lobbying groups that specifically target social casino games which the Group offers through, for example, its game studios Moonfrog Labs and Jawaker (see also “*Risks related to negative perception and publicity about the gaming industry*” above). In such jurisdictions, the opposition could lead to the passing of legislation or introduction of regulations to specifically control interactive social or social casino games, which may result in a complete ban on interactive social or social casino games, limit the Group’s ability to advertise games or significantly increase the Group’s costs for complying with such rules. This may have a material negative impact on the Group’s operations, operating expenses, net revenues and results of operations. The Group is, however, currently unable to predict the probability, timing, scope or terms of such legislation or regulation or the extent to which it may affect the Group’s operations.

The close monitoring of new and changed regulations in all jurisdictions in which the Group operates entails costs for legal advisors and may lead to both reduced revenues and increased costs should an unforeseen adaptation of the games be required in order not to violate applicable regulations or as a result of the monetisation mechanism applied in the games not being considered lawful. Furthermore, the Group may incur unexpected costs if authorities impose fines on the Group due to the Group having made a different assessment and application of relevant local laws and regulations. Accordingly, the aforementioned risks may have a material negative impact on the Group’s operations, operating expenses, net revenues and results of operations.

In addition, the success of the Group is highly dependent on the effectiveness of new user acquisitions and marketing of live game titles. Any future changes to marketing norms or standards, such as the recent changes relating to Identification for Advertisers (IDFA) and GPS AdID (or Google Play Services ID for Android) resulting in limitations of the Group’s opportunities to obtain important data in order to be able to design marketing in an efficient and more precise way based on users’ preferences, could have a significant impact on the Group’s profitability by increasing marketing costs or rendering marketing initiatives less effective. Any future changes in Apple’s, Google’s or any other platform’s software terms may lead to negative effects on the Group’s ability to attract and retain existing players, and that users’ willingness to purchase virtual items in the games decreases, which in turn may negatively affect the Group’s net revenues.

### **Risks related to changes in taxation or interpretation and application of applicable tax laws**

The Group’s operations are conducted through subsidiaries in several jurisdictions, and the Group is therefore tax resident in Sweden as well as several other jurisdictions. In 2025, the tax for the year amounted to SEK 6 million. The Group’s tax position, both with respect to previous, current and future years, may change as a result of decisions by local tax authorities or changes to laws or regulations (including applicable tax rates or precedents in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates). This could result in increased future tax costs for the Group as well as costs attributable to the interpretation of, and adaptation to, potential changes in tax legislation. As an example, new tax legislation focusing on digital services, which may become relevant in certain jurisdictions in which the Group operates, may negatively affect the Group through increased tax costs.

The Group conducts and reports its operations in accordance with internal rules and in line with professional advisors’ interpretation of applicable tax legislation, regulations, administrative proceedings and legal precedents in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates. There is a risk that tax authorities, courts or other public entities consider the Group’s interpretation and application of the tax legislation to be incorrect. For example, when Stillfront is acquiring shares in companies from private individuals, there is a risk that the expected tax treatment in connection with the transaction and the payment of the purchase price or earn-out consideration prove to be wrong, which could lead to non-beneficial taxation of private individuals and/or unexpected social fees for the Group. Moreover, the right to deduct transaction costs may be limited in certain cases, which may result in increased tax costs for the Group. Since part of the Group Executive Management is located outside of Sweden, Stillfront may have to register and pay tax in other jurisdictions than Sweden. In addition, systematic errors by the Group, for example, with respect to value-added tax or transfer pricing, may be accumulated over several years and have to be corrected, which could result in large one-time costs for the Group.

If tax legislation in one or several jurisdictions in which the Group operates changes or is misinterpreted by the Group, the Group may be imposed further taxes, interest, fees or sanctions that adversely affect the Group’s liquidity, financial position and operating profit.

### **The Group is subject to laws, regulations and rules in several different jurisdictions**

The Group's studios and games are available in a large number of jurisdictions worldwide, many of which have their own individual regulations governing the running of business operations in general and online gaming in particular. Stillfront's operations in the global online gaming market and its geographical spread expose the Group to risks related to sustainability factors such as human rights, working conditions and corruption. The Group closely monitors its compliance with such regulations as well as any changes thereto to ensure that it always complies with applicable regulations in the online gaming industry. However, there is a risk that the Group is not always fully compliant with all local laws and regulations due to a different interpretation of applicable rules than the authorities, which may result in the Group being subject to legal proceedings, complaints or injunctions, or that fines, damages or other charges will be directed at the Group. This may incur costs for the Group and adversely affect the Group's reputation. Such risks may be accentuated in a decentralised organisational model that the Group applies. For example, in the United States, the regulatory system is complex with different federal, state and local laws and regulations that the Group needs to comply with.

Although the Group's operations do not currently require any other specific permits or licenses other than for general corporate purposes, applicable laws are constantly reviewed and amended by the regulatory authorities of the relevant countries. There is a risk that the Group may be subject to such additional laws, regulations and rules, directly or indirectly, which would prevent the relevant subsidiary from operating as planned, thereby losing revenue and possibly contributing to the costs of closing or divesting the operations.

The Group's operations are conducted through the subsidiaries and Stillfront is dependent on receiving funding from its subsidiaries. In certain jurisdictions where the Group operates, there are legal or financial restrictions that limit the possibility for the subsidiaries to transfer funds to Stillfront through, for example, dividends, loans or advances. Examples of such restrictions include currency control rules that restrict or prohibit subsidiaries from transferring funds outside the countries in which they are incorporated without the required permits from relevant authorities. Such restrictions are applicable in India and Ukraine where the Group's subsidiaries Moonfrog Labs and Game Labs, respectively, are incorporated. The transfer of funds outside these countries without the necessary permits may lead to sanctions and fines. Consequently, there is a risk that Stillfront may not receive funding from Moonfrog Labs and/or Game Labs due to these restrictions. Dividends from the subsidiaries may also result in certain tax consequences, such as the obligation to withhold tax at source for the subsidiaries.

Even if the Group takes measures to prevent minors from playing the Group's online games, there is a risk that some users playing the Group's games are minors. This could result in negative publicity that may damage the Group's reputation and lead to a loss of users, or result in disputes that are time consuming and costly for the Group, both of which may have a material impact on the Group's profitability, revenues and results of operations.

The Group is also subject to anti-spam regulations in certain jurisdictions where it operates, which limit the Group's use of, for example, email and SMS/text message as a marketing channel. In some jurisdictions, marketing is a strictly regulated measure that requires explicit consent and is a highly contentious issue. The Group promotes its games in some of these jurisdictions, thus exposing the Group to a risk of violating relevant regulations and incurring complaint and claims. In this regard, claims addressed to the Group may be detrimental to the Group's reputation, while also being costly and time consuming, and may thus have a material negative impact on the Group's net revenues, results of operations and reputation.

### **Risks related to competition law issues**

In connection with acquisitions and possible divestments, Stillfront itself, together with counterparties and the respective parties' advisors, conducts competition law and other ownership change-related analyses, and makes notifications to the competition authorities deemed relevant. If such analyses fail and the competition authority, or other authority, questions transactions, analyses and/or notifications, or if the Group otherwise acts in violation of applicable competition rules, it may result in fees and other sanctions being imposed on the involved parties and, in particular cases, that the transactions carried out are deemed invalid, which may have a material negative impact on the Group's operations and results of operations.

### **Risks related to reclassification of consultants**

Consultants are often hired throughout the Group. In several of the jurisdictions in which the Group operates, hiring consultants instead of having own employees normally entails a risk that a contractual relationship will be reclassified as employment for consultants. In the event of such a reclassification, the consultant would typically be entitled to protection from dismissal and the relevant Group company would be liable to pay tax and social

fees on the remuneration paid to the consultant, and possibly employment-related compensation such as holiday pay and pension benefits. This may result in the Group incurring unexpected fees in its capacity as employer for the hired consultants, which may have a material negative impact on the Group's results of operations.

### **Risks related to the use of temporary workers**

The Group uses, or has used, and may in the future use, temporary workers. The labour hire of workers/temporary workers is strictly regulated in some of the countries in which the Group operates and non-compliance may have an economic impact on both the company renting out the labour and the company hiring the labour. The main risk associated with such contracting labour is, to the extent that it is not conducted in accordance with applicable regulations, that the temporary employees in question may demand to become employed by the company that is hiring them (including employment law consequences such as protection from dismissal, withholding tax and social fees). Failure to comply with current regulations, for example in Germany as well as other jurisdictions in which the Group operates, is also an administrative offence which may result in the imposition of substantial fines on both the company hiring the labour and the company renting out the labour. In Germany, for example, such fines may amount to EUR 30,000 and in some cases up to EUR 500,000. The above risk may result in the Group, in its capacity as employer, being subject to unexpected fees and high fines if the Group does not comply with the rules on temporary workers, which may have a material negative impact on the Group's results of operations.

## **Risks relating to the Bonds**

### **Structural subordination and dependency on subsidiaries**

The Issuer holds no significant assets other than the shares in its subsidiaries. The Issuer's ability to make required payments of interest on its debts and funding is therefore affected by the ability of its subsidiaries to transfer available funds to it, which in turn is dependent on the value generated in the businesses of such subsidiaries. Any transfers to the Issuer from its subsidiaries, *e.g.* in the form of dividends or other distributions, revenues, cash-pooling arrangements, interest and intra-group loans, may also be restricted or prohibited by legal and contractual requirements applicable to each respective subsidiary, including the relevant subsidiary's financing arrangements.

The Bonds constitute direct, general, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer. This means that in the event of insolvency, bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganisation, dissolution or winding up of the business of the Issuer, the Holders normally receive payment after any creditor with secured assets or other creditors with higher ranking claims. Furthermore, since the Issuer's subsidiaries constitute separate legal entities, such subsidiaries do not have any obligation to fulfil the Issuer's obligations with regard to its creditors. Accordingly, should any of the aforementioned events occur, there is a risk that the Holders are not able to recover their investments in the Bonds.

Moreover, in the event of insolvency, bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganisation, dissolution or winding up of the business of any of the Issuer's subsidiaries, unsecured creditors of such subsidiaries as well as secured creditors and obligations that may be preferred by provisions of law that are mandatory and of general application will generally have the right to be paid in full before any distribution is made to the Issuer as shareholder. Hence, if any or several of the subsidiaries become subject to any such event, or for any other reason do not generate sufficient liquidity to the Issuer, it may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's financial position and its ability to fulfil its obligations under the Bonds.

### **Risks related to early redemption and put options**

Under the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds, the Issuer has reserved the possibility to redeem all, but not some only, of the outstanding Bonds before the final maturity date under certain circumstances. If the Bonds are so redeemed, the Holders have the right to receive an amount which is higher than the nominal amount (depending on when such redemption occurs) together with accrued but unpaid interest (but the Holders will only be compensated for any remaining scheduled interest payments if the early redemption occurs earlier than 18 months after the First Issue Date). The Issuer may be expected to redeem Bonds when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Bonds. At those times, there is a risk that investors are not able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Bonds being redeemed, or are only able to do so at a significantly higher risk. In addition, an optional redemption feature is likely to limit the market value of the Bonds. During any period when the Issuer may elect to redeem Bonds, the market value of those Bonds generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed, thus presenting a risk to investors. This also may be true prior to any redemption period.

Furthermore, the Bonds are subject to mandatory repurchase at the option of each Holder (put options) upon the occurrence of certain events, including a change of control of the Issuer, if the shares in the Issuer cease to be listed on a regulated market or MTF, or if the Bonds are not admitted to trading on a regulated market (or following a successful listing and subsequent de-listing of the Bonds is not re-listed on a regulated market) within a certain time period. If a Holder wishes to exercise its put option, there is a risk that the Issuer will not have sufficient funds at the time of such prepayment to make the required payments of the Bonds, which could adversely affect the Issuer by, for example, causing its insolvency or an event of default under the Terms and Conditions, and thus adversely affect all Holders and not only those who choose to exercise the option.

### **Risks relating to admission to trading and the secondary market**

Subject to the Terms and Conditions, the Issuer has the intention that the Bonds shall be admitted to trading on the corporate bonds list of Nasdaq Stockholm (or another regulated market) within thirty (30) days after the first issue date. There is, however, a risk that the Issuer does not procure admission to trading within such time period, or at all, or following a successful admission is unable to maintain the listing of the Bonds. A failure to obtain or maintain such listing risks having a negative impact on the market value of the Bonds.

Moreover, even if the Bonds are admitted to trading in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, active trading may not always occur and, thus, there can be no assurance that a liquid market for trading in the Bonds will exist or be maintained. It should be noted that during a given time period, it may be difficult or impossible to sell the Bonds (at all or at reasonable terms) due to, for example, severe price fluctuations, close-down of the relevant market or trade restrictions imposed on the market. In general, financial instruments with a high nominal value, such as the Bonds, tend not to be traded as frequently as financial instruments with a lower nominal value. Consequently, Holders may not be able to sell their Bonds at the desired time or at a price level that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have an active and functioning secondary market. The degree to which the liquidity and the trading price of the Bonds may vary is uncertain, and presents a significant risk to investors.

Furthermore, if the Issuer fails to procure listing in time, investors holding Bonds on an investment savings account (ISK) will no longer be able to hold the Bonds on such account, thus affecting such investor's tax situation.

### **Credit risk relating to investments in the Bonds**

An investment in the Bonds carries a credit risk in relation to the Issuer and the Group. The ability for Holders to receive payments under the Terms and Conditions is dependent on the Issuer's capability and willingness to meet its payment obligations. This, in turn, is dependent on the Group's performance and financial position, which are affected by numerous factors outside the Group's control, some of which have been outlined above. Moreover, if the Issuer's creditworthiness is reduced, it may cause the market to charge the Bonds a higher risk premium, which could have a significant adverse effect on the market value of the Bonds. It could also reduce the Issuer's possibility to obtain debt financing. Consequently, if the financial position of the Group deteriorates, for any reasons, it may adversely affect the Issuer's ability to fulfil its obligations under, as well as affect the market value of, the Bonds. This presents a significant risk to the Holders.

### **No action against the Issuer and Holders' representation**

In accordance with the Terms and Conditions, the Agent will represent all Holders in all matters relating to the Bonds and individual Holders are not entitled to bring any actions against the Issuer relating to the Bonds, unless such actions are supported by the majority pursuant to the Terms and Conditions. Consequently, there is a risk that the value of the Bonds will decrease meanwhile a requisite majority is not willing to take necessary legal action against the Issuer. The unwillingness of a majority of Holders to act could, thus, damage the value of other Holders' investments in the Bonds. In addition, there is a risk that an individual Holder, in certain situations, could bring its own action against the Issuer (in breach of the Terms and Conditions), which could adversely affect an acceleration of the Bonds or other action against the Issuer. For example, if an individual Holder were to initiate a bankruptcy proceeding against the Issuer, such proceeding could, despite being in breach of the Terms and Conditions, be legally valid and, thus, cause damage to the Issuer and/or the Holders.

Under the Terms and Conditions, the Agent will in some cases have the right to make decisions and take measures that bind all Holders, including the right to agree to amend and waive provisions under the Terms and Conditions. Hence, there is a risk that the actions of the Agent in such matters affect a Holder's rights under the Terms and Conditions in a manner that is undesirable for some Holders. Moreover, failure by the Agent to perform its duties and obligations properly or at all may adversely affect the enforcement of the rights of the Holders.

**Possible material interests**

The Joint Bookrunners have engaged in, and may in the future engage in, investment banking and/or commercial banking or other services for the Issuer in the ordinary course of business. Accordingly, there is a risk that conflicts of interest may exist or arise as a result of the Joint Bookrunners having previously engaged in, or may in the future engage in, transactions with other parties, having multiple roles or carrying out other transactions for third parties with conflicting interest. As an example, DNB Sweden AB, Nordea Bank Abp, filial i Sverige and Swedbank AB (publ) are currently the lenders under a SEK 2,000,000,000 multicurrency revolving credit facility, which has been entered into by, among others, the Issuer as borrower. Any such conflict of interest may have a material adverse effect on the price of the Bonds.

**European Benchmark Regulation**

The Bonds' value depends on several factors, one of the more significant over time being the level of market interest. The Bonds will bear a floating rate interest of STIBOR plus a certain margin and the interest rate is therefore adjusted for changes in the level of the general interest rate. Hence, there is a risk that increased general interest rate levels significantly affect the market value of the Bonds. The determining interest rate benchmarks, such as STIBOR has been subject to regulatory changes such as the Benchmarks Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds and amending Directives 2008/48/EC and 2014/17/EU and Regulation (EU) No. 596/2014) (the "BMR"). The implementation of the BMR will lead to that certain previously used benchmarks will be or have been, as is the case with LIBOR, discontinued, leading to that, among others, existing financing arrangements will have to be renegotiated or terminated. There is a risk that also STIBOR will be discontinued, or that alternative benchmark rates will dominate market practice, leading to uncertainties in relation to the interest rate payable in relation to the Bonds. In accordance with the Terms and Conditions, STIBOR may be replaced following certain events, e.g. if STIBOR ceases to be calculated or administrated (defined in the Terms and Conditions as a Base Rate Event). Increased or altered regulatory requirements and risks associated with any replacement of STIBOR following a Base Rate Event involve inherent risks, as the effects cannot be fully assessed at this point in time which could result in an adverse negative effect on an investment in the Bonds.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

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*This section is only intended to serve as an introduction to the Bonds. Any decision to invest in the Bonds shall be based on an assessment of all information contained in this Prospectus as well as all documents incorporated herein by reference. The Terms and Conditions of the Bonds are found on pages 48–96 in this Prospectus.*

### The Bonds

The Bonds have a Nominal Amount of SEK 1,250,000 each and are denominated in SEK. The Initial Bonds are senior unsecured floating rate bonds issued on 7 April 2026 on a fully paid basis at an issue price of one hundred (100) per cent of the Nominal Amount. The Total Nominal Amount of the Initial Bonds as at the First Issue Date is SEK 1,000,000,000. In total, 800 Initial Bonds have been issued.

In addition to the Initial Bonds, Subsequent Bonds may be issued at one or several occasions in accordance with and subject to the Terms and Conditions. The maximum Total Nominal Amount of the Bonds (the Initial Bonds and all Subsequent Bonds) may not exceed SEK 2,000,000,000, unless a consent from the Holders is obtained in accordance with the Terms and Conditions. This Prospectus is prepared solely for the admission to trading of the Initial Bonds on Nasdaq Stockholm (or if such admission to trading is not possible to obtain or maintain, on another Regulated Market).

If any Subsequent Bonds are issued, a new prospectus will be prepared for the admission to trading of such Subsequent Bonds. Subsequent Bonds will be issued subject to the Terms and Conditions, including, for the avoidance of doubt, the ISIN, the interest rate, the currency, the nominal amount and the final maturity applicable to the Initial Bonds. The price of the Subsequent Bonds may, however, be set at a discount or at a premium compared to the Nominal Amount.

### ISIN and trading code

The Bonds have been allocated the ISIN code SE0028329201. The Bonds will also be allocated a trading code upon admission to trading. Such trading code has not been allocated at the date of this Prospectus.

### Form of the Bonds

The Bonds are issued in dematerialised book-entry form and registered on a Securities Account (*värdepapperskonto*) on behalf of the relevant Holder. Hence, no physical notes or certificates in respect of the Bonds have been issued. The Bonds are registered in accordance with the Central Securities Depositories and Financial Instruments Accounts Act (*lagen (1998:1479) om värdepapperscentraler och kontoföring av finansiella instrument*) and registration requests relating to the Bonds shall be directed to an Account Operator. The Bonds are governed by Swedish law and are unilateral debt instruments intended for public trading (*ensidig skuldförbindelse för allmän omsättning*) as set out in Chapter 1 Section 3 of the Central Securities Depositories and Financial Instruments Accounts Act.

The Bonds are freely transferable but the Holders may be subject to purchase or transfer restrictions with regard to the Bonds, as applicable, under local regulation to which a Holder may be subject. Each Holder must ensure compliance with such restrictions at its own cost and expense.

### Status of the Bonds

The Bonds constitute direct, general, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and shall at all times rank *pari passu* and without any preference among them and at least *pari passu* with all other direct, general, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer, except obligations which are preferred by mandatory regulation and except as otherwise provided in the Finance Documents.

### Issuance, repurchase and redemption

#### First Issue Date and Final Maturity Date

The Initial Bonds were issued on 7 April 2026. Unless previously redeemed or repurchased in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, the Issuer shall redeem all, but not some only, of the outstanding Bonds in full with an amount per Bond equal to the Nominal Amount together with accrued but unpaid Interest on 7 April 2030 (the “**Final Maturity Date**”).

The Issuer may, subject to applicable regulations, at any time and at any price purchase Bonds on the market or in any other way. Bonds held by the Issuer may at the Issuer's discretion be retained or sold, but not cancelled, except in connection with a redemption or repurchase of the Bonds in full.

### **Voluntary total redemption (call option)**

The Issuer may redeem all, but not some only, of the outstanding Bonds during the periods and at the amounts set out in the table below:

Period of time	Price per Bond
(a) any time prior to but excluding, the date falling eighteen (18) months after the First Issue Date (the "First Call Date")	at an amount per Bond equal to the amount per Bond payable pursuant to (b) below (for the avoidance of doubt, including the accrued but unpaid Interest), plus the amount of all remaining scheduled Interest payments on the Bond until the First Call Date (assuming that the Interest Rate for the period from the relevant Redemption Date to but excluding the First Call Date will be equal to the Interest Rate in effect on the date on which the applicable notice of redemption is given);
(b) any time from and including the First Call Date to, but excluding, the first Business Day falling twenty-four (24) months after the First Issue Date	at an amount per Bond equal to 103 per cent of the Nominal Amount, together with accrued but unpaid Interest;
(c) any time from and including the first Business Day falling twenty-four (24) months after the First Issue Date to, but excluding, the first Business Day falling thirty (30) months after the First Issue Date	at an amount per Bond equal to 102.5 per cent of the Nominal Amount, together with accrued but unpaid Interest;
(d) any time from and including the first Business Day falling thirty (30) months after the First Issue Date to, but excluding, the first Business Day falling thirty-six (36) months after the First Issue Date	at an amount per Bond equal to 101.75 per cent of the Nominal Amount, together with accrued but unpaid Interest; or
(e) any time from and including the first Business Day falling thirty-six (36) months after the First Issue Date to, but excluding, the first Business Day falling forty-two (42) months after the First Issue Date	at an amount per Bond equal to 101 per cent of the Nominal Amount, together with accrued but unpaid Interest; or
(e) any time from and including the first Business Day falling forty-two (42) months after the First Issue Date to, but excluding, the Final Maturity Date	at an amount per Bond equal to 100.5 per cent of the Nominal Amount, together with accrued but unpaid Interest.

If the redemption is financed (in whole or in part) with one or several new Market Loans, the Issuer may, however, redeem the Bonds from and including the date falling forty-two (42) months after the First Issue Date to, but excluding, the Final Maturity Date at an amount equal to 100.00 per cent of the Nominal Amount, together with accrued but unpaid interest.

The Issuer can exercise its option by giving the Holders and the Agent not less than fifteen (15) Business Days' notice in accordance with the Terms and Conditions.

### **Mandatory repurchase due to a Change of Control Event, a De-listing Event or a Listing Failure Event (put option)**

Upon the occurrence of a Change of Control Event, a De-listing Event or a Listing Failure Event, each Holder shall during a period of fifteen (15) Business Days from the effective date of a notice from the Issuer of such event have the right to request that all, or some only, of its Bonds be repurchased (whereby the Issuer shall have the obligation to repurchase such Bonds) in accordance with the Terms and Conditions. However, such period

may not start earlier than upon the occurrence of the Change of Control Event, the De-listing Event or the Listing Failure Event, as the case may be.

The price per repurchased Bond shall equal to one hundred and one (101) per cent of the Nominal Amount together with accrued but unpaid Interest.

“**Change of Control Event**” means the occurrence of an event or series of events whereby one or more persons acting together, acquire control over the Issuer, where “control” means (i) acquiring or controlling, directly or indirectly, more than fifty (50) per cent of the voting rights or share capital of the Issuer, or (ii) the right to, directly or indirectly, appoint or remove the whole or a majority of the directors of the board of directors of the Issuer.

“**De-listing Event**” means the occurrence of an event whereby (i) all shares in the Issuer cease to be listed on a Regulated Market or an MTF or (ii) trading in the shares in the Issuer on the relevant market is suspended for a period of fifteen (15) consecutive Business Days or more.

“**Listing Failure Event**” means (i) that the Bonds are not admitted to trading on a Regulated Market within sixty (60) days following the First Issue Date or the date of issuance of any Subsequent Bonds (as applicable), or (ii) following a successful listing and subsequent de-listing of the Bonds from a Regulated Market, the Bonds are not re-listed by the date falling sixty (60) days from the date of the de-listing.

If a Holder has so requested, and acted in accordance with the instructions in the notice from the Issuer, the Issuer shall, or shall procure that a person designated by the Issuer will, repurchase the relevant Bonds and the repurchase amount shall fall due on the Redemption Date specified in the notice given by the Issuer in accordance with the Terms and Conditions. The Redemption Date must fall no later than twenty (20) Business Days after the end of the fifteen (15) day period following the notice from the Issuer.

The Issuer shall comply with the requirements of any applicable securities laws or regulations in connection with the repurchase of Bonds. To the extent that the provisions of such laws and regulations conflict with the Terms and Conditions relating to the repurchase in the event of a Change of Control Event, a De-listing Event or a Listing Failure Event, the Issuer shall comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached its obligations under such relevant provisions in the Terms and Conditions by virtue of the conflict.

## Payments in respect of the Bonds

Any payment or repayment under the Finance Documents shall be made to such person who is registered as a Holder on the Record Date prior to an Interest Payment Date or other relevant payment date, or to such other person who is registered with the CSD on such Record Date as being entitled to receive the relevant payment, repayment or repurchase amount.

## Interest and default interest

### Interest

Each Initial Bond carries Interest at the Interest Rate applied to the Nominal Amount from (but excluding) the First Issue Date up to (and including) the relevant Redemption Date. Any Subsequent Bond will carry Interest at the Interest Rate applied to the Nominal Amount from (but excluding) the Interest Payment Date falling immediately prior to its issuance (or the First Issue Date if there is no such Interest Payment Date) up to (and including) the relevant Redemption Date.

Interest accrues during an Interest Period. Payment of Interest in respect of the Bonds shall be made quarterly in arrears to the Holders on each Interest Payment Date. The Interest Payment Date shall be 7 April, 7 July, 7 October and 7 January of each year or, to the extent such day is not a Business Day, the Business Day following from an application of the Business Day Convention. The first Interest Payment Date for the Bonds shall be 7 July 2026 and the last Interest Payment Date shall be the relevant Redemption Date.

Interest shall be calculated on the basis of the actual number of days in the Interest Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360 (actual/360-days basis).

The interest rate applicable to the Bonds is calculated based on a floating rate of 3-month STIBOR plus 5.00 per cent *per annum*. For the avoidance of doubt, if any such total rate is below zero then the Interest Rate will be deemed to be zero.

### **Default interest**

If the Issuer fails to pay any amount payable by it under the Terms and Conditions on its due date, default interest shall accrue on the overdue amount from (but excluding) the due date up to (and including) the date of actual payment at a rate which is two hundred (200) basis points higher than the Interest Rate. The default interest shall not be capitalised. No default interest shall accrue where the failure to pay was solely attributable to the Agent or the CSD, in which case the Interest Rate shall apply instead.

### **Use of benchmarks**

The Interest payable under the Bonds is calculated by reference to the benchmark STIBOR, as defined in the Terms and Conditions. This benchmark is provided by the Swedish Financial Benchmark Facility (“**SFBF**”). As at the date of this Prospectus, the SFBF is included on the register of administrators and benchmarks maintained by the European Securities and Markets Authority (“**ESMA**”) pursuant to Article 36 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 (as amended, the EU Benchmarks Regulation).

### **Acceleration of the Bonds**

The Agent is entitled to, and shall following a demand in writing from a Holder (or Holders) representing at least fifty (50) per cent of the Adjusted Nominal Amount in accordance with the Terms and Conditions (i) by notice to the Issuer, declare all, but not some only, of the outstanding Bonds due and payable together with any other amounts payable under the Finance Documents, immediately or at such later date as the Agent determines, and (ii) exercise any or all of its rights, remedies, powers and discretions under the Finance Documents, if an Event of Default occurs under the Terms and Conditions. However, the Agent may not accelerate the Bonds in by reference to a specific Event of Default if it is no longer continuing or if it has been decided on a Holders Meeting or by way of a Written Procedure to waive such Event of Default (temporarily or permanently).

For further detail on the provisions for acceleration and prepayment of the Bonds, see Section 12 of the Terms and Conditions.

### **General undertakings**

The Issuer makes certain undertakings in the Terms and Conditions. These include undertakings and limitations relating to:

- (a) distributions;
- (b) admission to trading;
- (c) nature of business;
- (d) financial indebtedness;
- (e) negative pledge;
- (f) disposal of assets;
- (g) dealings with related parties;
- (h) compliance with laws, etc.;
- (i) intellectual property;
- (j) the Agency Agreement; and
- (k) the CSD,

some of which are elaborated on below. The undertakings are subject to qualifications. See Section 11 of the Terms and Conditions.

### **Distributions**

The Issuer shall not, and shall procure that none of its Subsidiaries will, (i) pay any dividend on shares, (ii) repurchase any of its own shares, (iii) redeem its share capital or other restricted equity with repayment to shareholders, (iv) repay principal or pay interest under any Capital Securities, or (v) make any other similar distributions or transfers of value (*värdeöverföringar*) to the Issuer’s, or its Subsidiaries’, direct and indirect shareholders or the Affiliates of such direct and indirect shareholders (items (i)–(v) above are together and individually referred to as a “**Restricted Payment**”).

Notwithstanding the above, a Restricted Payment may be made (A) by any Group Company to another Group Company, provided that if such payment is made by a Subsidiary which is not directly or indirectly wholly-owned by the Issuer, is made on a *pro rata* basis, (B) by the Issuer in respect of any interest under any Capital Securities, (C) by the Issuer in respect of any principal under any Capital Securities, to the extent it is financed by way of issuance of other Capital Securities or equity of any kind, or is permitted pursuant to sub-paragraph (E) below, (D) by the Issuer pursuant to any incentive programme approved by the general meeting, (E) by the Issuer if, at the time of the payment, paragraph (a) of the definition of “Incurrence Test” above is met (calculated on a *pro forma* basis including the relevant Restricted Payment), or (F) if and to the extent necessary to comply with mandatory provisions of the Swedish Companies Act relating to dividend distributions to minority shareholders, provided that, the Issuer in such case shall ensure that any such dividends shall be paid at the lowest level allowed by applicable law.

### **Admission to trading**

The Issuer intends to admit the Initial Bonds to trading on the corporate bond list of Nasdaq Stockholm or, if such admission to trading is not possible to obtain or maintain, admitted to trading on another Regulated Market within thirty (30) days after the First Issue Date. The Issuer shall in any event ensure that the Initial Bonds are admitted to trading on the corporate bond list of Nasdaq Stockholm or, if such admission to trading is not possible to obtain or maintain, admitted to trading on another Regulated Market, within twelve (12) months after the First Issue Date.

The Issuer intends to admit any Subsequent Bonds to trading on the relevant Regulated Market within thirty (30) days, and shall in any event ensure that they are so admitted to trading within sixty (60) days, after the relevant Issue Date. If any Subsequent Bonds are issued prior to the admission of trading of the Initial Bonds, such Subsequent Bonds shall be listed on the same date as the Initial Bonds.

Following an admission to trading the Issuer shall use its best efforts to maintain it for as long as any Bonds are outstanding, or if such admission to trading is not possible to obtain or maintain, admitted to trading on another Regulated Market. The Bonds are however not required to be admitted to trading on a Regulated Market from and including the last day on which the admission reasonably can, pursuant to the then applicable regulations of the Regulated Market and the CSD, subsist.

It is estimated that the Issuer’s costs in conjunction with the admission to trading will be no higher than SEK 150,000.

### **Financial Indebtedness**

The Issuer shall not, and shall procure that none of its Subsidiaries will, incur any new Financial Indebtedness or maintain or prolong any existing Financial Indebtedness, or increase the maximum commitment under any Permitted Revolving Capital Facility or Permitted Working Capital Facility, provided, however, that each of the Group Companies have a right to incur, maintain and prolong Financial Indebtedness, and increase the maximum commitment under any Permitted Revolving Capital Facility or Permitted Working Capital Facility, which constitute Permitted Debt.

For further details, see the definitions of Financial Indebtedness and Permitted Debt, respectively, in the Terms and Conditions.

### **Negative pledge**

The Issuer shall not, and shall procure that none of its Subsidiaries will, create or allow to subsist, retain, provide, prolong or renew any guarantee or Security over any of its/their assets (present or future), provided however that each of the Group Companies has the right to create or allow to subsist, retain, provide, prolong and renew any Permitted Security.

For further details, see the definition of Permitted Security in the Terms and Conditions.

### **Disposal of assets**

The Issuer shall not, and shall procure that none of its Subsidiaries will, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of shares in any Material Group Company or of all or substantially all of its or any Material Group Company’s assets or operations to any person not being the Issuer or any of its wholly-owned Subsidiaries, unless the transaction (taken as a whole also taking into account any transaction ancillary or related thereto) is carried out at fair market value and on terms and conditions customary for such transaction and provided that it does not have a Material Adverse Effect. The Issuer shall upon the reasonable request of the Agent, provide the Agent with any information relating to any such disposal being made.

### **Dealings with related parties**

The Issuer shall, and shall procure that its Subsidiaries, conduct all dealings with the direct and indirect shareholders of the Group Companies (excluding when such shareholder is another Group Company) and/or any Affiliates of such direct and indirect shareholders at arm's length terms.

### **Intellectual property**

The Issuer shall (and the Issuer shall procure that each other Group Company will) (a) preserve and maintain the subsistence and validity of the Intellectual Property necessary for the business of the relevant Group Company; (b) use reasonable endeavours to prevent any infringement in any material respect of the Intellectual Property; (c) make registrations and pay all registration fees and taxes necessary to maintain the Intellectual Property in full force and effect and record its interest in that Intellectual Property (in each case to the extent commercially reasonable and only in such jurisdictions the relevant Group Company deems relevant); (d) not use or permit the Intellectual Property to be used in a way or take any step or omit to take any step in respect of that Intellectual Property which may materially and adversely affect the existence or value of the Intellectual Property or imperil the right of any Group Company to use such property; and (e) not discontinue the use of the Intellectual Property, where failure to do so or such use, permission to use, omission or discontinuation (as applicable), has or is reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect.

### **Decisions by Holders**

A request by the Agent for a decision by the Holders on a matter relating to the Finance Documents shall (at the option of the Agent) be dealt with at a Holders' Meeting or by way of a Written Procedure.

Only a Holder, or a person who has been provided with a power of attorney or other authorisation pursuant to the Terms and Conditions from a Holder on the Record Date specified in the notice pursuant to the Terms and Conditions, in respect of a Holders' Meeting, or on the Record Date specified in the communication pursuant to the Terms and Conditions, in respect of a Written Procedure, may exercise voting rights as a Holder at such Holders' Meeting or in such Written Procedure, provided that the relevant Bonds are included in the Adjusted Nominal Amount.

A matter decided at a duly convened and held Holders' Meeting or by way of Written Procedure is binding on all Holders, irrespective of them being present or represented at the Holders' Meeting or responding in the Written Procedure. The Holders that have not adopted or voted for a decision shall not be liable for any damages that this may cause the Issuer or the other Holders.

Information about decisions taken at a Holders' Meeting or by way of a Written Procedure shall promptly be published on the websites of the Issuer and the Agent, provided that a failure to do so shall not invalidate any decision made or voting result achieved. The minutes from the relevant Holders' Meeting or Written Procedure shall at the request of a Holder be sent to it by the Issuer or the Agent, as applicable.

### **No direct action by Holders**

Subject to certain exemptions set out in the Terms and Conditions, a Holder may not take any steps whatsoever against the Issuer to enforce or recover any amount due or owing to it pursuant to the Finance Documents, or to initiate, support or procure the winding-up, dissolution, liquidation, company reorganisation (*företagsrekonstruktion*) or bankruptcy (*konkurs*) in any jurisdiction of any Group Company in relation to any of the obligations and liabilities of the Issuer under the Finance Documents. Such steps may only be taken by the Agent.

### **Time-Bar**

The right to receive repayment of the principal of the Bonds shall be time-barred and become void ten (10) years from the Redemption Date. The right to receive payment of interest (excluding any capitalised interest) shall be time-barred and become void three (3) years from the relevant due date for payment. The Issuer is entitled to any funds set aside for payments in respect of which the Holders' right to receive payment has been time-barred and has become void.

### **Governing law**

The Terms and Conditions, and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection therewith, shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of Sweden. The Issuer submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the City Court of Stockholm (*Stockholms tingsrätt*).

### **The CSD**

Euroclear Sweden, Swedish Reg. No. 556112-8074, P.O. Box 191, SE-101 23 Stockholm, Sweden, is initially acting as Central Securities Depository (CSD) and registrar in respect of the Bonds.

### **The Agent and the Agency Agreement**

CSC (Sweden) AB, Swedish Reg. No. 556625-5476, is initially acting as Agent on behalf of the Holders in accordance with the Terms and Conditions.

Pursuant to the Agency Agreement that was entered into before the First Issue Date between the Issuer and the Agent, the Agent has undertaken to represent the Holder subject to and in accordance with the Terms and Conditions and any other relevant Finance Documents. The Issuer has undertaken to, among other things, pay certain fees to the Agent.

### **The Issuing Agent**

Nordea Bank Abp, filial i Sverige, Swedish Reg. No. 516411-1683, is initially acting as Issuing Agent in accordance with the Terms and Conditions.

### **Use of proceeds**

The Issuer shall use the Net Proceeds from the issue of the Initial Bonds for general corporate purposes of the Group (including but not limited to refinancing of Existing Bonds with ISIN SE0020846624, refinancing, investments, acquisitions and earn-out payments). The Issuer shall use the Net Proceeds from the issue of any Subsequent Bonds for general corporate purposes, including but not limited to refinancing, investments, acquisitions and earn-out payments.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE ISSUER AND THE GROUP

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### About Stillfront

Stillfront is a global games company founded in 2010. Stillfront develops digital games for a diverse gaming audience and its broad games portfolio is enjoyed by almost 38 million monthly active players.

Headquartered in Stockholm, Sweden, Stillfront's game teams operate across the globe. Stillfront's professionals work in a collaborative and innovative environment that fosters creativity and long-term value creation. As of 1 January 2026, the Group operates as one operating segment. Previously, the organization was divided into three geographical business areas: Europe, North America, and MENA & APAC. In 2025, Stillfront had 1,163 average number of employees around the world and is headquartered in Stockholm, Sweden.

### History

The Issuer was incorporated in Stockholm, Sweden in 2006. In 2010, Stillfront merged with several companies, including Gamerock AB, Verrano AB and Coldwood Interactive, and was established in its current form with the vision of building a well-diversified portfolio of long lifecycle games by acquiring independent gaming studios and letting these operate independently within the same group. The consolidation process was completed in 2012, at which time operations in accordance with the current operating structure began. Stillfront has an active acquisition agenda and has since 2012 acquired e.g. Bytro Labs, Babil Games, Simutronics, eRepublik, Good Game Studios, Imperia Online, Playa Games, Kixeye, Candywriter, Nanobit, Everguild, Sandbox Interactive, Super Free Games, Moonfrog Labs, Jawaker and 6waves.

In December 2015, Stillfront's shares were listed on Nasdaq First North Growth Market. In June 2017, the listing was moved to Nasdaq First North Premier Growth Market. Since 26 May 2021, Stillfront's shares are listed on Nasdaq Stockholm under the ticker SF.

### Business idea and target group

The Group's gaming studios mainly develop, distribute and market free-to-play games. Free-to-play games enable the Group to develop games in an iterative fashion with a minor initial investment. The free-to-play segment is a data-driven, process-oriented business. The Group develops, tests, iterates and optimises its games in close collaboration with its users. Free-to-play games allow the user access to the game without paying for it. The revenues are generated through users making purchases in order to access new content and features, or by offering in-game advertising throughout the game's life time.

None of the Group's games include betting or gambling where one can win money or material prizes, and no in-game rewards/prizes are transferable outside the game and players are not allowed to transfer in-game items for monetary purposes. There are elements in some games where players can trade different in-game currencies for rewards in the game and, where applicable, the Group's games comply with Apple's and Google's guidelines regarding disclosing the probability of receiving randomised rewards.

Recurring income, at a low cost, is driven by the ability to retain users over a longer period. The Group's games usually have a long lifecycle, which can be extended through regular updates. Regular updates are made to the games in order to maintain and create new interest among users, so-called "live ops". By actively managing the portfolio and working systematically with live ops across the Group's markets, the Group can increase both user retention and revenue generation in the games.

Stillfront believes that the Group's high platform and marketing channel diversification paired with its broad game portfolio allows for dynamic allocation of user acquisition. As the Group's studios have games in different genres and in different markets, the Group can work actively with its allocation of marketing spend across the Group to make sure that investments are made in the games and the marketing channels that are yielding the best returns at any given point in time. As a result, the Group believes that it has been able to keep a high and stable level of spending on marketing for several years, without compromising on its strict payback requirements. Stillfront further believes that a combination of increased share of advertising revenues, lower dependency on 3<sup>rd</sup> party publishing, utilising the group purchasing power, standardising and simplifying certain operating procedures and systems, and focusing on product investments and on established game franchises will further strengthen the Group's profitability.

## Strategy and value creation

### Focusing resources on key franchises

Stillfront is moving away from managing a large tail of small, niche games to focusing on key franchises with the highest future potential. By concentrating investments on the most scalable franchises, the Group is sharpening its focus and efficiency in capital allocation, supporting the path back to organic growth.

### A data driven approach to game development

Developing, operating and scaling mobile games is an iterative and data-driven process. When Stillfront develops new games, the teams work with market tests and soft launches, where games are evaluated in an early phase with a real audience. This approach enables the Group to allocate new product investments to promising new games early in the development cycle, while iterating and improving game performance prior to a full launch.

### Disciplined investment in live operations

A key driver of the Group's revenue performance is the generation of recurring revenues at a low cost, achieved by retaining users over long periods. This is facilitated through live ops, the active process of updating and adding new content to titles to maintain high engagement and social interaction. Stillfront continues to make disciplined investments in its live ops capabilities to extend the lifetime value of players and ensure long-term profitability.

### Leveraging the high-margin direct-to-consumer channel

Stillfront believes that it has a strong strategic lever for maintaining strong margins through its direct-to-consumer ("DTC") payment channel. The players have increasingly opted to utilize Stillfront's webshop for in-game purchases, with the DTC channel reaching 41 per cent share of bookings for Stillfront-published games in 2025. This shift reduces the reliance on platforms and the typical 30 per cent commissions charged externally, and enables the Group to boost profit per user without needing new players.








### Game maker – cash generator

Stillfront is no longer growing by being a forward-leaning aggregator, but is instead working to deliver a path back to organic growth by being an efficient operator of established, high-loyalty gaming communities. Stillfront has a track record of delivering strong free cash flows, which have historically been utilized towards settling earn-out obligations, deleveraging and undertaking share buy-backs. The Group's existing earn-out obligations conclude in 2027, setting the scene for further deleveraging and the opportunity to allocate capital more effectively.

## Operating model and key franchises

Since 1 January 2026, Stillfront operates under one operating segment. This change was made to better reflect the Group's strategy and operational management, with an increased focus on the performance of the Group's key franchises. Franchises are supported by global games services deployed in collaboration with local studios with services including ad monetization, DTC payments, data, analytics, IT security as well as administrative functions.

Stillfront's key franchises are set forth below.

<p><b>Jawaker</b></p> <p><b>Genre:</b> Social card &amp; board games</p> <p><b>Core characteristics:</b> A leading social platform and super app in the MENA region, hosting an extensive ecosystem of traditional Middle Eastern card and board games.</p> <p><b>Current development:</b> Strong community features including chats, clubs, and tournaments.</p> <p><b>2025 revenue:</b> 893 MSEK</p> <p><b>2025 organic growth:</b> 21%</p> 	<p><b>Supremacy</b></p> <p><b>Genre:</b> Grand Strategy/ Historical simulation</p> <p><b>Core characteristics:</b> Real-time strategy games set in historical eras. Games are slow-paced and can last for weeks or months, emphasizing long-term diplomacy and resource planning.</p> <p><b>Current development:</b> Modernizing game visuals and performance, ensuring the franchise stays relevant for a new generation of strategy players. The game Warhammer 40,000 is the next title pending launch.</p> <p><b>2025 revenue:</b> 880 MSEK</p> <p><b>2025 organic growth:</b> 8%</p> 	<p><b>BitLife</b></p> <p><b>Genre:</b> Life simulation (text-based)</p> <p><b>Core characteristics:</b> A unique, narrative-driven simulator where players navigate life choices from birth to death. Renowned for its humor and the unexpected situations that players can experience.</p> <p><b>Current development:</b> Expanding LiveOps including "Seasons" monthly events feature, building tools to accelerate content development, and optimizing early gameplay systems to increase retention.</p> <p><b>2025 revenue:</b> 485 MSEK</p> <p><b>2025 organic growth:</b> -17%</p> 	<p><b>BIG</b></p> <p><b>Genre:</b> Resource management, simulation</p> <p><b>Core characteristics:</b> An established franchise encompassing farming and other resource management games. Players manage a complex ecosystem of e.g. crops, livestock, and processing facilities.</p> <p><b>Current development:</b> Recent expansion with a successful launch of Big Farm: Homestead, which added a strong narrative layer and higher-fidelity graphics to the established formula. This follows the prior successful launch of Sunshine Island.</p> <p><b>2025 revenue:</b> 415 MSEK</p> <p><b>2025 organic growth:</b> 10%</p> 
<p><b>Empire</b></p> <p><b>Genre:</b> Mid-core strategy</p> <p><b>Core characteristics:</b> A classic castle-builder where players manage resources, build armies, and engage in vast PvP alliances. One of the most successful German-produced games of all time.</p> <p><b>Current development:</b> Leveraging high player longevity; many users have been active for over a decade. Focusing on deep social mechanics and competitive meta-games. Deep AI integration in new game development.</p> <p><b>2025 revenue:</b> 389 MSEK</p> <p><b>2025 organic growth:</b> -13%</p> 	<p><b>Albion</b></p> <p><b>Genre:</b> Sandbox MMORPG</p> <p><b>Core characteristics:</b> Known for its 100% player-driven economy where all players interact on one server. The story develops by the players themselves navigating through great alliances, wars and coups in a lawless land.</p> <p><b>Current development:</b> Continued expansion of cross-platform mode (PC and mobile) with planned console launch.</p> <p><b>2025 revenue:</b> 358 MSEK</p> <p><b>2025 organic growth:</b> -16%</p> 	<p><b>Board</b></p> <p><b>Genre:</b> Casual board &amp; classic games</p> <p><b>Core characteristics:</b> Familiar, universally understood rules with a heavy emphasis on PvP matchmaking. Includes major titles like Ludo Club and Teen Patti Gold and has its core user base in India.</p> <p><b>Current development:</b> Continued focus on expansion leveraging high social engagement and benefiting from lower user acquisition costs.</p> <p><b>2025 revenue:</b> 271 MSEK</p> <p><b>2025 organic growth:</b> 20%</p> 	<p><b>Other Games</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Games that are too small to warrant key franchise status, but may grow into becoming one.</li> <li>Games that do not meet the definition of a key franchise but generate stable, long-term cash flows.</li> <li>Other games and revenue streams that are in decline or under review.</li> <li>Pockets of new innovation initiatives.</li> </ul> <p><b>2025 revenue:</b> 2,018 MSEK</p> <p><b>2025 organic growth:</b> -27%</p>

## Studios

The Group operates through 16 studios, which apply three different business models:

1. **Proprietary development and publishing** – Game development is financed internally, which enables retained intellectual property rights and value creation. The investment risk is mitigated by the use of game engines, as the investment per game reduces for every new game released on the same game engine. The revenue model is free-to-play with revenue generation through in-game purchases and advertising. Proprietary development and publishing is the business model most commonly used in the Group's operations.
2. **Partnership development and publishing** – Development and publishing are carried out in collaboration with a global publisher, such as Sony or EA, who obtains the intellectual property rights of the game but finances the development, marketing and distribution. The absence of investments in the development, marketing and distribution reduces the risk for the Group while the loss of intellectual property rights limits the upside. The revenue model is based on contracting fees with royalty participation on sold copies.
3. **Adaptation and publishing** – Adaptation and publishing do not entail game development, but localised adaptation of games from external developers to meet the requirements of a certain market. The adaptations are attributable to language, graphics and in some cases also the addition of social features. Revenues are generated through a free-to-play model with in-game purchase options.

The Group's studios are set forth below.

- **Goodgame Studios** develops mobile and browser-based strategy games, and generates revenue through a free-to-play model with in-game purchase options and advertising. Goodgame Studios also includes *OFM Studios*, which develops and publishes mobile and browser-based social sports management games, and generates revenue primarily through a free-to-play model with game purchase options and advertising.
- **New Moon Production** develops and publishes games on various platforms, such as Big Farm: Mobile Harvest and generates revenue through a free-to-play model with in-game purchase options and advertising.
- **Nanobit** develops and publishes mobile games with a focus on lifestyle and simulation role-playing, targeting a female audience. Revenue is generated through in-game purchase options and advertising.
- **Candywriter** develops and publishes mobile and "mash-up" games. The revenue generated is primarily from advertising and in-game purchases.
- **Moonfrog Labs** develops and publishes social card and board games, such as Teen Patti Gold and Ludo Club. Revenue is generated through in-game purchase options and advertising.
- **Jawaker** focuses on board and card games, as well as other popular games specific to the MENA region.
- **Playa Games** is active within browser-based and mobile games, and generates revenue through a free-to-play model with in-game purchase options.
- **eRepublik Labs** develops mobile and browser-based strategy games, and generates revenue through a free-to-play model with in-game purchase options and advertising.
- **Sandbox Interactive** develops and publishes the cross-platform free-to-play Sandbox massive multiplayer online role-playing game (MMORPG)<sup>1</sup>, Albion Online.
- **Simutronics** is a multi-platform developer and publisher, covering a wide range of genres.
- **Kixeye** creates, develops and publishes strategy games for PC and mobile devices, and generates revenue through a free-to-play model with in-game purchase options.
- **Storm8** develops and publishes mobile mash-up games, and generates revenue through a free-to-play model with in-game purchase options and online advertising.

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<sup>1</sup> Massive multiplayer online role-playing game (MMORPG) is a genre of online role-playing games where a large number of players interact with each other's in a virtual world.

- **Babil Games** primarily focuses on adapting and publishing mobile games for the Arabic speaking population. Babil Games adapts games from external developers to the specific requirements of the Arabic speaking population, including the adaptation of language, graphics and in some cases the addition of specific social features. Revenues are generated through a free-to-play model with in-game purchase options.
- **Imperia Online** develops mobile and browser-based strategy games, and generates revenue through a free-to-play model with in-game purchase options and advertising. Imperia Online also includes *Everguild*, which develops and publishes cross-platform games, with a focus on the digital Collectible Card Games (CCC) genre.
- **6waves** develops and publishes mobile games, primarily focused on the Japanese market. Revenue is generated through a free-to-play model with in-game purchase options and advertising.
- **Twin Harbour** (including *Bytro Labs* and *Dorado Games*), develops and publishes mobile and browser-based strategy games, and generates revenue through a free-to-play model with in-game purchase options and advertising.

## Channels

The Issuer's games are predominantly within the free-to-play segment. The free-to-play model has dominated the browser game market as well as the mobile segment for years. Free-to-play games allow players free access to games, as opposed to premium games which must be paid for prior to being played. The free-to-play business model relies upon different usage levels. The majority of the users are non-paying users, but can still be very dedicated to the game and generate, among other things, revenue through in-game advertising in several of the games. The vast majority of the paying users spend small amounts to unlock extra features or purchase digital currency to use within the game, while a smaller majority are very dedicated and spend more, both in time and money, on their favourite games.

Stillfront reports group bookings where Stillfront acts as the publisher in three categories: Ad bookings, 3<sup>rd</sup> party stores, and Direct-to-consumer (DTC).

- **Advertising** – Advertising bookings are bookings generated from selling advertising in Stillfront's games. During 2025, ad bookings amounted to 12 per cent of bookings where Stillfront acts as the publisher.
- **3<sup>rd</sup> party stores** – Bookings from 3<sup>rd</sup> party stores are defined as bookings from purchases on external platforms such as App Store, Google Play Store, Steam and Microsoft Store. During 2025, bookings from 3<sup>rd</sup> party stores amounted to 48 per cent of bookings where Stillfront acts as the publisher.
- **Direct-to-consumer (DTC)** – DTC primarily consists of bookings generated from Stillfront's own internal proprietary payment platforms. Payment processing fees and other related expenses for in-app purchases are significantly lower in Stillfront's proprietary channels compared to 3<sup>rd</sup> party stores. The category also includes bookings from reseller networks. During 2025, Stillfront's share of DTC bookings amounted to 41 per cent of the total bookings where Stillfront acts as the publisher.

The Group's games are distributed globally, although its main markets are the United States, the United Kingdom, Germany, Canada and the Middle East and North Africa ("MENA") region. The table below set outs the Group's bookings split by region. The bookings split is based on assumed location of gamers based on IP address or similar.

%	2025
Europe	33
Asia	25
North America	37
South America	3
Africa	1
Oceania	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>100</b>

## Intellectual property rights and patent

The Group owns a number of trademarks, copyrights, domain names, source codes and other intellectual property rights, which are deemed to be material for its business. The Group also uses various software through licensing agreements. The Group primarily secures ownership and its right to use intellectual property rights through registrations and license agreements.

The Issuer's strategy is to register trademarks in relevant jurisdictions for all material game titles. Among other things, the Issuer has registered the STILLFRONT trademark in the register of European Union trademarks. In addition, Stillfront Group has registered the trademark STILLFRONT in the international register of trademarks maintained under the Madrid Agreement and the Protocol.

The Group strives to work actively in protecting its intellectual property rights in the jurisdictions in which the Group conducts operations. This is ensured, among other things, through registration of intellectual property rights, continuous monitoring and that the Group takes legal action when deemed necessary. The Issuer assesses that the Group holds the essential intellectual property rights required for its operations.

See also *"The Group may have inadequate intellectual property protection, be prevented from protecting its intellectual property rights and may risk infringing on third party intellectual property rights"* in the section *"Risk factors"*.

## Vision, financial targets, dividend policy and emission reduction targets

### Vision

Stillfront's vision is to forge gaming's next forever franchises, one community at a time.

### Financial targets

Stillfront's financial targets were announced on 15 February 2023 and consist of three targets related to growth, profitability and leverage, respectively.

Stillfront's target for growth is to reach an annual organic revenue growth above addressed market (supported by selective and accretive M&A). Stillfront's addressed market is defined as the global mobile games market excluding China.

Stillfront's target for profitability is to reach an annual adjusted EBITDAC margin in the range 26-29 per cent. Stillfront's adjusted EBITDAC is defined as profit before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation, less capitalised product development, adjusted for items affecting comparability.

Stillfront's target for leverage is that the net debt/adjusted EBITDA pro forma-ratio should not exceed 2.0x (including cash earnouts next 12 months). Stillfront's leverage ratio is defined as net interest-bearing debt, including short-term cash earnout payments, in relation to the last twelve months' Adjusted EBITDA pro forma. Stillfront may, under certain circumstances, choose to exceed this level during shorter time periods.

***The above financial targets constitute forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements do not constitute a guarantee of future results or developments and the actual outcomes could differ significantly from what is stated in the forward-looking statements. See "Forward-looking statements" in the section "Important information".***

### Dividend policy

When cash flow exceeds what Stillfront can invest in profitable expansion over the long-term and funding of potential share repurchase program(s) to cover contingent earn-out liabilities, Stillfront aims to distribute such surplus to shareholders in the form of dividends and/or repurchase of its own shares. Decisions on proposed dividend/share repurchase program(s) will consider Stillfront's financial position and prevailing economic and operational conditions.

### Emission reduction targets

Stillfront commits to reducing absolute scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions by 42 per cent by 2030, with 2022 as the base year. Stillfront also commits to reduce scope 3 GHG emissions by 51.6 per cent within the same timeframe. Stillfront's largest climate footprint lies within scope 3, which contain Stillfront's users' emissions when playing its games, as well as emissions from digital marketing.

In February 2024, Stillfront's targets for reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions were validated by the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)<sup>2</sup> as aligned with the latest climate science and consistent with the goals of the Paris Agreement. Stillfront committed to set targets in line with SBTi's criteria in December 2022 and submitted the new targets for validation in June 2023.

## Alternative and operational performance measures

In this section, the Issuer presents selected financial and operational performance measures, including measures that have not been defined in accordance with IFRS. The Issuer assesses that the alternative performance measures complement performance measures defined by IFRS and are used by management to evaluate the financial performance and in so believed to give analysts and other stakeholders valuable information. However, the alternative performance measures are not necessarily comparable with performance measures from other companies and have certain limitations as an analysis tool. Accordingly, the alternative performance measures should not be considered separately from, or as a substitute for, the Group's financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS. Key measures presented in this section have been derived from Stillfront's financial reports and internal management accounts and have not been audited or reviewed by the Issuer's auditor.

### Alternative performance measures

SEK million (unless otherwise stated)	2025	2024	Jan-Mar 2026	Jan-Mar 2025
Adjusted EBITDA	2,087	2,256	425	534
Adjusted EBITDA margin, %	37	33	32	35
Adjusted EBITDAC	1,580	1,658	311	402
Adjusted EBITDAC margin, %	28	25	23	26
Adjusted interest coverage ratio, pro forma, x	6.20	5.76	6.18	6.32
Adjusted leverage ratio, pro forma, x	1.80	1.81	1.96	1.66
Adjusted leverage ratio incl. NTM cash earnout payments, pro forma, x	2.02	2.10	2.22	1.93
Free cash flow, last twelve months	922	1,050	772	1,107
Organic growth, %	-10.2	-2.5	-0.4	-11.8

### Definitions of alternative performance measures

Alternative performance measures	Definition	Reason for use
Adjusted EBITDA	EBIT before depreciation, amortization and write-downs adjusted for items affecting comparability.	Used to evaluate the underlying profitability of Stillfront and to calculate Leverage.
Adjusted EBITDA margin	Adjusted EBITDA divided by net revenues.	Used to evaluate the underlying profitability of Stillfront.
Adjusted EBITDAC	Adjusted EBITDA less capitalized product development.	Used to evaluate the underlying profitability of Stillfront.
Adjusted EBITDAC margin	Adjusted EBITDAC divided by net revenues.	Used to evaluate the underlying profitability of Stillfront.
Adjusted interest coverage ratio, pro forma	Adjusted EBITDA, pro forma, divided by net financial items excluding revaluation of provision for earnouts and interest on earnout consideration (last twelve months).  With adjusted EBITDA pro forma, pro forma refers to adjusted EBITDA where acquired units have been included from beginning of the accounting period.	Used to assess Stillfront's capability of covering its financial expenses.
Adjusted leverage ratio, pro forma	Net debt in relation to the last twelve months' adjusted EBITDA, pro forma.	Used to determine how many years it would take to repay the

<sup>2</sup> The Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) is a global body enabling businesses to set ambitious emissions reductions targets in line with the latest climate science. It is focused on accelerating companies across the world to halve emissions before 2030 and achieve net-zero emissions before 2050. The initiative is a collaboration between CDP, the United Nations Global Compact, World Resources Institute (WRI) and the World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF) and one of the We Mean Business Coalition commitments. [www.sciencebasedtargets.org](http://www.sciencebasedtargets.org).

Alternative performance measures	Definition	Reason for use
	Net debt refers to interest-bearing liabilities, including the book value of equity swaps and currency derivatives, minus cash and cash equivalents. Provisions for earnouts are not considered interest bearing in this context.	company's debt with its current profitability.
Adjusted leverage ratio, including NTM cash earnout, pro forma	Net debt, including cash earnout payments for the next twelve months, in relation to the last twelve months' adjusted EBITDA, pro forma.	Used to determine how many years it would take to repay the company's debt with its current profitability. Included among the financial covenants under Stillfront's revolving credit facility.
Free cash flow	Cash flow from operating activities minus purchase of intangible assets and cash outflow from lease agreements (last twelve months)	Measure of cash flow available for investments and repayments of loans.
Organic growth	Change in consolidated net revenues, excluding the translation impact of changed currency exchange rates and acquisitions. Net revenues in acquired operations are considered as acquired growth during twelve months from the acquisition date. The impact of pausing operations in Bangladesh is excluded from the measure.	The organic growth is a measure of the development of Stillfront's existing operations that the company management has the opportunity to influence.
Items affecting comparability	Significant income statement items that are not included in the Group's normal recurring operations and which distort the comparison between the periods, including transaction costs for M&A and costs for long-term incentive programs.	Items affecting comparability are specified because they are difficult to predict and have low forecast value for the Group's future earnings trend.

## Reconciliation tables for alternative performance measures

### *Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, Adjusted EBITDAC and Adjusted EBITDAC margin*

SEK million	2025	2024	Jan–Mar 2026	Jan–Mar 2025
Operating profit	-1,744	-6,455	190	137
Amortisation of PPA items	617	682	82	162
Other amortisation and depreciation	813	861	135	212
Comparison disturbing impairment of goodwill	1,884	6,867	–	–
Comparison disturbing impairment of PPA items	374	–	–	–
Comparison disturbing amortisation	69	190	–	–
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>2,013</b>	<b>2,145</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>510</b>
Items affecting comparability	74	111	18	24
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>2,087</b>	<b>2,256</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>534</b>
Capitalisation of product development	-507	-598	-114	-132
<b>Adjusted EBITDAC</b>	<b>1,580</b>	<b>1,658</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>402</b>
Net revenues	5,710	6,737	1,333	1,545
<b>Adjusted EBITDA margin, %</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>35</b>
<b>Adjusted EBITDAC margin, %</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>26</b>

**Adjusted interest coverage ratio, pro forma**

<b>SEK million</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>Jan–Mar 2026</b>	<b>Jan–Mar 2025</b>
Adjusted EBITDA last twelve months, pro forma	2,087	2,256	1,978	2,274
Net financial items last twelve months	649	895	587	872
Total items affecting comparability affecting financial items last twelve months	-266	-448	-227	-457
Interest on earnout consideration affecting financial items last twelve months	-46	-56	-41	-55
	<b>337</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>360</b>
<b>Adjusted interest coverage ratio, pro forma, x</b>	<b>6.20</b>	<b>5.76</b>	<b>6.18</b>	<b>6.32</b>

**Adjusted leverage ratio, pro forma and Adjusted leverage ratio, including NTM cash earnout, pro forma**

<b>SEK million</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>Jan–Mar 2026</b>	<b>Jan–Mar 2025</b>
<b>Net debt</b>				
Bond loans	2,835	2,829	2,836	2,831
Liabilities to credit institutions	984	1,376	959	1,210
Term loan	649	688	656	650
Equity swap	22	22	22	22
Currency derivatives	-42	134	56	6
Cash and cash equivalents	-701	-957	-646	-934
<b>Net debt</b>	<b>3,747</b>	<b>4,093</b>	<b>3,884</b>	<b>3,784</b>
Cash earnout next twelve months	474	643	497	594
<b>Total net debt incl. cash earn out NTM</b>	<b>4,222</b>	<b>4,736</b>	<b>4,381</b>	<b>4,379</b>

**Adjusted EBITDA, pro forma**

Adjusted EBITDA, last twelve months	2,087	2,256	1,978	2,274
EBITDA acquired companies	–	–	–	–
<b>Adjusted EBITDA last twelve months, pro forma</b>	<b>2,087</b>	<b>2,256</b>	<b>1,978</b>	<b>2,274</b>

<b>Adjusted leverage ratio, pro forma, x</b>	<b>1.80</b>	<b>1.81</b>	<b>1.96</b>	<b>1.66</b>
<b>Adjusted leverage ratio incl. NTM cash earnout, pro forma, x</b>	<b>2.02</b>	<b>2.10</b>	<b>2.22</b>	<b>1.93</b>

**Free cash flow**

<b>SEK million</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>Jan–Mar 2026</b>	<b>Jan–Mar 2025</b>
Cash flow from operations (last twelve months)	1,469	1,687	1,299	1,719
Cash outflow lease agreements (last twelve months)	-41	-39	-39	-41
Purchase of intangible assets (last twelve months)	-507	-598	-488	-572
<b>Free cash flow (last twelve months)</b>	<b>922</b>	<b>1,050</b>	<b>772</b>	<b>1,107</b>

**Organic growth**

<b>%</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>Jan–Mar 2026</b>	<b>Jan–Mar 2025</b>
Changes relating to currency effects	-4.9	-1.0	-9.9	0.8
Organic growth	-10.2	-2.5	-0.4	-11.8
Other change	-0.2	-0.1	-3.4	-0.1
<b>Reported growth total business</b>	<b>-15.3</b>	<b>-3.5</b>	<b>-13.7</b>	<b>-11.2</b>

**Items affecting comparability**

SEK million	2025	2024	Jan–Mar 2026	Jan–Mar 2025
<b>Revenue</b>				
Other	–	8	–	–
<b>Costs</b>				
Restructuring costs	-44	-90	-4	-14
Long term incentive programme	-14	-23	-4	-8
Other costs	-16	-6	-9	-2
<b>Total items affecting comparability affecting EBITDA</b>	<b>-74</b>	<b>-111</b>	<b>-18</b>	<b>-24</b>
<b>Financial income</b>				
Revaluation of earnouts last twelve months	–	–	40	–
Other last twelve months	–	–	–	–
<b>Financial costs</b>				
Revaluation of earnouts last twelve months	-266	-368	-266	-368
Other last twelve months	–	-80	–	-90
<b>Total items affecting comparability affecting financial items last twelve months</b>	<b>-266</b>	<b>-448</b>	<b>-227</b>	<b>-457</b>

**Operational performance measures**

	Q1 24 <sup>1)</sup>	Q2 24 <sup>1)</sup>	Q3 24 <sup>1)</sup>	Q4 24 <sup>1)</sup>	Q1 25	Q2 25	Q3 25	Q4 25	Q1 26
ARPDau (SEK)	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1
DAU (million)	10.2	9.2	8.6	8.1	7.8	7.3	7.1	6.7	7.0
MAU (million)	54.8	49.5	47.1	44.0	41.3	39.8	37.7	35.1	35.5

<sup>1)</sup> Prior to 2025, ARPDau, DAU and MAU included games within the active portfolio. From Q1 2025, ARPDau, DAU and MAU include all Stillfront games excluding External partnerships and other since Stillfront does not have user data and does not act as the publisher for these games. As a result, 2024 figures have been restated using the new methodology.

**Definitions of operational performance measures**

Operational performance measures	Definition	Reason for use
ARPDau	Average revenue per daily active user in the active portfolio. Revenue here refers to Bookings. Bookings refer to revenue before changes in deferred revenue, including deposits from paying users, in-game advertising revenue and other game-related revenue.	Used to assess the underlying development of Stillfront's games.
DAU	Average daily active unique users.	Used to assess the underlying development of Stillfront's games.
MAU	Average monthly active unique users.	Used to assess the underlying development of Stillfront's games.

## THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, GROUP EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT AND AUDITORS

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### Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of the Issuer consists of six members elected by the general meeting, which are presented below and whose terms run up and including the Annual General Meeting to be held on 13 May 2026. The Nomination Committee ahead of the Annual General Meeting 2026 has proposed that Lars-Johan Jarnheimer, Erik Forsberg, Mohammad Alhaj Hasan, Waleed Tuffaha and Thomas Vollmoeller be re-elected as board members and that Nezahat Gultekin be elected as new board member. The Nomination Committee has further proposed the re-election of Lars-Johan Jarnheimer and Erik Forsberg as Chair and deputy Chair of the Board of Directors, respectively.

#### Lars-Johan Jarnheimer

*Born 1960. Board member since 2024, Chair of the Board of Directors since 2026.*

**Education:** B.Sc. in Business Administration and Economics from Lund and Växjö University.

**Former positions, selection:** Chair of the board Egmont International Holdings AS, Qliro Group, BRIS and Eniro AB, board member SAS AB, Millicom International Cellular S.A, MTG Modern Times Group AB, Nelly NLY AB, Invik and Apoteket AB. CEO Tele2, deputy CEO Industriförvaltnings AB Kinnevik and various positions within H&M.

**Other significant professional commitments:** Chair of the board Telia Company AB, Ingka Holding B.V (IKEA), Elite Hotels, Haypp group and Grimaldi Industries, board member Arvid Nordquist HAB.

#### Erik Forsberg

*Born 1971. Board member since 2018, deputy Chair of the Board of Directors since 2026.*

**Education:** M.Sc. Business and Administration, Stockholm School of Economics.

**Former positions, selection:** CFO Intrum AB, CFO Cision AB and Business Area CFO, Group Treasurer and Business Controller EF Education.

**Other significant professional commitments:** Chair of the board Satellite Group (Satellite MidCo AB) and Collectia Group (Care Bidco Aps DK), board member Viaplay Group AB (publ), Enento Group Plc and Serafim Finans, board member and owner Deltalite AB.

#### Maria Hedengren

*Born 1970. Board member since 2024.*

**Education:** Studies in Accounting and Financing, Business Administration, University of Gothenburg.

**Former positions, selection:** CEO Readly International AB (publ), CFO iZettle AB and NetEnt AB (publ), Chair of the board Her Company AB, board member and chair of the audit committee Fishbrain AB, board member and member of the audit committee NetEnt AB (publ) and board member Swedish Esports Federation.

**Other significant professional commitments:** Chair of the board Feminvest Holding AB and subsidiaries, board member and member of the audit committee Mips AB, board member and chair of the audit committee Scila AB, Hemnet AB and Smart Eye AB, advisory board member and senior advisor STJ Advisors and Venture Partner Eight Roads Venture.

#### Mohammad Alhaj Hasan

*Born 1981. Board member since 2026.*

**Education:** BSc, Management Science, Finance and Economics from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Joint MBA/MA in Education from Stanford University.

**Former positions, selection:** Board member Capital Bank. VP of Quantitative Analysis at Rasmala Investments. Financial Analyst at Dresdner Kleinwort Wasserstein M&A in New York, NY. Founder of both Jawaker and ZenHR (previously Akhtaboot).

**Other significant professional commitments:** Current CEO Jawaker (a Stillfront company). Managing Director Knuth Capital LLC FZ (major Stillfront owner). Board member ZenHR (recruitment software).

### **Waleed Tuffaha**

*Born 1986. Board member since 2026.*

**Education:** Electrical Engineering, University of Jordan.

**Former positions, selection:** Software Engineer at BoundlessDrop/Jawaker.

**Other significant professional commitments:** CTO/General Manager of Jawaker, Partner at Knuth Capital LLC FZ.

### **Thomas Vollmoeller, Dr.**

*Born 1960. Board member since 2026.*

**Education:** Ph.D in International Business from University of St. Gallen. MBA in Economics from University of Hohenheim, Germany.

**Former positions, selection:** CEO New Work SE, CEO Valora AG, member of the executive board at Tchibo GmbH, and consultant at McKinsey & Co.

**Other significant professional commitments:** Chair of the board eDreams ODIGEO S.A. and Ravensburger AG, board member Franz Haniel & Cie. GmbH, Conrad Electronic Group and Stiftung Mercator.

## **Group Executive Management**

The Group Executive Management currently consists of a team of six members.

### **Alexis Bonte**

*Born 1976. Group President & CEO since 2024. Member of the Group Executive Management since 2019 (previously EVP Group COO (Chief Operational Officer)).*

**Education:** BA Honors Degree International Business & Languages, European Business School, London, Global Leadership and Public Policy, Harvard University, Transformational Leadership Program University of Oxford / Said Business School.

**Former positions, selection:** Co-founder and CEO eRepublik Labs, various positions at lastminute.com: Head of Business Development, UK, Marketing and Sales Director, France and MD, Italy.

### **Emily Villatte**

*Born 1981. Group CFO. Member of the Group Executive Management since 2025.*

**Education:** M.Sc. Industrial Engineering & Management, Lund University and CPA, CPA Australia.

**Former positions, selection:** CFO Acast, CFO Northern Europe, COO Northern Europe of the JLT group.

### **Armin Busen**

*Born 1978. EVP Business Area Europe since 2025. Member of the Group Executive Management since 2024 (previously SVP Business Operations).*

**Education:** Master of Economics from Maastricht University, Product Innovation Program of Harvard Business School, Emerging CFO Program of Stanford University Graduate School of Business.

**Former positions, selection:** Chief Product Officer InnoGames, CFO InnoGames, Finance and business development ProSiebenSat.1.

### **Todd Heringer**

*Born 1972. EVP Business Area North America. Member of the Group Executive Management since 2025.*

**Education:** DB.A., Business & Economics, University of California, Santa Barbara.

**Former positions, selection:** SVP Head of Operations, Big Fish Games, Head of Studio, Backflip Studios, Senior VP, GSN Games.

**Phillip Knust**

*Born 1988. EVP Group CPO (Chief Product Officer). Member of the Group Executive Management since 2019.*

**Education:** Data processing, EPS Lübeck, Computer Science, TH Lübeck.

**Former positions, selection:** CPO Goodgame Studios. Creative founder of EMPIRE and BIG brand.

**Kieran O'Leary**

*Born 1988. EVP Growth & Operations. Member of the Group Executive Management since 2025.*

**Education:** Masters in Management, ESCP Business School.

**Former positions, selection:** CRO Gameloft, COO Rovio and VP Marketing Rovio.

**Auditors**

Öhrlings PricewaterhouseCoopers AB (Torsgatan 21, SE-113 21 Stockholm, Sweden) has been the Issuer's auditor since the Annual General Meeting held on 9 May 2019 and was re-elected at the Annual General Meeting held on 14 May 2025 for the period until the end of the Annual General Meeting 2026. Nicklas Kullberg (born 1970) is the auditor in charge. Nicklas Kullberg is an authorised public accountant and member of FAR, the professional institute for authorised public accountants in Sweden.

**Business address**

The address for all Board members and members of the Group Executive Management is c/o the Issuer, Sveavägen 21, SE-111 34 Stockholm, Sweden.

**Conflicts of interest**

Certain Board members and members of the Group Executive Management hold shares, warrants and/or employee stock options in the Issuer. In addition, the Board members Mohammad Alhaj Hasan and Waleed Tuffaha are, in their capacity as sellers of Jawaker, entitled to certain earnout payments for the financial years 2025 and 2026 related to the Group's acquisition of Jawaker. Apart from this, as far as the Board of Directors is aware, there are no conflicts of interest between the duties of the Board members or the members of the Group Executive Management in respect of the Issuer and their private interests and/or other duties.

## LEGAL CONSIDERATIONS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### General corporate information

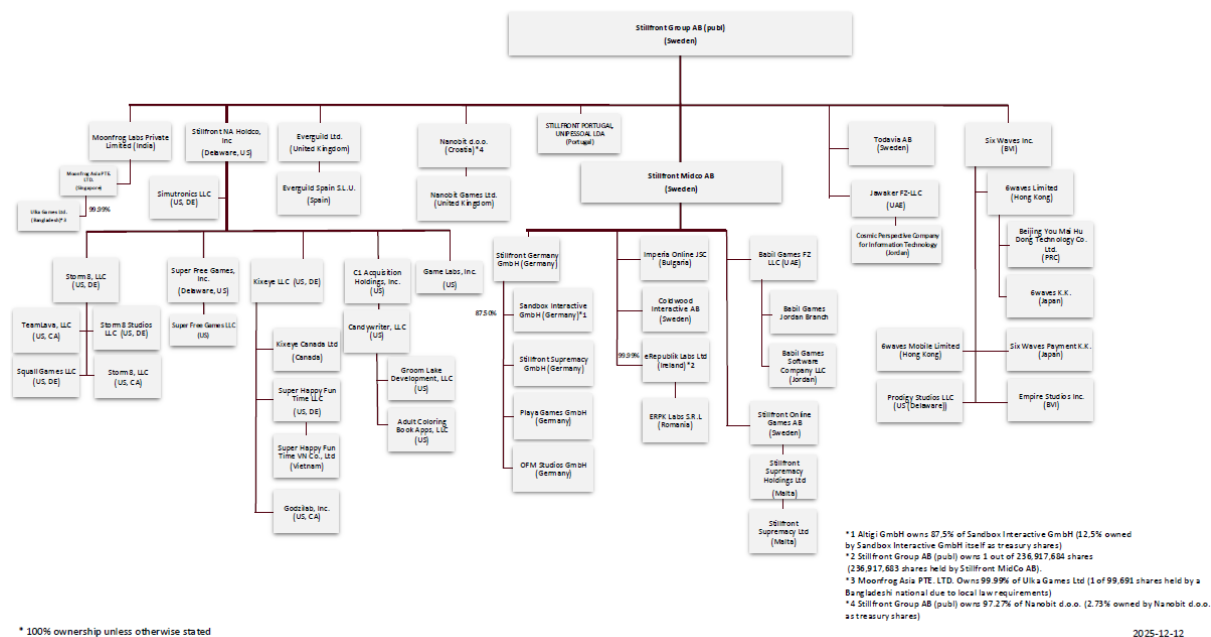
The Issuer's legal and commercial name is Stillfront Group AB (publ) with Swedish Reg. No. 556721-3078 and Legal Entity Identified (LEI) Code 529900SYKCO4GYBTIJ54. The registered office is Sveavägen 21, SE-111 34 Stockholm, Sweden. The telephone number of the Issuer is +46 708 116 430. The Issuer was incorporated in Sweden on 2 November 2006 and registered with the Swedish Registration Office (*Bolagsverket*) on 22 January 2007. The Issuer is a public limited liability company (*publikt aktiebolag*) regulated by the Swedish Companies Act (*aktiebolagslagen (2005:551)*). The Issuer's website is [www.stillfront.com](http://www.stillfront.com). The information on the website does not form part of this Prospectus unless that information is incorporated by reference into this Prospectus.

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, the share capital in the Issuer shall be not less than SEK 18,900,000 and not more than SEK 75,600,000, and the number of shares shall be not less than 270,000,000 shares and not more than 1,080,000,000. As of the date of this Prospectus, the Issuer's registered share capital was SEK 36,257,793.6 and its registered number of shares was 517,968,480 shares. Each share has a quota value of SEK 0.07.

The Issuer's shares have been listed on Nasdaq Stockholm since 26 May 2021 and was before that, since 2015, listed on Nasdaq First North Stockholm (current Nasdaq First North Growth Market), and since 2017 on the premier segment of First North Premier, under the ticker SF.

### Organisation and Group structure

The Issuer is the parent company of the Group. In addition to the Issuer, the Group consists of 55 subsidiaries distributed over 16 studios.<sup>3</sup> Set out below are the Group's subsidiaries and the ownership structure of such subsidiaries.



The Group's operations are conducted through the subsidiaries and the Issuer is therefore dependent upon receipt of sufficient income arising from the operations of the other Group Companies. The Issuer is primarily engaged in group-wide tasks, such as providing financing to the subsidiaries within the Group and M&A activities. Stillfront Midco AB is a holding company for some of the operating subsidiaries within the Group. Todavía AB is a subsidiary owned directly by the Issuer and has been formed for the sole purpose of holding the warrants issued by the Issuer. Other subsidiaries of the Issuer are operating subsidiaries or subsidiary groups (gaming studios). All subsidiaries are effectively 100 per cent owned except for Moonfrog Labs Private Limited (98 per

<sup>3</sup> Ulka Games Limited is dormant and has been de-consolidated from the Group's accounts.

cent ownership). Stillfront has a right and an obligation to acquire 100 per cent of Moonfrog Labs Private Limited.

The Group's organisation is concentrated to the Issuer providing professional group management with respect to the Group's gaming studios. This management framework provides a professional structure in order to guide the operations in the entrepreneurial game-development subsidiaries and to obtain inter-subsidiary synergies.

### Information about the Prospectus

The Prospectus has been approved by the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority (*Finansinspektionen*) (the SFSA) as competent authority under Regulation (EU) 2017/1129. The SFSA only approves this Prospectus as meeting the standards of completeness, comprehensibility and consistency imposed by Regulation (EU) 2017/1129. The SFSA's approval should not be considered as an endorsement of the quality of the securities that are the subject of this Prospectus, nor should it be considered as an endorsement of the quality of the securities that are the subject of this Prospectus. Investors should make their own assessment as to the suitability of investing in the securities.

This Prospectus is valid for a maximum of twelve (12) months after its approval, provided that it is completed by any supplement pursuant to Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation. The obligation to supplement this Prospectus in the event of significant new factors, material mistakes or material inaccuracies does not apply when the Prospectus is no longer valid.

### Authorisation and responsibility

The Issuer has obtained all necessary resolutions, authorisations and approvals required in conjunction with the Bonds and the performance of its obligations relating thereto. The Initial Bonds were issued on 7 April 2026, as authorised by a resolution of the Board of the Issuer in connection therewith. This Prospectus was approved by the SFSA on 29 April 2026.

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Prospectus and declares that, to the best of its knowledge, the information contained in the Prospectus is in accordance with the facts and that the Prospectus makes no omission likely to affect its import. The Board of Directors of the Issuer is, to the extent provided by law, responsible for the information contained in this Prospectus and declares that, to the best of its knowledge, the information contained in the Prospectus is in accordance with the facts and that the Prospectus makes no omission likely to affect its import.

### Material agreements

Other than the Bonds, the 2024/2029 bonds, the 2024/2028 bonds and the agreements described below, neither the Issuer nor any other Group Company has concluded any material agreements not entered into in the ordinary course of its business which could result in a Group Company being under an obligation or entitlement that is material to the Issuer's ability to meet its obligations to Holders.

#### **Bond 2024/2029**

In November 2024, the Issuer issued senior unsecured bonds in an initial amount of SEK 850 million (2024/2029) under a framework of up to SEK 2,000 million due in 2029. The proceeds from the bond issue will be used for general purposes within the Group (including but not limited to partial refinancing of drawn amounts under the Issuer's revolving credit facility with DNB Sweden AB, Nordea and Swedbank, refinancing, investments, acquisitions and earn-out payments). The interest rate for the bond loan is set at STIBOR 3m + 3.65 per cent (however, the interest rate can never fall below zero). The bonds were listed on Nasdaq Stockholm on 20 December 2024. The ISIN code for bond 2024/2029 is SE0023439674.

The Issuer has the right to repurchase all bonds before the maturity date. The Issuer also has the right to redeem all bonds before the maturity date (so-called "call option") at a fixed redemption price that depends on when redemption takes place. In addition, the bondholders have the right to call for redemption under certain circumstances, with the result that the bond immediately falls due. The right to early redemption may arise if the Issuer's shares cease to be listed on a regulated market or trading platform or if there is a change of ownership in the Issuer so that a person or a group of persons acting in concert acquires control, directly or indirectly, of more than 50 per cent of the votes in the Issuer or acquires the right to, directly or indirectly, appoint or remove all or a majority of the Board members in the Issuer. Furthermore, the bond terms contain certain commitments and restrictions in relation to, among other things, dividends, mortgaging, provision of collateral, intellectual property assets and divestments.

## **Bond 2024/2028**

In March 2024, the Issuer issued senior unsecured bonds in an initial amount of SEK 1,000 million (2024/2028) under a framework of up to SEK 2,000 million due in 2028. The proceeds from the bond issue will be used for general purposes within the Group (including but not limited to refinancing of the Issuer's previous bonds with ISIN SE0015961065, refinancing, investments, acquisitions and earn-out payments). The interest rate for the bond loan is set at STIBOR 3m + 3.65 per cent (however, the interest rate can never fall below zero). The bonds were listed on Nasdaq Stockholm on 30 April 2024. The ISIN code for bond 2024/2028 is SE0021770955.

The Issuer has the right to repurchase all bonds before the maturity date. The Issuer also has the right to redeem all bonds before the maturity date (so-called "call option") at a fixed redemption price that depends on when redemption takes place. In addition, the bondholders have the right to call for redemption under certain circumstances, with the result that the bond immediately falls due. The right to early redemption may arise if the Issuer's shares cease to be listed on a regulated market or trading platform or if there is a change of ownership in the Issuer so that a person or a group of persons acting in concert acquires control, directly or indirectly, of more than 50 per cent of the votes in the Issuer or acquires the right to, directly or indirectly, appoint or remove all or a majority of the Board members in the Issuer. Furthermore, the bond terms contain certain commitments and restrictions in relation to, among other things, dividends, mortgaging, provision of collateral, intellectual property assets and divestments.

## **Credit and loan facilities**

### ***Revolving credit facility with DNB Sweden AB, Nordea and Swedbank***

On 19 December 2024, the Issuer entered into an agreement regarding an unsecured revolving credit facility of SEK 2.5 billion with DNB Sweden AB, Nordea Bank Abp, filial i Sverige and Swedbank AB (publ) (the "Lenders") as original lenders and the Issuer as borrower and guarantor (as amended and/or amended and restated from time to time) (the "RCF"). The RCF matures in June 2027 and was entered into for the purpose of refinancing certain of the amounts outstanding under previous loan arrangements and to use the borrowed amounts towards working capital and general corporate purposes of the Group (including acquisitions permitted under the New RCF and payment of transaction costs related thereto). The interest cost of the RCF is determined by a margin plus relevant IBOR or risk free interest rate for attributable currency. This margin may, however, be increased depending on, inter alia, the ratio of net debt to adjusted EBITDA, pro forma in respect of the most recently completed reference period. The RCF includes customary representations, which were made on the date of signing of the RCF and on certain subsequent dates. Moreover, the RCF includes certain financial covenants as well as customary undertakings and restrictions (subject to certain agreed exceptions and qualifications) relating to, inter alia, compliance with laws and regulations, negative pledge, acquisitions, mergers, divestments, intellectual property, leverage and interest cover ratios, granting of loans and guarantees, restrictions for subsidiaries to incur debt, prohibition of change of business and the maintaining of insurance.

On 23 March 2026, the Issuer entered into an amendment and extension agreement relating to the RCF with Swedbank AB (publ) as agent and the Issuer as borrower and guarantor (the "**Amendment and Extension Agreement**"). The purpose of the Amendment and Extension Agreement is to extend the RCF to June 2028, to cancel the RCF in an amount of SEK 500 million to a total amount of SEK 2 billion, and to amend certain other provisions of the RCF (including restriction on dividends, additional financial indebtedness (excluding refinancing/replacement of existing debt) and acquisitions). Following satisfaction of certain conditions precedent, the Amendment and Extension Agreement became effective on 27 April 2026 and the RCF was amended accordingly. The extension is further subject to that the Term Loan Facility (as described below) is extended to at least June 2028 prior to 30 September 2026.

As of the date of this Prospectus, Stillfront has outstanding debt under the RCF corresponding to approximately SEK 960 million.

### ***Overdraft facility***

On 18 January 2021, the Issuer entered into an overdraft facility with Swedbank AB (publ). The facility is in an amount of SEK 100 million and the term currently runs to 31 December 2026. The facility is connected to the Stillfront's group account currently held with Swedbank AB (publ). The interest on the overdraft facility currently amounts to STIBOR 7d + 1.00 per cent. The overdraft facility does not contain covenants regarding the debt/equity ratio.

### **Term loan credit facility**

On 9 September 2022, the Issuer entered into an agreement regarding an unsecured term loan credit facility of EUR 60,000,000 with Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit (publ) as lender and the Issuer as borrower (the “**Term Loan Credit Facility Agreement**”). The term loan credit facility matures in September 2027, following an approved extension request in September 2024. The purpose of the term loan facility was to refinance existing indebtedness of the Group and to use the borrowed amounts towards working capital and general corporate purposes of the Group (including mergers and acquisitions under the Term Loan Credit Facility Agreement and payment of transaction costs related thereto).

The Term Loan Credit Facility Agreement includes customary representations, which were made on the date of signing of the Term Loan Credit Facility Agreement and on certain subsequent dates. Moreover, the Term Loan Credit Facility Agreement includes certain financial covenants as well as customary undertakings and restrictions (subject to certain agreed exceptions and qualifications) relating to, inter alia, compliance with laws and regulations, negative pledge, acquisitions, mergers, divestments, intellectual property, leverage and interest cover ratios, granting of loans and guarantees, restrictions for subsidiaries to incur debt, prohibition of change of business and the maintaining of insurance.

The interest cost of the term loan credit facility is determined by a margin plus relevant IBOR. In early September 2023, the Issuer and the lender agreed on certain changes to the Term Loan Facility Agreement in order to align certain financial covenants with other financing arrangements and, as applicable, the RCF. On 28 March 2025, the Issuer and the lender agreed on further changes to the Term Loan Credit Facility Agreement in order to align certain provisions with the RCF. The same changes to the restrictions and covenants in the RCF made through the Amendment and Extension Agreement is intended to be made to the Term Loan Credit Facility Agreement no later than 30 September 2026.

### **Major shareholders as of 31 March 2026**

The table below shows the Issuer’s major shareholders as of 31 March 2026, with subsequently known changes.

<b>Shareholder</b>	<b>Total number of shares and votes</b>	<b>Share and votes, %</b>
Laureus Capital GmbH	60,702,417	11.72
Knuth Capital LLC FZ	59,048,221	11.40
Stillfront Group AB (publ) <sup>1)</sup>	39,363,121	7.60
Fidelity International (FIL)	33,817,034	6.53
DNB Asset Management AS	26,628,894	5.14
Nordea Life & Pension	18,450,709	3.56
DNB Asset Management SA	13,658,537	2.64
DWS Investments	11,066,330	2.14
Skandia Funds	9,615,182	1.86
Norges Bank Investment Management	9,586,296	1.85
<i>Others</i>	281,936,741	54.43
<b>Total</b>	<b>517,968,480</b>	<b>100.00</b>

The information about shareholders is based on information from Euroclear Sweden and Modular Finance, which may result in nominees being included and that the actual owners are therefore not stated.

<sup>1)</sup> Shares held by the Issuer in treasury as of the date of this Prospectus.

As far as the Issuer is aware, there is no significant direct or indirect significant ownership or control over the Issuer, nor are there any shareholders’ agreements or other agreements which could result in a change of control of the Issuer.

### **Legal and arbitration proceedings**

The Group is involved in disputes and other legal proceedings from time to time in the ordinary course of business, including in connection with minor claims mainly concerning alleged infringements of intellectual property rights and trademark infringements. The Group has not been part to any governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer is aware) in the previous 12 months which are deemed may have, or have had in the recent past, significant effects on the Issuer’s or the Group’s financial position or profitability.

### **Certain material interests**

DNB Carnegie Investment Bank AB, Nordea Bank Abp and SB1 Markets, filial i Sverige are Joint Bookrunners in conjunction with the issuance of the Bonds. The Joint Bookrunners (and closely related companies) have

provided, and may in the future provide, certain investment banking and/or commercial banking and other services to the Issuer and the Group for which they have received, or will receive, remuneration. In particular, it should be noted that DNB Sweden AB and Nordea Bank Abp, filial i Sverige are lenders under certain credit facilities with the Group as borrower. Accordingly, conflicts of interest may exist or may arise as a result of the Joint Bookrunners having previously engaged, or in the future engaging, in transactions with other parties, having multiple roles or carrying out other transactions for third parties.

### **Trend information**

There has been no material adverse change in the prospects of the Issuer since 22 April 2026, being the date of the last published audited financial statements of the Issuer.

There has been no significant change in the financial performance of the Group since 31 March 2026, being the end of the last financial period for which financial information has been published to the date of this Prospectus.

### **Significant changes since 31 March 2026**

Apart from the issuance of the Bonds, there have been no significant changes in the financial position of the Group since 31 March 2026, being the end of the last financial period for which interim financial information of the Issuer has been published.

## Incorporation by reference

The following information has been incorporated into this Prospectus by reference and should be read as part of the Prospectus:

### Annual Report for 2024

<https://www.stillfront.com/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2025/04/Stillfront-Annual-Sustainability-Report-2024-1.pdf>

as regards the audited consolidated financial information on

page 70 (*Consolidated statement of comprehensive income*)

page 71 (*Consolidated statement of financial position*)

page 72 (*Consolidated statement of changes in equity*)

page 73 (*Consolidated statement of cash flows*)

pages 78–93 (*Notes*)

pages 102–106 (*Auditor's report*)

### Annual Report for 2025

<https://www.stillfront.com/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2021/10/stillfront-annual-report-2025-260422.pdf>

as regards the audited consolidated financial information on

page 88 (*Consolidated statement of comprehensive income*)

page 89 (*Consolidated statement of financial position*)

page 90 (*Consolidated statement of changes in equity*)

page 91 (*Consolidated statement of cash flows*)

pages 96–112 (*Notes*)

pages 121–125 (*Auditor's report*)

### 2026 Q1 Interim Report

<https://www.stillfront.com/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2021/10/stillfront-interim-report-q1-2026-260429.pdf>

as regards the unaudited consolidated financial information for the period from 1 January–31 March 2026 (including comparable numbers for the period 1 January–31 March 2025) on

pages 10–11 (*Income statement in summary, group*)

page 12 (*Balance sheet in summary, group*)

page 13 (*Shareholders' equity, group*)

page 14 (*Cash flow in summary, group*)

Information in the above documents that is not incorporated by reference is either deemed by the Issuer not to be relevant for Holders or is covered elsewhere in the Prospectus. The Issuer's consolidated financial statements for the financial years 2024 and 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by the European Union and in accordance with the Swedish Annual Report Act (*årsredovisningslag (1995:1554)*) and audited by the Issuer's auditor. The interim consolidated financial statements for the period 1 January–31 March 2026 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 – Interim Financial Reporting and has not been audited or reviewed by the Issuer's auditors. Unless otherwise stated, no information in this Prospectus has been audited or reviewed by the Issuer's auditor.

Financial information pertaining to the financial years 2024 and 2025 has been derived from the Group's audited annual report for 2024 and 2025, respectively. Financial information pertaining to the three-month period ended 31 March 2026 (including comparative figures for the interim period 1 January–31 March 2026) has been derived from the Group's unaudited interim report for the period 1 January–31 March 2026.

**Documents on display**

Copies of the following documents are electronically available at the Issuer's website, [www.stillfront.com](http://www.stillfront.com), for the term of this Prospectus:

- the Issuer's certificate of registration and Articles of Association; and
- the Finance Documents.

**TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

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**TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR  
STILLFRONT GROUP AB (PUBL)  
MAXIMUM SEK 2,000,000,000  
SENIOR UNSECURED FLOATING RATE BONDS 2026/2030**

**ISIN: SE0028329201**

## SELLING RESTRICTIONS

No action is being taken that would or is intended to permit a public offering of the Bonds or the possession, circulation or distribution of this document or any other material relating to the Issuer or the Bonds in any jurisdiction other than Sweden, where action for that purpose is required. Persons into whose possession this document comes are required by the Issuer to inform themselves about, and to observe, any applicable restrictions.

The Bonds have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. The Bonds may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States of America or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, except for “Qualified Institutional Buyers” within the meaning of Rule 144A under the U.S. Securities Act.

## PRIVACY NOTICE

The Issuer, the Agent and the Issuing Agent may collect and process personal data relating to the Holders, the Holders’ representatives or agents, and other persons nominated to act on behalf of the Holders pursuant to the Finance Documents (name, contact details and, when relevant, holding of Bonds). The personal data relating to the Holders is primarily collected from the registry kept by the CSD. The personal data relating to other persons is primarily collected directly from such persons.

The personal data collected will be processed by the Issuer, the Agent and the Issuing Agent for the following purposes:

- (a) to exercise their respective rights and fulfil their respective obligations under the Finance Documents;
- (b) to manage the administration of the Bonds and payments under the Bonds;
- (c) to enable the Holders’ to exercise their rights under the Finance Documents; and
- (d) to comply with their obligations under applicable laws and regulations.

The processing of personal data by the Issuer, the Agent and the Issuing Agent in relation to items (a) to (c) is based on their legitimate interest to exercise their respective rights and to fulfil their respective obligations under the Finance Documents. In relation to item (d), the processing is based on the fact that such processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation incumbent on the Issuer, the Agent or the Issuing Agent. Unless otherwise required or permitted by law, the personal data collected will not be kept longer than necessary given the purpose of the processing.

Personal data collected may be shared with third parties, such as the CSD, when necessary to fulfil the purpose for which such data is processed.

Subject to any legal preconditions, the applicability of which have to be assessed in each individual case, data subjects have the rights as follows. Data subjects have right to get access to their personal data and may request the same in writing at the address of the Issuer, the Agent and the Issuing Agent, respectively. In addition, data subjects have the right to (i) request that personal data is rectified or erased, (ii) object to specific processing, (iii) request that the processing be restricted and (iv) receive personal data provided by themselves in machine-readable format. Data subjects are also entitled to lodge complaints with the relevant supervisory authority if dissatisfied with the processing carried out.

The Issuer’s, the Agent’s and the Issuing Agent’s addresses, and the contact details for their respective Data Protection Officers (if applicable), are found on their websites [www.stillfront.com](http://www.stillfront.com), [www.cscglobal.com](http://www.cscglobal.com) and <https://www.nordea.com>.

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## 1. DEFINITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION

### 1.1 Definitions

In these terms and conditions (the “**Terms and Conditions**”):

“**Account Operator**” means a bank or other party duly authorised to operate as an account operator pursuant to the Financial Instruments Accounts Act and through which a Holder has opened a Securities Account in respect of its Bonds.

“**Accounting Principles**” means the international financial reporting standards (IFRS) within the meaning of Regulation 1606/2002/EC (or as otherwise adopted or amended from time to time) as applied by the Issuer in preparing its annual consolidated financial statements.

“**Adjusted Nominal Amount**” means the Total Nominal Amount less the aggregate Nominal Amount of all Bonds owned by a Group Company or an Affiliate, irrespective of whether such person is directly registered as owner of such Bonds.

“**Advance Purchase Agreement**” means (i) an advance or deferred purchase agreement, or any credit card arrangement, in each case entered into by a Group Company if the agreement or arrangement is in respect of, or utilised for, the supply of assets or services and payment is due not more than ninety (90) days after the date of supply, or (ii) any other trade credit incurred in the ordinary course of trade of the relevant Group Company. For the avoidance of doubt, an Earn-Out Agreement shall not constitute an Advance Purchase Agreement.

“**Affiliate**” means (i) an entity controlling or under common control with the Issuer, other than a Group Company, and (ii) any other person or entity owning any Bonds (irrespective of whether such person is directly registered as owner of such Bonds) that has undertaken towards a Group Company or an entity referred to in item (i) to vote for such Bonds in accordance with the instructions given by a Group Company or an entity referred to in item (i). For the purposes of this definition, “control” means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of an entity, whether through ownership of voting securities, by agreement or otherwise.

“**Agency Agreement**” means the agency agreement entered into before the First Issue Date, between the Issuer and the Agent, or any replacement agency agreement entered into after the First Issue Date between the Issuer and an agent.

“**Agent**” means CSC (Sweden) AB, Swedish Reg. No. 556625-5476, or another party replacing it, as Agent, in accordance with these Terms and Conditions.

“**Base Rate**” means STIBOR or any reference rate replacing STIBOR in accordance with Clause 19 (*Replacement of Base Rate*).

“**Base Rate Administrator**” means Swedish Financial Benchmark Facility AB (SFBF) in relation to STIBOR or any person replacing it as administrator of the Base Rate.

“**Bond**” means a debt instrument (*skuldförbindelse*) for the Nominal Amount and of the type set forth in Chapter 1 Section 3 of the Financial Instruments Accounts Act and which is governed by and issued under these Terms and Conditions, including the Initial Bonds and any Subsequent Bonds.

“**Business Day**” means a day in Sweden other than a Sunday or other public holiday. Saturdays, Midsummer Eve (*midsommarafton*), Christmas Eve (*julafton*) and New Year’s Eve (*nyårsafton*) shall for the purpose of this definition be deemed to be public holidays.

“**Business Day Convention**” means the first following day that is a Business Day unless that day falls in the next calendar month, in which case that date will be the first preceding day that is a Business Day.

“**Calculation Principles**” means for the purpose of the Incurrence Test that:

- (a) the Leverage Ratio shall be calculated as per a testing date determined by the Issuer, falling no earlier than in the period one (1) month prior to the event in respect of which the Incurrence Test shall be made;
- (b) the Net Interest Bearing Debt shall be measured on the relevant testing date, however so (a) that the amount of the Restricted Payment or new Financial Indebtedness in respect of which the Incurrence Test shall be made (after deducting any Financial Indebtedness which shall be refinanced at the time of incurrence of such new Financial Indebtedness) shall be added to the Net Interest Bearing Debt (provided that, in the case of Financial Indebtedness, such Financial Indebtedness is an interest bearing obligation), and (b) that any cash balance/proceeds resulting from the incurrence of any such new Financial Indebtedness shall not reduce the Net Interest Bearing Debt;
- (c) the calculation of the Interest Coverage Ratio shall be made for the Relevant Period ending on the last day of the period covered by the most recent Financial Report; and
- (d) the figures for EBITDA, Finance Charges and Net Finance Charges for the Relevant Period ending on the last day of the period covered by the most recent Financial Report (including the new Financial Indebtedness on a *pro forma* basis) shall be used for the Incurrence Test, but adjusted so that:
  - (i) entities acquired or disposed of by the Group during the Relevant Period, or after the end of the Relevant Period but before the relevant testing date, shall be included or excluded (as applicable), *pro forma*, for the entire Relevant Period;
  - (ii) any entity to be acquired with the proceeds from the new Financial Indebtedness shall be included, *pro forma*, for the entire Relevant Period;
  - (iii) any Finance Charges in relation to any Bond that has been repurchased, and not resold, by any Group Company during the Relevant Period, or after the end of the Relevant Period but before the relevant testing date, shall be excluded, *pro forma*, for the entire Relevant Period;
  - (iv) any Finance Charges in relation to new Financial Indebtedness incurred in relation to an entity acquired during the Relevant Period shall be included, *pro forma*, for the entire Relevant Period; and
  - (v) any Financial Indebtedness (and related Finance Charges) which has, during the Relevant Period (or after the Relevant Period but before the relevant testing date), been refinanced, redeemed, repurchased or otherwise discharged with the proceeds (or an amount equal to the proceeds) of a disposal permitted under Clause 11.6 (*Disposal of assets*) shall be excluded, *pro forma*, for the entire Relevant Period.

**“Capital Securities”** means any deeply subordinated bonds issued by the Issuer and which (i) rank junior in right of payment to any present or future claims under the Bonds and all other unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer and (ii) are, as of the date of the issuance, treated as equity (in whole or in part) in the Issuer’s consolidated financial statements.

**“Change of Control Event”** means the occurrence of an event or series of events whereby one or more persons acting together, acquire control over the Issuer, where “control” means (i) acquiring or controlling, directly or indirectly, more than fifty (50) per cent. of the voting rights or share capital of the Issuer, or (ii) the right to, directly or indirectly, appoint or remove the whole or a majority of the directors of the board of directors of the Issuer.

**“Compliance Certificate”** has the meaning set forth in Clause 10.1.4.

**“CSD”** means the Issuer’s central securities depository and registrar in respect of the Bonds, Euroclear Sweden AB, Swedish Reg. No. 556112-8074, P.O. Box 191, 101 23 Stockholm, Sweden, or another party replacing it, as CSD, in accordance with these Terms and Conditions.

**“CSD Regulations”** means the CSD’s rules and regulations applicable to the Issuer, the Agent and the Bonds from time to time.

**“De-listing Event”** means the occurrence of an event whereby (i) all shares in the Issuer cease to be listed on a Regulated Market or an MTF or (ii) trading in the shares in the Issuer on the relevant market is suspended for a period of fifteen (15) consecutive Business Days or more.

**“Debt Register”** means the debt register (*skuldbok*) kept by the CSD in respect of the Bonds in which (i) an owner of Bonds is directly registered or (ii) an owner’s holding of Bonds is registered in the name of a nominee.

**“Derivative Transaction”** has the meaning set forth in item (j) of the definition “Permitted Debt” below.

**“Earn-Out Agreement”** means any earn-out agreement or similar arrangement entered into by a Group Company in relation to an acquisition made by the Group.

**“EBITDA”** means, in respect of the Relevant Period, the consolidated profit of the Group from ordinary activities according to the latest Financial Report:

- (a) before deducting any amount of tax on profits, gains or income paid or payable by any Group Company;
- (b) before deducting any Net Finance Charges;
- (c) not including any accrued interest owing to any Group Company;
- (d) after adding back any amount attributable to the amortisation, depreciation or impairment of assets of Group Companies;
- (e) before taking into account any Exceptional Items;
- (f) before deducting any Transaction Costs;
- (g) after deducting the amount of any profit (or adding back the amount of any loss) of any Group Company which is attributable to minority interests;

- (h) plus or minus the Group's share of the profits or losses (after finance costs and tax) of entities which are not part of the Group;
- (i) before taking into account any unrealised gains or losses on any derivative instrument;
- (j) after adding back or deducting, as the case may be, the amount of any loss or gain against book value arising on a disposal of any asset (other than in the ordinary course of trading);
- (k) before taking into account any gain or loss arising from an upward or downward revaluation of any other asset;
- (l) before taking into account any gains from debt buy-backs; and
- (m) not including any revaluation of amounts payable under any Earn-Out Agreement.

**"Event of Default"** means an event or circumstance specified in Clause 12.1.

**"Exceptional Items"** means any exceptional, one-off, non-recurring or extraordinary items to the extent these are one off and non-recurring in nature (including but not limited to items affecting comparability (IAC) as set out in the relevant financial statements).

**"Existing Bonds"** means the SEK 2,000,000,000 senior unsecured floating rate bonds 2023/2027 with ISIN SE0020846624, the SEK 2,000,000,000 senior unsecured floating rate bonds 2024/2028 with ISIN SE0021770955 and the SEK 850,000,000 senior unsecured floating rate bonds 2024/2029 with ISIN SE0023439674.

**"Final Maturity Date"** means 7 April 2030 or such earlier date on which the Bonds are redeemed in full.

**"Finance Charges"** means, for any Relevant Period, the aggregate amount of the accrued interest, commission, fees, discounts, payment fees, premiums or charges and other finance payments in respect of Financial Indebtedness paid or payable by any Group Company according to the latest Financial Report(s) (calculated on a consolidated basis) in cash or capitalised in respect of that Relevant Period:

- (a) excluding any Transaction Costs;
- (b) including the interest (but not the capital) element of payments in respect of any Finance Leases constituting Net Interest Bearing Debt; and
- (c) including any commission, fees, discounts and other finance payments payable by (and deducting any such amounts payable to) any Group Company under any interest rate hedging arrangement.

**"Finance Documents"** means these Terms and Conditions and any other document designated by the Issuer and the Agent as a Finance Document.

**"Finance Lease"** means any lease or hire purchase contract, a liability under which would, in accordance with the Accounting Principles, be treated as a balance sheet liability.

**"Financial Indebtedness"** means any indebtedness for or in respect of:

- (a) moneys borrowed or raised (including under any bank financing or Market Loan (but excluding any Capital Securities));
- (b) the amount of any liability under any Finance Lease;

- (c) receivables sold or discounted (other than on a non-recourse basis, provided that the requirements for de-recognition under the Accounting Principles are met);
- (d) any amount raised under any other transaction having the commercial effect of a borrowing or otherwise being classified as borrowing under the Accounting Principles;
- (e) any Derivative Transaction (and, when calculating the value of any Derivative Transaction, only the mark to market value shall be taken into account and if any actual amount is due as a result of a termination or a close-out, such amount shall be used instead);
- (f) any counter-indemnity obligations in respect of guarantees or other instruments issued by a bank or financial institution; and
- (g) for the purpose of measuring the Incurrence Test only, any amount finally determined but unpaid under any Earn-Out Agreement (to the extent (i) accounted for as indebtedness in the accounts of any Group Company pursuant to IFRS and (ii) such amount is not to be settled in shares or other equity instruments); and
- (h) without double-counting, liabilities under guarantees or indemnities for any of the obligations referred to in paragraphs (a) to (g) above.

“**Financial Instruments Accounts Act**” means the Swedish Central Securities Depositories and Financial Instruments Accounts Act (*lag (1998:1479) om värdepapperscentraler och kontoföring av finansiella instrument*).

“**Financial Report**” means each of the annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Group and the quarterly interim unaudited consolidated reports of the Group, which shall be prepared and made available in accordance with Clause 10.1.1(a) and (b).

“**First Call Date**” means the date falling eighteen (18) months after the First Issue Date or, to the extent such day is not a Business Day, the first following day that is a Business Day.

“**First Issue Date**” means 7 April 2026.

“**Force Majeure Event**” has the meaning set forth in Clause 23.1.

“**Group**” means the Issuer and its Subsidiaries from time to time (each a “**Group Company**”).

“**Holder**” means the person who is registered on a Securities Account as direct registered owner (*direktregistrerad ägare*) or nominee (*förvaltare*) with respect to a Bond.

“**Holders’ Meeting**” means a meeting among the Holders held in accordance with Clauses 14.1 (*Request for a decision*), 14.2 (*Convening a Holders’ Meeting*) and 14.4 (*Majority, quorum and other provisions*).

“**Incurrence Test**” means the test which is met if:

- (a) the Leverage Ratio is less than 3.00:1;
- (b) the Interest Coverage Ratio exceeds 2.75:1; and
- (c) no Event of Default is continuing or would occur upon the incurrence.

“**Initial Bonds**” means the Bonds issued on the First Issue Date.

“**Insolvent**” means, in respect of a relevant person, that it is deemed to be insolvent, or admits inability to pay its debts as they fall due, in each case within the meaning of Chapter 2, Sections 7-9 of the Swedish Bankruptcy Act (*konkurslagen (1987:672)*) (or its equivalent in any other relevant jurisdiction).

“**Intellectual Property**” means:

- (a) any patents, trademarks, service marks, designs, business names, copyrights, database rights, design rights, domain names, moral rights, inventions, confidential information, knowhow and other intellectual property rights and interests (which may now or in the future subsist), whether registered or unregistered; and
- (b) the benefit of all applications and rights to use such assets of each Group Company (which may now or in the future subsist).

“**Interest**” means the interest on the Bonds calculated in accordance with Clauses 8.1 to 8.3.

“**Interest Coverage Ratio**” means the ratio of EBITDA to Net Finance Charges, calculated in accordance with the Calculation Principles (as applicable).

“**Interest Payment Date**” means 7 April, 7 July, 7 October and 7 January of each year or, to the extent such day is not a Business Day, the Business Day following from an application of the Business Day Convention. The first Interest Payment Date for the Bonds shall be 7 July 2026 and the last Interest Payment Date shall be the relevant Redemption Date.

“**Interest Period**” means (i) in respect of the first Interest Period, the period from (but excluding) the First Issue Date to (and including) the first Interest Payment Date (or a shorter period if relevant), and (ii) in respect of subsequent Interest Periods, the period from (but excluding) an Interest Payment Date to (and including) the next succeeding Interest Payment Date (or a shorter period if relevant), or (iii) in respect of Subsequent Bonds, the period from (but excluding) the Interest Payment Date falling immediately prior to their issuance up to (and including) the next succeeding Interest Payment Date (or a shorter period if relevant).

“**Interest Rate**” means the Base Rate plus 5.00 per cent. *per annum* as adjusted by any application of Clause 19 (*Replacement of Base Rate*). For the avoidance of doubt, if any such total rate is below zero then the Interest Rate will be deemed to be zero.

“**Issue Date**” means the First Issue Date and each other date on which Bonds are to be issued pursuant to these Terms and Conditions, as agreed between the Issuing Agent and the Issuer.

“**Issuer**” means Stillfront Group AB (publ), a public limited liability company incorporated under the laws of Sweden with Reg. No. 556721-3078.

“**Issuing Agent**” means, initially, Nordea Bank Abp, filial i Sverige, and thereafter each other party appointed as Issuing Agent in accordance with these Terms and Conditions and the CSD Regulations.

“**Leverage Ratio**” means the ratio of Net Interest Bearing Debt to EBITDA, calculated in accordance with the Calculation Principles (as applicable).

“**Listing Failure Event**” means (i) that the Bonds are not admitted to trading on a Regulated Market within sixty (60) days following the First Issue Date or the date of issuance of any Subsequent Bonds (as applicable), or (ii) following a successful listing and subsequent de-listing of the Bonds from a Regulated Market, the Bonds are not re-listed by the date falling sixty (60) days from the date of the de-listing.

“**Market Loans**” means bonds, notes or other debt securities (however defined), which are or can be quoted, listed, traded or otherwise admitted to trading on a Regulated Market, an MTF or an organised trading facility (as defined in Directive 2014/65/EU on markets in financial instruments).

“**Material Adverse Effect**” means a material adverse effect on:

- (a) the business, financial condition or operations of the Group taken as a whole;
- (b) the Issuer’s ability to perform and comply with its obligations under any of the Finance Documents; or
- (c) the validity or enforceability of the Finance Documents.

“**Material Group Company**” means each of:

- (a) the Issuer; and
- (b) any Subsidiary of the Issuer which on a consolidated basis:
  - (i) has earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (calculated on the same basis as EBITDA) representing five (5) per cent. or more of EBITDA; or
  - (ii) has assets (excluding intra-group items) with a book value representing five (5) per cent. or more of the total assets (the book value of the total consolidated assets of the Group as shown in the most recent annual Financial Report of the Group),

in each case as determined by reference to the latest annual audited consolidated Financial Report of the Group and a list of which shall be provided to the Agent at its reasonable request.

“**MTF**” means a multilateral trading facility (as defined in Directive 2014/65/EU on markets in financial instruments).

“**Nasdaq Stockholm**” means the Regulated Market of Nasdaq Stockholm Aktiebolag, with Swedish Reg. No. 556420-8394.

“**Net Finance Charges**” means, for the Relevant Period, the Finance Charges according to the latest Financial Report(s), after deducting (i) any interest payable for that Relevant Period to any Group Company and any interest income received by any Group Company (in each case other than by or from another Group Company), (ii) interest paid on any cash or cash equivalent investment of the Group, and (iii) any unrealised gains or losses on any financial instruments.

“**Net Interest Bearing Debt**” means the aggregate interest bearing Financial Indebtedness of the Group (excluding any interest bearing Financial Indebtedness borrowed from any Group Company and Financial Indebtedness related to any agreements under which a Group Company leases office space (*kontorshyresavtal*) or other premises or sites) less cash and cash equivalents of the Group according to the latest Financial Report or per the

relevant testing date if measured in relation to the Incurrence Test (as applicable), in accordance with the Accounting Principles.

“**Net Proceeds**” means the gross proceeds from the offering of the relevant Bonds, minus (i) in respect of the Initial Bonds, the costs incurred by the Issuer in conjunction with the issuance thereof, and (ii) in respect of any Subsequent Bonds, the costs incurred by the Issuer in conjunction with the issuance thereof.

“**Nominal Amount**” has the meaning set forth in Clause 2.3.

“**Permitted Basket**” has the meaning set forth in item (s) of the definition of Permitted Debt below.

“**Permitted Debt**” means any Financial Indebtedness:

- (a) incurred under the Finance Documents (including pursuant to any Subsequent Bond Issue, if such incurrence is (i) made in order to refinancing Existing Bonds in accordance with item (c) below or (ii) meets the Incurrence Test (calculated on a *pro forma* basis including such Subsequent Bond Issue));
- (b) in the form of the Existing Bonds;
- (c) incurred in connection with the redemption of the Bonds and/or any Existing Bonds in order to refinance the Bonds and/or any Existing Bonds in full;
- (d) related to any agreements under which a Group Company leases office space (*kontorshyresavtal*) or other premises provided that such Financial Indebtedness is incurred in the ordinary course of business of such Group Company;
- (e) owed by a Group Company to another Group Company;
- (f) in the form of counter-indemnity obligations under any bank guarantees or letters of credit issued by a bank or financial institution and drawings under any such bank guarantees or letters of credit, which in each case is provided in the ordinary course of business in relation to customers, other business partners, governmental bodies or authorities on terms and conditions customary for counter-indemnity obligations;
- (g) incurred in respect of bank guarantees in relation to undertakings incurred in any Group Company’s ordinary course of business;
- (h) incurred in respect of guarantees issued in relation to Group Company undertakings;
- (i) under any pension and tax liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business;
- (j) arising under a derivative transaction entered into by a Group Company in connection with protection against or benefit from fluctuation in any rate or price where such exposure arises in the ordinary course of business or in respect of payments to be made under any Permitted Debt (excluding for the avoidance of doubt any derivative transaction which in itself is entered into for investment or speculative purposes) (“**Derivative Transaction**”);
- (k) incurred as a result of any Group Company acquiring another entity and which is due to such acquired entity holding Financial Indebtedness, provided that the Incurrence Test is met (calculated *pro forma* including the acquired entity in question) and if, and only to the extent, such Financial Indebtedness is not permitted under any other exceptions contained in the definition of “Permitted

Debt”, such Financial Indebtedness is unwound within a clean-up period of ninety (90) days from the completion of the relevant acquisition;

- (l) arising under any Earn-Out Agreement;
- (m) incurred in the ordinary course of business under Advance Purchase Agreements;
- (n) incurred by the Issuer in the form of a Market Loan, provided that such Financial Indebtedness:
  - (i) meets the Incurrence Test (calculated *pro forma* including such incurrence); and
  - (ii) is unsecured and ranks *pari passu* with or is subordinated to the obligations of the Issuer under the Finance Documents;
- (o) incurred under any Permitted Financing;
- (p) incurred under any Permitted Revolving Credit Facility;
- (q) incurred under any Permitted Working Capital Facility;
- (r) incurred under the EUR 60,000,000 term loan facility dated 9 September 2022 and entered into between the Issuer and AB Svensk Exportkredit (publ) (as amended from time to time) or under any Financial Indebtedness incurred for the purpose of refinancing such term loan facility, provided that the principal amount of such Financial Indebtedness does not exceed EUR 60,000,000 (unless, if exceeded, the Incurrence Test is met *pro forma* at the time of the incurrence of the Financial Indebtedness); and
- (s) not permitted by items (a) to (r) above, in an aggregate amount not at any time exceeding SEK 50,000,000 and incurred in the ordinary course of the Group’s business (all such Financial Indebtedness is together referred to as the “**Permitted Basket**”).

“**Permitted Financing**” means any bilateral or syndicated term loan or other similar financing (for the avoidance of doubt, not including any Permitted Revolving Credit Facility, Permitted Working Capital Facility or Market Loan) entered into by a Group Company with one or more reputable Nordic or international banks, financial institutions, trusts, funds or other lenders, provided that the Incurrence Test is met *pro forma* at the time when the available amount relating to such Permitted Financing is incurred.

“**Permitted Revolving Credit Facility**” means one or more revolving credit facilities (to be applied for the general corporate, working capital, capital expenditure and/or acquisition purposes of the Group, and including but not limited to any overdraft facilities and/or ancillary facilities) entered into by a Group Company with a reputable Nordic or international bank (for the avoidance of doubt, not including any Permitted Financing) with an aggregate maximum commitment of SEK 3,750,000,000, which aggregate maximum commitment may be increased from time to time, provided that the Incurrence Test is met *pro forma* at the time of such increase (calculated as if the full commitment available under the relevant Permitted Revolving Credit Facility as increased has been utilised).

“**Permitted Security**” means any Security or guarantee in respect of any Financial Indebtedness (or refinancing thereof):

- (a) provided in accordance with the Finance Documents;
- (b) provided in connection with a redemption of the Bonds, the Existing Bonds or any other Market Loan issued by the Issuer in full and constituting a first priority pledge over a bank account in the name of the Issuer for the purpose of securing

the redemption of the Bonds, Existing Bonds or such other Market Loan issued by the Issuer (as applicable);

- (c) provided in relation to any Finance Lease entered into by a Group Company in the ordinary course of the Group's business;
- (d) provided in relation to a Derivative Transaction and not consisting of Security interests in shares in any Group Company;
- (e) incurred as a result of any Group Company acquiring another entity and which is due to such acquired entity has provided Security, provided that the debt secured with such Security constitutes Permitted Debt in accordance with item (k) of the definition of "Permitted Debt" and that such Security is promptly released in connection with the unwinding of such debt in accordance with item (k) of the definition of "Permitted Debt";
- (f) provided in relation to any Permitted Financing, Permitted Revolving Credit Facility and/or Permitted Working Capital Facility;
- (g) arising by operation of law and in the ordinary course of trading (including collateral or retention of title arrangements in connection with Advance Purchase Agreements but, for the avoidance of doubt, not including guarantees or Security in respect of any monies borrowed or raised) and in each case not as a result of any default or omission by any Group Company;
- (h) arising under any netting or set-off arrangements under financial derivatives transactions or bank account arrangements (including but not limited to cash-pool arrangements);
- (i) provided as any counter-indemnity or guarantee referred to in paragraphs (f) to (h) of the definition of Permitted Debt;
- (j) provided in relation to the Permitted Basket and not consisting of security interests in shares of any Group Company; and
- (k) not otherwise permitted above which secures debt in an amount not exceeding SEK 50,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies) at any time.

**"Permitted Working Capital Facility"** means any working capital facility (to be applied for the working capital purposes of the Group and including but not limited to overdraft facilities and/or ancillary facilities) entered into by a Group Company with a reputable Nordic or international bank (for the avoidance of doubt, not including any Permitted Financing) with an aggregate maximum commitment of SEK 200,000,000, which aggregate maximum commitment may be increased from time to time, provided that the Incurrence Test is met *pro forma* at the time of such increase (calculated as if the full commitment available under the relevant Permitted Working Capital Facility as increased has been utilised).

**"Quotation Day"** means, in relation to any period for which an interest rate is to be determined, two (2) Business Days before the first day of that period.

**"Record Date"** means the fifth (5) Business Day prior to (i) an Interest Payment Date, (ii) a Redemption Date, (iii) a date on which a payment to the Holders is to be made under Clause 13 (*Distribution of proceeds*), (iv) the date of a Holders' Meeting, or (v) another relevant date, or in each case such other Business Day falling prior to a relevant date if generally applicable on the Swedish bond market.

“**Redemption Date**” means the date on which the relevant Bonds are to be redeemed or repurchased in accordance with Clause 9 (*Redemption and repurchase of the Bonds*).

“**Reference Banks**” means banks reasonably selected by the Issuing Agent.

“**Regulated Market**” means any regulated market (as defined in Directive 2014/65/EU on markets in financial instruments).

“**Relevant Period**” means each period of twelve (12) consecutive calendar months ending on the last day of the period covered by a Financial Report.

“**Restricted Payment**” has the meaning set forth in Clause 11.1.1.

“**Securities Account**” means the account for dematerialised securities (*avstämningsregister*) maintained by the CSD pursuant to the Financial Instruments Accounts Act in which (i) an owner of such security is directly registered or (ii) an owner’s holding of securities is registered in the name of a nominee.

“**Security**” means a mortgage, charge, pledge, lien, security assignment or other security interest securing any obligation of any person, or any other agreement or arrangement having a similar effect.

“**STIBOR**” means:

- (a) the Stockholm interbank offered rate (STIBOR) administered by the Base Rate Administrator for Swedish Kronor and for a period equal to the relevant Interest Period, as displayed on page STIBOR= of the Refinitiv screen (or through such other system or on such other page as replaces the said system or page)) as of or around 11.00 a.m. on the Quotation Day;
- (b) if no rate as described in paragraph (a) above is available for the relevant Interest Period, the rate determined by the Issuing Agent by linear interpolation between the two closest rates for STIBOR fixing, as displayed on page STIBOR= of the Refinitiv screen (or any replacement thereof) as of or around 11.00 a.m. on the Quotation Day for Swedish Kronor;
- (c) if no rate as described in paragraph (a) or (b) above is available for the relevant Interest Period, the arithmetic mean of the Stockholm interbank offered rates (rounded upwards to four decimal places) as supplied to the Issuing Agent at its request quoted by the Reference Banks, for deposits of SEK 100,000,000 for the relevant period; or
- (d) if no rate as described in paragraph (a) or (b) above is available for the relevant Interest Period and no quotation is available pursuant to paragraph (c) above, the interest rate which according to the reasonable assessment of the Issuing Agent best reflects the interest rate for deposits in Swedish Kronor offered in the Stockholm interbank market for the relevant period.

“**Subsequent Bonds**” means any Bonds issued after the First Issue Date on one or more occasions.

“**Subsidiary**” means, in relation to any person, any Swedish or foreign legal entity (whether incorporated or not), in respect of which such person, directly or indirectly, (i) owns shares or ownership rights representing more than fifty (50) per cent. of the total

number of votes held by the owners, (ii) otherwise controls more than fifty (50) per cent. of the total number of votes held by the owners or (iii) has the power to appoint and remove all, or the majority of, the members of the board of directors or other governing body.

“**Swedish Kronor**” and “**SEK**” means the lawful currency of Sweden.

“**Total Nominal Amount**” means the total aggregate Nominal Amount of the Bonds outstanding at the relevant time.

“**Transaction Costs**” means all fees, costs and expenses, stamp, registration and other taxes incurred by the Issuer or any other Group Company in connection with any acquisition or disposal not prohibited under these Terms and Conditions or the incurrence of any Permitted Debt, including the issuance and listing of the Bonds (including any Subsequent Bonds).

“**Written Procedure**” means the written or electronic procedure for decision making among the Holders in accordance with Clauses 14.1 (*Request for a decision*), 14.3 (*Instigation of Written Procedure*) and 14.4 (*Majority, quorum and other provisions*).

## 1.2 **Construction**

1.2.1 Unless a contrary indication appears, any reference in these Terms and Conditions to:

- (a) “**assets**” includes present and future properties, revenues and rights of every description;
- (b) any agreement or instrument is a reference to that agreement or instrument as supplemented, amended, novated, extended, restated or replaced from time to time;
- (c) a “**regulation**” includes any law, regulation, rule or official directive, request or guideline (whether or not having the force of law) of any governmental, intergovernmental or supranational body, agency, department or regulatory, self-regulatory or other authority or organisation;
- (d) a provision of regulation is a reference to that provision as amended or re-enacted; and
- (e) a time of day is a reference to Stockholm time.

1.2.2 An Event of Default is continuing if it has not been remedied or waived.

1.2.3 When ascertaining whether a limit or threshold specified in Swedish Kronor has been attained or broken, an amount in another currency shall be counted on the basis of the rate of exchange for such currency against Swedish Kronor for the previous Business Day, as

published by the Swedish Central Bank (*Riksbanken*) on its website ([www.riksbank.se](http://www.riksbank.se)). If no such rate is available, the most recently published rate shall be used instead.

- 1.2.4 A notice shall be deemed to be sent by way of press release if it is made available to the public within Sweden promptly and in a non-discriminatory manner.
- 1.2.5 No delay or omission of the Agent or of any Holder to exercise any right or remedy under the Finance Documents shall impair or operate as a waiver of any such right or remedy.
- 1.2.6 The selling restrictions, the privacy notice and any other information contained in this document before the table of contents section do not form part of these Terms and Conditions and may be updated without the consent of the Holders and the Agent.

## 2. STATUS OF THE BONDS

- 2.1 The Bonds are denominated in Swedish Kronor and each Bond is constituted by these Terms and Conditions. The Issuer undertakes to make payments in relation to the Bonds and to comply with these Terms and Conditions.
- 2.2 By subscribing for Bonds, each initial Holder agrees that the Bonds shall benefit from and be subject to the Finance Documents and by acquiring Bonds, each subsequent Holder confirms such agreement.
- 2.3 The nominal amount of each Bond is SEK 1,250,000 (the “Nominal Amount”). The minimum permissible investment in connection with the issue of the Initial Bonds is SEK 1,250,000.
- 2.4 The Total Nominal Amount of the Initial Bonds as at the First Issue Date is SEK 1,000,000,000. All Initial Bonds are issued on a fully paid basis at an issue price of one hundred (100) per cent. of the Nominal Amount.
- 2.5 Provided that (i) no Event of Default is continuing or would result from the relevant issue of Subsequent Bonds and (ii) the Incurrence Test (including such issue of Subsequent Bonds on a *pro forma* basis) is met, the Issuer may, on one or several occasions, issue Subsequent Bonds. Subsequent Bonds shall benefit from and be subject to the Finance Documents, and, for the avoidance of doubt, the ISIN, the interest rate, the currency, the nominal amount and the final maturity applicable to the Initial Bonds shall apply to Subsequent Bonds. The issue price of the Subsequent Bonds may be set at the Nominal Amount, a discount or a premium compared to the Nominal Amount. The maximum Total Nominal Amount of the Bonds (the Initial Bonds and all Subsequent Bonds) may not exceed SEK 2,000,000,000, unless a consent from the Holders is obtained in accordance with Clause 14.4.3. Each Subsequent Bond shall entitle its holder to Interest in accordance with Clause 8.1, and otherwise have the same rights as the Initial Bonds.
- 2.6 The Bonds constitute direct, general, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and shall at all times rank *pari passu* and without any preference among them and at least *pari passu* with all other direct, general, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer, except obligations which are preferred by mandatory regulation and except as otherwise provided in the Finance Documents.
- 2.7 The Bonds are freely transferable but the Holders may be subject to purchase or transfer restrictions with regard to the Bonds, as applicable, under local regulation to which a

Holder may be subject. Each Holder must ensure compliance with such restrictions at its own cost and expense.

- 2.8 No action is being taken in any jurisdiction that would or is intended to permit a public offering of the Bonds or the possession, circulation or distribution of any document or other material relating to the Issuer or the Bonds in any jurisdiction other than Sweden, where action for that purpose is required. Each Holder must inform itself about, and observe, any applicable restrictions to the transfer of material relating to the Issuer or the Bonds.

### **3. USE OF PROCEEDS**

- 3.1 The Issuer shall use the Net Proceeds from the issue of the Initial Bonds for general corporate purposes of the Group (including but not limited to refinancing of Existing Bonds with ISIN SE0020846624, refinancing, investments, acquisitions and earn-out payments).
- 3.2 The Issuer shall use the Net Proceeds from the issue of any Subsequent Bonds for general corporate purposes, including but not limited to refinancing, investments, acquisitions and earn-out payments.

### **4. CONDITIONS FOR DISBURSEMENT**

- 4.1 The Issuer shall provide to the Agent, as soon as possible but no later than 9.00 a.m. two (2) Business Days prior to the First Issue Date (or such later time as agreed by the Agent), the following:
- (a) duly executed copies of the Finance Documents and the Agency Agreement;
  - (b) a copy of a resolution from the board of directors of the Issuer approving the issue of the Initial Bonds, the terms of the Finance Documents and the Agency Agreement, and resolving to enter into such documents and any other documents necessary in connection therewith;
  - (c) copies of the articles of association and certificate of incorporation of the Issuer; and
  - (d) evidence that the person(s) who has/have signed the Finance Documents, the Agency Agreement and any other documents in connection therewith on behalf of the Issuer is/are duly authorised to do so.
- 4.2 The Issuer shall provide to the Agent, as soon as possible but no later than 9.00 a.m. two (2) Business Days prior to the Issue Date (or such later time as agreed by the Agent) in respect of any Subsequent Bonds, the following:
- (a) a copy of a resolution from the board of directors of the Issuer approving the issue of the Subsequent Bonds and resolving to enter into any documents necessary in connection therewith;
  - (b) copies of the articles of association and certificate of incorporation of the Issuer; and

- (c) a Compliance Certificate evidencing that no Event of Default is continuing or would result from the issue of the Subsequent Bonds and that the Incurrence Test will be met.

4.3 The Agent shall promptly confirm to the Issuing Agent when it is satisfied that the conditions in Clause 4.1 or 4.2, as the case may be, have been fulfilled (or amended or waived in accordance with Clause 15 (*Amendments and waivers*)). The relevant Issue Date shall not occur unless the Agent makes such confirmation to the Issuing Agent no later than 9.00 a.m. one (1) Business Day prior to the relevant Issue Date (or later, if the Issuing Agent so agrees).

4.4 Following receipt by the Issuing Agent of the confirmation in accordance with Clause 4.3, the Issuing Agent shall settle the issuance of the Initial Bonds and pay the Net Proceeds to the Issuer on the First Issue Date. Following receipt by the Issuing Agent of the confirmation in accordance with Clause 4.3, the Issuing Agent shall settle the issuance of any Subsequent Bonds and pay the Net Proceeds to the Issuer on the relevant Issue Date.

## **5. BONDS IN BOOK-ENTRY FORM**

5.1 The Bonds will be registered for the Holders on their respective Securities Accounts and no physical Bonds will be issued. Accordingly, the Bonds will be registered in accordance with the Financial Instruments Accounts Act. Registration requests relating to the Bonds shall be directed to an Account Operator. The Debt Register shall constitute conclusive evidence of the persons who are Holders and their holdings of Bonds.

5.2 Those who according to assignment, Security, the provisions of the Swedish Children and Parents Code (*föräldrabalken (1949:381)*), conditions of will or deed of gift or otherwise have acquired a right to receive payments in respect of a Bond shall register their entitlements to receive payment in accordance with the Financial Instruments Accounts Act.

5.3 The Issuer and the Agent shall at all times be entitled to obtain information from the Debt Register. At the request of the Agent, the Issuer shall promptly obtain such information and provide it to the Agent. For the purpose of carrying out any administrative procedure that arises out of the Finance Documents, the Issuing Agent shall be entitled to obtain information from the Debt Register.

5.4 The Issuer shall issue any necessary power of attorney to such persons employed by the Agent, as notified by the Agent, in order for such individuals to independently obtain information directly from the Debt Register. The Issuer may not revoke any such power of attorney unless directed by the Agent or unless consent thereto is given by the Holders.

5.5 The Issuer and the Agent may use the information referred to in Clause 5.3 only for the purposes of carrying out their duties and exercising their rights in accordance with the Finance Documents and the Agency Agreement and shall not disclose such information to any Holder or third party unless necessary for such purposes.

## **6. RIGHT TO ACT ON BEHALF OF A HOLDER**

6.1 If any person other than a Holder (including the owner of a Bond, if such person is not the Holder) wishes to exercise any rights under the Finance Documents, it must obtain a power

of attorney or other authorisation from the Holder or a successive, coherent chain of powers of attorney or authorisations starting with the Holder and authorising such person.

- 6.2 A Holder may issue one or several powers of attorney or other authorisations to third parties to represent it in relation to some or all of the Bonds held by it. Any such representative may act independently under the Finance Documents in relation to the Bonds for which such representative is entitled to represent the Holder.
- 6.3 The Agent shall only have to examine the face of a power of attorney or other authorisation that has been provided to it pursuant to Clause 6.2 and may assume that such document has been duly authorised, is valid, has not been revoked or superseded and that it is in full force and effect, unless otherwise is apparent from its face or the Agent has actual knowledge to the contrary.
- 6.4 These Terms and Conditions shall not affect the relationship between a Holder who is the nominee (*förvaltare*) with respect to a Bond and the owner of such Bond, and it is the responsibility of such nominee to observe and comply with any restrictions that may apply to it in this capacity.

## **7. PAYMENTS IN RESPECT OF THE BONDS**

- 7.1 Any payment or repayment under the Finance Documents shall be made to such person who is registered as a Holder on the Record Date prior to an Interest Payment Date or other relevant payment date, or to such other person who is registered with the CSD on such Record Date as being entitled to receive the relevant payment, repayment or repurchase amount.
- 7.2 Provided that a Holder has registered an income account (*avkastningskonto*) for the relevant Securities Account on the applicable Record Date, the CSD shall procure that principal, interest and other payments under the Bonds are deposited to such income account on the relevant payment date. If an income account has not been registered on the Record Date for the payment, no payment will be effectuated by the CSD on the relevant payment date. Should the CSD, due to a delay on behalf of the Issuer or some other obstacle, not be able to effect payments as aforesaid, the Issuer shall procure that such amounts are paid to the persons who are registered as Holders on the relevant Record Date as soon as possible after such obstacle has been removed.
- 7.3 If, due to any obstacle for the CSD, the Issuer cannot make a payment or repayment, such payment or repayment may be postponed until the obstacle has been removed. Interest shall accrue in accordance with Clause 8.4 during such postponement.
- 7.4 If payment or repayment is made in accordance with this Clause 7, the Issuer shall be deemed to have fulfilled its obligation to pay, irrespective of whether such payment was made to a person not entitled to receive such amount (unless the Issuer has actual knowledge of the fact that the payment was made to the wrong person).
- 7.5 The Issuer shall pay any stamp duty and other public fees accruing in connection with the issue of Initial Bonds or any Subsequent Bonds, but not in respect of trading in the secondary market (except to the extent required by applicable law), and shall deduct at source any applicable withholding tax payable pursuant to law. The Issuer shall not be

liable to reimburse any stamp duty or public fee or to gross-up any payments under these Terms and Conditions by virtue of any withholding tax.

## **8. INTEREST**

8.1 Each Initial Bond carries Interest at the Interest Rate applied to the Nominal Amount from (but excluding) the First Issue Date up to (and including) the relevant Redemption Date. Any Subsequent Bond will carry Interest at the Interest Rate applied to the Nominal Amount from (but excluding) the Interest Payment Date falling immediately prior to its issuance (or the First Issue Date if there is no such Interest Payment Date) up to (and including) the relevant Redemption Date.

8.2 Interest accrues during an Interest Period. Payment of Interest in respect of the Bonds shall be made quarterly in arrears to the Holders on each Interest Payment Date for the preceding Interest Period.

8.3 Interest shall be calculated on the basis of the actual number of days in the Interest Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360 (actual/360-days basis).

8.4 If the Issuer fails to pay any amount payable by it under the Terms and Conditions on its due date, default interest shall accrue on the overdue amount from (but excluding) the due date up to (and including) the date of actual payment at a rate which is two hundred (200) basis points higher than the Interest Rate. The default interest shall not be capitalised. No default interest shall accrue where the failure to pay was solely attributable to the Agent or the CSD, in which case the Interest Rate shall apply instead.

## **9. REDEMPTION AND REPURCHASE OF THE BONDS**

### **9.1 Redemption at maturity**

The Issuer shall redeem all, but not some only, of the outstanding Bonds in full on the Final Maturity Date with an amount per Bond equal to the Nominal Amount together with accrued but unpaid Interest. If the Final Maturity Date is not a Business Day, then the redemption shall occur on the first following Business Day.

### **9.2 Purchase of Bonds by the Issuer**

9.2.1 The Issuer may, subject to applicable regulations, at any time and at any price purchase Bonds on the market or in any other way.

9.2.2 Bonds held by the Issuer may at the Issuer's discretion be retained or sold, but not cancelled, except in connection with a redemption or repurchase of the Bonds in full.

### **9.3 Voluntary total redemption (call option)**

9.3.1 The Issuer may redeem all, but not some only, of the outstanding Bonds in full:

- (a) any time prior to, but excluding, the First Call Date, at an amount per Bond equal to the amount per Bond payable pursuant to Clause 9.3.1(b) (for the avoidance of doubt, including the accrued but unpaid Interest), plus the amount of all remaining scheduled Interest payments on the Bond until the First Call Date (assuming that the Interest Rate for the period from the relevant Redemption Date to but excluding the First Call Date will be equal to the Interest Rate in effect on the date on which the applicable notice of redemption is given);

- (b) any time from and including the First Call Date to, but excluding, the first Business Day falling twenty-four(24) months after the First Issue Date at an amount per Bond equal to 103 per cent. of the Nominal Amount, together with accrued but unpaid Interest;
- (c) any time from and including the first Business Day falling twenty-four(24) months after the First Issue Date to, but excluding, the first Business Day falling thirty (30) months after the First Issue Date at an amount per Bond equal to 102.5 per cent. of the Nominal Amount, together with accrued but unpaid Interest;
- (d) any time from and including the first Business Day falling thirty(30) months after the First Issue Date to, but excluding, the first Business Day falling thirty-six (36) months after the First Issue Date at an amount per Bond equal to 101.75 per cent. of the Nominal Amount, together with accrued but unpaid Interest;
- (e) any time from and including the first Business Day falling thirty-six (36) months after the First Issue Date to, but excluding, the first Business Day falling forty-two (42) months after the First Issue Date at an amount per Bond equal to 101 per cent. of the Nominal Amount, together with accrued but unpaid Interest; or
- (f) any time from and including the first Business Day falling forty-two (42) months after the First Issue Date to, but excluding, the Final Maturity Date at an amount per Bond equal to 100.5 per cent. of the Nominal Amount, together with accrued but unpaid Interest;

provided that if the redemption is financed (in whole or in part) with one or several new Market Loans, the Issuer may redeem the Bonds from and including the date falling forty-two (42) months after the First Issue Date to, but excluding, the Final Maturity Date at an amount equal to 100.00 per cent. of the Nominal Amount, together with accrued but unpaid interest.

9.3.2 Redemption in accordance with Clause 9.3.1 shall be made by the Issuer giving not less than fifteen (15) Business Days' notice to the Holders and the Agent, in each case calculated from the effective date of the notice. The notice from the Issuer shall specify the Redemption Date and also the Record Date on which a person shall be registered as a Holder to receive the amounts due on such Redemption Date. The notice is irrevocable but may, at the Issuer's discretion, contain one or more conditions precedent that shall be satisfied prior to the Record Date. Upon fulfilment of the conditions precedent (if any), the Issuer shall redeem the Bonds in full at the applicable amount on the specified Redemption Date.

#### 9.4 **Mandatory repurchase due to a Change of Control Event, a De-listing Event or a Listing Failure Event (put option)**

9.4.1 Upon the occurrence of a Change of Control Event, a De-listing Event or a Listing Failure Event, each Holder shall during a period of fifteen (15) Business Days from the effective date of a notice from the Issuer of the Change of Control Event, a De-listing Event or Listing Failure Event, as the case may be, pursuant to Clause 10.1.3 (after which time period such right shall lapse), have the right to request that all, or some only, of its Bonds be repurchased (whereby the Issuer shall have the obligation to repurchase such Bonds) at a price per Bond equal to one hundred and one (101) per cent. of the Nominal Amount together with accrued but unpaid Interest. However, such period may not start earlier than

upon the occurrence of the Change of Control Event, the De-listing Event or the Listing Failure Event, as the case may be.

- 9.4.2 The notice from the Issuer pursuant to Clause 10.1.3 shall specify the period during which the right pursuant to Clause 9.4.1 may be exercised, the Redemption Date and include instructions about the actions that a Holder needs to take if it wants Bonds held by it to be repurchased. If a Holder has so requested, and acted in accordance with the instructions in the notice from the Issuer, the Issuer shall, or shall procure that a person designated by the Issuer will, repurchase the relevant Bonds and the repurchase amount shall fall due on the Redemption Date specified in the notice given by the Issuer pursuant to Clause 10.1.3. The Redemption Date must fall no later than twenty (20) Business Days after the end of the period referred to in Clause 9.4.1.
- 9.4.3 The Issuer shall comply with the requirements of any applicable securities regulations in connection with the repurchase of Bonds. To the extent that the provisions of such regulations conflict with the provisions in this Clause 9.4, the Issuer shall comply with the applicable securities regulations and will not be deemed to have breached its obligations under this Clause 9.4 by virtue of the conflict.

## **10. INFORMATION TO HOLDERS**

### **10.1 Information from the Issuer**

- 10.1.1 The Issuer shall make the following information available to the Holders by way of press release and by publication on the website of the Issuer:
- (a) as soon as the same become available, but in any event within four (4) months after the end of each financial year, its audited consolidated financial statements for that financial year, including a profit and loss account, a balance sheet, a cash flow statement and management commentary or report from the Issuer's board of directors;
  - (b) as soon as the same become available, but in any event within two (2) months after the end of each relevant interim period, its quarterly unaudited consolidated reports, including a profit and loss account, a balance sheet, a cash flow statement and management commentary or report from the Issuer's board of directors; and
  - (c) any other information required by the Swedish Securities Markets Act (*lag (2007:582) om värdepappersmarknaden*) and the rules and regulations of the Regulated Market on which the Bonds are admitted to trading.
- 10.1.2 The Issuer shall prepare the Financial Reports in accordance with the Accounting Principles.
- 10.1.3 The Issuer shall immediately notify the Agent (and, as regards a Change of Control Event, a De-listing Event or a Listing Failure Event, the Holders) upon becoming aware of the occurrence of a Change of Control Event, a De-listing Event, Listing Failure Event or an Event of Default, and shall provide the Agent with such further information as the Agent may request (acting reasonably) following receipt of such notice. Such notice may be given in advance of the occurrence of a Change of Control Event and be conditional upon the occurrence of a Change of Control Event, if a definitive agreement is in place providing for such Change of Control Event.
- 10.1.4 The Issuer shall (i) in connection with the incurrence of any new Financial Indebtedness (including any Subsequent Bond Issue), an increase of the maximum commitment under any Permitted Revolving Credit Facility or Permitted Working Capital Facility or payment

of any Restricted Payment, which requires that the Incurrence Test is met, and (ii) within twenty (20) days following a request by the Agent, submit to the Agent a compliance certificate (“**Compliance Certificate**”), substantially in the form set out in Schedule 1 (*Form of Compliance Certificate*) to these Terms and Conditions, signed by the CEO, CFO, general counsel or any other authorised signatory of the Issuer, certifying (i) satisfaction of the Incurrence Test (if relevant) and (ii) that so far as it is aware no Event of Default is continuing or, if it is aware that an Event of Default is continuing, specifying the event and steps, if any, being taken to remedy it. If the Compliance Certificate is provided in connection with an Incurrence Test, the certificate shall include calculations and figures in respect of the Incurrence Test.

10.1.5 The Issuer shall by way of publication on its website share information on the aggregate Nominal Amount of Bonds held by Group Companies from time to time.

## 10.2 **Information from the Agent**

10.2.1 Subject to the restrictions of a non-disclosure agreement entered into by the Agent in accordance with Clause 10.2.2, the Agent is entitled to disclose to the Holders any document, information, event or circumstance directly or indirectly relating to the Issuer or the Bonds. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Agent may if it considers it to be beneficial to the interests of the Holders delay disclosure or refrain from disclosing certain information (save for that any delay in disclosing an Event of Default shall be dealt with in accordance with Clauses 12.5 and 12.6).

10.2.2 If a committee representing the Holders’ interests under the Finance Documents has been appointed by the Holders, the members of such committee may agree with the Issuer not to disclose information received from the Issuer, provided that it, in the reasonable opinion of such members, is beneficial to the interests of the Holders. The Agent shall be a party to such agreement and receive the same information from the Issuer as the members of the committee.

## 10.3 **Information among the Holders**

Subject to applicable regulations, the Agent shall promptly upon request by a Holder forward by post any information from such Holder to the Holders which relates to the Bonds (at the discretion of the Agent). The Agent may require that the requesting Holder reimburses any costs or expenses incurred, or to be incurred, by it in doing so (including a reasonable fee for its work). The Agent shall upon request by a Holder disclose the identity of any other Holder who has consented to the Agent in doing so.

## 10.4 **Availability of Finance Documents**

The latest version of these Terms and Conditions (including any document amending these Terms and Conditions) shall be available on the websites of the Issuer and the Agent.

# 11. **GENERAL UNDERTAKINGS**

## 11.1 **Distributions**

11.1.1 The Issuer shall not, and shall procure that none of its Subsidiaries will, (i) pay any dividend on shares, (ii) repurchase any of its own shares, (iii) redeem its share capital or other restricted equity with repayment to shareholders, (iv) repay principal or pay interest under any Capital Securities, or (v) make any other similar distributions or transfers of value (*värdeöverföringar*) to the Issuer’s, or its Subsidiaries’, direct and indirect

shareholders or the Affiliates of such direct and indirect shareholders (items (i)–(v) above are together and individually referred to as a “**Restricted Payment**”).

- 11.1.2 Notwithstanding the above, a Restricted Payment may be made (A) by any Group Company to another Group Company, provided that if such payment is made by a Subsidiary which is not directly or indirectly wholly-owned by the Issuer, is made on a *pro rata* basis, (B) by the Issuer in respect of any interest under any Capital Securities, (C) by the Issuer in respect of any principal under any Capital Securities, to the extent it is financed by way of issuance of other Capital Securities or equity of any kind, or is permitted pursuant to sub-paragraph (E) below, (D) by the Issuer pursuant to any incentive programme approved by the general meeting, (E) by the Issuer if, at the time of the payment, paragraph (a) of the definition of “Incurrence Test” above is met (calculated on a *pro forma* basis including the relevant Restricted Payment), or (F) if and to the extent necessary to comply with mandatory provisions of the Swedish Companies Act relating to dividend distributions to minority shareholders, provided that, the Issuer in such case shall ensure that any such dividends shall be paid at the lowest level allowed by applicable law.

## 11.2 **Admission to trading**

- 11.2.1 The Issuer intends to admit the Initial Bonds to trading on the corporate bond list of Nasdaq Stockholm or, if such admission to trading is not possible to obtain or maintain, admitted to trading on another Regulated Market within thirty (30) days after the First Issue Date. The Issuer shall in any event ensure that the Initial Bonds are admitted to trading on the corporate bond list of Nasdaq Stockholm or, if such admission to trading is not possible to obtain or maintain, admitted to trading on another Regulated Market, within twelve (12) months after the First Issue Date.

- 11.2.2 The Issuer intends to admit any Subsequent Bonds to trading on the relevant Regulated Market within thirty (30) days, and shall in any event ensure that they are so admitted to trading within sixty (60) days, after the relevant Issue Date. If any Subsequent Bonds are issued prior to the admission of trading of the Initial Bonds, such Subsequent Bonds shall be listed on the same date as the Initial Bonds.

- 11.2.3 Following an admission to trading the Issuer shall use its best efforts to maintain it for as long as any Bonds are outstanding, or if such admission to trading is not possible to obtain or maintain, admitted to trading on another Regulated Market. The Bonds are however not required to be admitted to trading on a Regulated Market from and including the last day on which the admission reasonably can, pursuant to the then applicable regulations of the Regulated Market and the CSD, subsist.

## 11.3 **Nature of business**

The Issuer shall procure that no substantial change is made to the general nature of the business as carried out by the Group on the First Issue Date.

## 11.4 **Financial indebtedness**

The Issuer shall not, and shall procure that none of its Subsidiaries will, incur any new Financial Indebtedness or maintain or prolong any existing Financial Indebtedness, or increase the maximum commitment under any Permitted Revolving Capital Facility or Permitted Working Capital Facility, provided, however, that each of the Group Companies have a right to incur, maintain and prolong Financial Indebtedness, and increase the maximum commitment under any Permitted Revolving Capital Facility or Permitted Working Capital Facility, which constitute Permitted Debt.

**11.5 Negative pledge**

The Issuer shall not, and shall procure that none of its Subsidiaries will, create or allow to subsist, retain, provide, prolong or renew any guarantee or Security over any of its/their assets (present or future), provided however that each of the Group Companies has the right to create or allow to subsist, retain, provide, prolong and renew any Permitted Security.

**11.6 Disposal of assets**

The Issuer shall not, and shall procure that none of its Subsidiaries will, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of shares in any Material Group Company or of all or substantially all of its or any Material Group Company's assets or operations to any person not being the Issuer or any of its wholly-owned Subsidiaries, unless the transaction (taken as a whole also taking into account any transaction ancillary or related thereto) is carried out at fair market value and on terms and conditions customary for such transaction and provided that it does not have a Material Adverse Effect. The Issuer shall upon the reasonable request of the Agent, provide the Agent with any information relating to any such disposal being made.

**11.7 Dealings with related parties**

The Issuer shall, and shall procure that its Subsidiaries, conduct all dealings with the direct and indirect shareholders of the Group Companies (excluding when such shareholder is another Group Company) and/or any Affiliates of such direct and indirect shareholders at arm's length terms.

**11.8 Compliance with laws, etc.**

The Issuer shall (and the Issuer shall procure that each other Group Company will) (i) comply in all material respects with all laws and regulations to which it may be subject, and (ii) obtain, maintain, and in all material respects comply with the terms and conditions of any authorisation, approval, licence or other permit required for the business carried out by a Group Company, if failure to so comply, obtain or maintain in accordance with this subparagraph (ii) has or is reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect.

**11.9 Intellectual property**

The Issuer shall (and the Issuer shall procure that each other Group Company will):

- (a) preserve and maintain the subsistence and validity of the Intellectual Property necessary for the business of the relevant Group Company;
- (b) use reasonable endeavours to prevent any infringement in any material respect of the Intellectual Property;
- (c) make registrations and pay all registration fees and taxes necessary to maintain the Intellectual Property in full force and effect and record its interest in that Intellectual Property (in each case to the extent commercially reasonable and only in such jurisdictions the relevant Group Company deems relevant);
- (d) not use or permit the Intellectual Property to be used in a way or take any step or omit to take any step in respect of that Intellectual Property which may materially

and adversely affect the existence or value of the Intellectual Property or imperil the right of any Group Company to use such property; and

- (e) not discontinue the use of the Intellectual Property, where failure to do so or such use, permission to use, omission or discontinuation (as applicable), has or is reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect.

#### 11.10 **Undertakings relating to the Agency Agreement**

11.10.1 The Issuer shall, in accordance with the Agency Agreement:

- (a) pay fees to the Agent;
- (b) indemnify the Agent for costs, losses and liabilities;
- (c) furnish to the Agent all information reasonably requested by or otherwise required to be delivered to the Agent; and
- (d) not act in a way which would give the Agent a legal or contractual right to terminate the Agency Agreement.

11.10.2 The Issuer and the Agent shall not agree to amend any provisions of the Agency Agreement without the prior consent of the Holders if the amendment would be detrimental to the interests of the Holders.

#### 11.11 **CSD related undertakings**

The Issuer shall keep the Bonds affiliated with a CSD and comply with all applicable CSD Regulations.

### 12. **ACCELERATION OF THE BONDS**

12.1 The Agent is entitled to, and shall following a demand in writing from a Holder (or Holders) representing at least fifty (50) per cent. of the Adjusted Nominal Amount (such demand shall, if made by several Holders, be made by them jointly) or following an instruction given pursuant to Clause 12.7, on behalf of the Holders (i) by notice to the Issuer, declare all, but not some only, of the outstanding Bonds due and payable together with any other amounts payable under the Finance Documents, immediately or at such later date as the Agent determines, and (ii) exercise any or all of its rights, remedies, powers and discretions under the Finance Documents, if:

#### (a) **Non-payment**

The Issuer does not pay on the due date any amount payable by it under the Finance Documents, unless the non-payment:

- (i) is caused by technical or administrative error; and
- (ii) is remedied within five (5) Business Days from the due date.

#### (b) **Other obligations**

The Issuer does not comply with any terms of or acts in violation of the Finance Documents to which it is a party (other than those terms referred to in paragraph (a) above), unless the non-compliance:

- (i) is capable of remedy; and
- (ii) is remedied within fifteen (15) Business Days of the earlier of the Agent giving notice and the relevant person becoming aware of the non-compliance (if the failure or violation is not capable of being remedied, the Agent may declare the Bonds payable without such notice being given).

(c) **Cross payment default and cross acceleration**

Any Financial Indebtedness of a Group Company is not paid when due nor within any originally applicable grace period, or is declared to be or otherwise becomes due and payable prior to its specified maturity as a result of an event of default (however described), provided that no Event of Default will occur under this paragraph (c) if the aggregate amount of Financial Indebtedness referred to herein is less than SEK 50,000,000, or (ii) the Financial Indebtedness in question is owed to another Group Company.

(d) **Insolvency proceedings**

Any corporate action, legal proceedings or other procedure or step (other than (i) proceedings or petitions which are being disputed in good faith and are discharged, stayed or dismissed within thirty (30) days of commencement or, if earlier, the date on which it is advertised, and (ii) in relation to its Subsidiaries, solvent liquidations) in relation to:

- (i) the suspension of payments, a moratorium of any indebtedness, winding-up, dissolution, administration, company reorganisation (*företagsrekonstruktion*) or bankruptcy (*konkurs*) of any Material Group Company;
- (ii) the appointment of a liquidator, administrator or other similar officer in respect of any Material Group Company or any of its assets; or
- (iii) any step analogous to items (i)–(ii) above is taken in any jurisdiction in relation to any Material Group Company.

(e) **Insolvency**

- (i) Any Material Group Company is unable or admits inability to pay its debts as they fall due or is declared to be unable to pay its debts under applicable law, suspends making payments on its debts generally or, by reason of actual or anticipated financial difficulties, commences negotiations with its creditors generally (except for Holders) with a view to rescheduling its Financial Indebtedness; or
- (ii) a moratorium is declared in respect of the Financial Indebtedness of any Material Group Company.

(f) **Creditors' process**

Any enforcement of Security, expropriation, attachment, sequestration, distress or execution, or any analogous process in any jurisdiction, affects any asset of any Material Group Company having an aggregate value of an amount equal to or exceeding SEK 50,000,000 and is not discharged within sixty (60) days.

(g) **Impossibility or illegality**

It is or becomes impossible or unlawful for the Issuer to fulfil or perform any of the provisions of the Finance Documents or if the obligations under the Finance Documents are not, or cease to be, legal, valid, binding and enforceable.

(h) **Mergers and demergers**

- (i) The Issuer merges with any other person, or is subject to a demerger, with the effect that the Issuer is not the surviving entity; or
- (ii) a Material Group Company merges or demerges into a company which is not a Group Company, provided that such merger or demerger has a Material Adverse Effect.

(i) **Continuation of the business**

A Material Group Company ceases to carry on its business except if due to (a) a disposal permitted under Clause 11.6 (*Disposal of assets*), (b) a solvent liquidation of a Group Company other than the Issuer or (c) a merger or demerger permitted as stipulated in paragraph (h) above and provided that, in relation to a discontinuation of a Material Group Company (other than the Issuer) such discontinuation is likely to have a Material Adverse Effect.

- 12.2 The Agent may not accelerate the Bonds in accordance with Clause 12.1 by reference to a specific Event of Default if it is no longer continuing or if it has been decided on a Holders Meeting or by way of a Written Procedure to waive such Event of Default (temporarily or permanently).
- 12.3 The Issuer shall immediately notify the Agent (with full particulars) upon becoming aware of the occurrence of any event or circumstance which constitutes an Event of Default or any event which would (with the expiry of a grace period, the giving of notice, the making of any determination or any combination of any of the foregoing) constitute an Event of Default, and shall provide the Agent with such further information as it may reasonably request in writing following receipt of such notice.
- 12.4 The Issuer is only obligated to inform the Agent according to Clause 12.3 if informing the Agent would not conflict with any statute or the Issuer's registration contract with the relevant Regulated Market. If such a conflict would exist pursuant to the listing contract with the relevant Regulated Market or otherwise, the Issuer shall, however, be obligated to either seek the approval from the relevant Regulated Market or undertake other reasonable measures, including entering into a non-disclosure agreement with the Agent, in order to be able to timely inform the Agent according to Clause 12.3.
- 12.5 The Agent shall notify the Holders of an Event of Default within five (5) Business Days of the date on which the Agent received actual knowledge of that an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, the Agent may postpone a notification of an Event of Default (other than in relation to payments) up until the time stipulated in Clause 12.6 for as long as, in the reasonable opinion of the Agent such postponement is in the interests of the Holders as a group. The Agent shall always be entitled to take the time necessary to determine whether an event constitutes an Event of Default.
- 12.6 The Agent shall, within twenty (20) Business Days of the date on which the Agent received actual knowledge of that an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, decide if the Bonds shall be so accelerated. If the Agent decides not to accelerate the

Bonds, the Agent shall promptly seek instructions from the Holders in accordance with Clause 14 (*Decisions by Holders*).

- 12.7 If the Holders instruct the Agent to accelerate the Bonds, the Agent shall promptly declare the Bonds due and payable and take such actions as may, in the opinion of the Agent, be necessary or desirable to enforce the rights of the Holders under the Finance Documents, unless the relevant Event of Default is no longer continuing.
- 12.8 If the right to accelerate the Bonds is based upon a decision of a court of law, an arbitral tribunal or a government authority, it is not necessary that the decision has become enforceable under any applicable regulation or that the period of appeal has expired in order for cause of acceleration to be deemed to exist.
- 12.9 In the event of an acceleration of the Bonds in accordance with this Clause 12, the Issuer shall redeem all Bonds with an amount equal to the call option price set out in Clause 9.3.1 as applicable considering when the acceleration occurs, together with accrued but unpaid Interest.

### **13. DISTRIBUTION OF PROCEEDS**

- 13.1 All payments by the Issuer relating to the Bonds and the Finance Documents following an acceleration of the Bonds in accordance with Clause 12 (*Acceleration of the Bonds*) shall be distributed in the following order of priority, in accordance with the instructions of the Agent:
- (a) *first*, in or towards payment *pro rata* of (i) all unpaid fees, costs, expenses and indemnities payable by the Issuer to the Agent in accordance with the Agency Agreement and the Finance Documents (other than any indemnity given for liability against the Holders), (ii) other costs, expenses and indemnities relating to the acceleration of the Bonds or the protection of the Holders' rights as may have been incurred by the Agent, (iii) any costs incurred by the Agent for external experts that have not been reimbursed by the Issuer in accordance with Clause 16.2.5, and (iv) any costs and expenses incurred by the Agent that have not been reimbursed by the Issuer in accordance with Clause 14.4.12, together with default interest in accordance with Clause 8.4 on any such amount calculated from the date it was due to be paid or reimbursed by the Issuer;
  - (b) *secondly*, in or towards payment *pro rata* of accrued but unpaid Interest under the Bonds (Interest due on an earlier Interest Payment Date to be paid before any Interest due on a later Interest Payment Date);
  - (c) *thirdly*, in or towards payment *pro rata* of any unpaid principal under the Bonds; and
  - (d) *fourthly*, in or towards payment *pro rata* of any other costs or outstanding amounts unpaid under the Finance Documents, including default interest in accordance with Clause 8.4 on delayed payments of Interest and repayments of principal under the Bonds.

Any excess funds after the application of proceeds in accordance with paragraphs (a) to (d) above shall be paid to the Issuer. The application of proceeds in accordance with items (a) to (d) above shall, however, not restrict a Holders' Meeting or a Written Procedure from

resolving that accrued Interest (whether overdue or not) shall be reduced without a corresponding reduction of principal.

- 13.2 If a Holder or another party has paid any fees, costs, expenses or indemnities referred to in Clause 13.1(a), such Holder or other party shall be entitled to reimbursement by way of a corresponding distribution in accordance with Clause 13.1(a).
- 13.3 Funds that the Agent receives (directly or indirectly) on an account as designated by the Agent in connection with the acceleration of the Bonds constitute escrow funds (*redovisningsmedel*) and must be held on a separate bank account on behalf of the Holders and the other interested parties. The Agent shall arrange for payments of such funds in accordance with this Clause 13 as soon as reasonably practicable.
- 13.4 If the Issuer or the Agent shall make any payment under this Clause 13, the Issuer or the Agent, as applicable, shall notify the Holders of any such payment at least fifteen (15) Business Days before the payment is made. The notice from the Issuer shall specify the amount to be paid, the Redemption Date and also the Record Date on which a person shall be registered as a Holder to receive the amounts due on such Redemption Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, for any Interest due but unpaid, the Record Date specified in Clause 7.1 shall apply.

#### **14. DECISIONS BY HOLDERS**

##### **14.1 Request for a decision**

- 14.1.1 A request by the Agent for a decision by the Holders on a matter relating to the Finance Documents shall (at the option of the Agent) be dealt with at a Holders' Meeting or by way of a Written Procedure.
- 14.1.2 Any request from the Issuer or a Holder (or Holders) representing at least ten (10) per cent. of the Adjusted Nominal Amount (such request shall, if made by several Holders, be made by them jointly) for a decision by the Holders on a matter relating to the Finance Documents shall be directed to the Agent and dealt with at a Holders' Meeting or by way of a Written Procedure, as determined by the Agent. The person requesting the decision may suggest the form for decision making, but if it is in the Agent's opinion more appropriate that a matter is dealt with at a Holders' Meeting than by way of a Written Procedure, it shall be dealt with at a Holders' Meeting.
- 14.1.3 The Agent may refrain from convening a Holders' Meeting or instigating a Written Procedure if (i) the suggested decision must be approved by any person in addition to the Holders and such person has informed the Agent that an approval will not be given, or (ii) the suggested decision is not in accordance with applicable regulations.
- 14.1.4 The Agent shall not be responsible for the content of a notice for a Holders' Meeting or a communication regarding a Written Procedure unless and to the extent it contains information provided by the Agent.
- 14.1.5 Should the Agent not convene a Holders' Meeting or instigate a Written Procedure in accordance with these Terms and Conditions, without Clause 14.1.3 being applicable, the Issuer or the Holder(s) requesting a decision by the Holders may convene such Holders' Meeting or instigate such Written Procedure, as the case may be, instead. The Issuer or the Issuing Agent shall upon request provide the Issuer or the convening Holder(s) with the information available in the Debt Register in order to convene and hold the Holders' Meeting or instigate and carry out the Written Procedure, as the case may be. The Issuer or

Holder(s), as applicable, shall supply to the Agent a copy of the dispatched notice or communication.

14.1.6 Should the Issuer want to replace the Agent, it may (i) convene a Holders' Meeting in accordance with Clause 14.2 (*Convening of Holders' Meeting*) or (ii) instigate a Written Procedure by sending communication in accordance with Clause 14.3 (*Instigation of Written Procedure*). After a request from the Holders pursuant to Clause 16.4.3, the Issuer shall no later than five (5) Business Days after receipt of such request (or such later date as may be necessary for technical or administrative reasons) convene a Holders' Meeting in accordance with Clause 14.2. The Issuer shall inform the Agent before a notice for a Holders' Meeting or communication relating to a Written Procedure where the Agent is proposed to be replaced is sent and supply to the Agent a copy of the dispatched notice or communication.

14.1.7 Should the Issuer or any Holder(s) convene a Holders' Meeting or instigate a Written Procedure pursuant to Clause 14.1.5 or 14.1.6, then the Agent shall no later than five (5) Business Days prior to dispatch of such notice or communication be provided with a draft thereof. The Agent may further append information from it together with the notice or communication, provided that the Agent supplies such information to the Issuer or the Holder(s), as the case may be, no later than one (1) Business Day prior to the dispatch of such notice or communication.

## 14.2 **Convening of Holders' Meeting**

14.2.1 The Agent shall convene a Holders' Meeting by way of notice to the Holders as soon as practicable and in any event no later than five (5) Business Days after receipt of a complete notice from the Issuer or the Holder(s) (or such later date as may be necessary for technical or administrative reasons).

14.2.2 The notice pursuant to Clause 14.2.1 shall include:

- (a) time for the meeting;
- (b) place for the meeting;
- (c) a specification of the Record Date on which a person must be registered as a Holder in order to be entitled to exercise voting rights;
- (d) a form of power of attorney;
- (e) the agenda for the meeting;
- (f) any applicable conditions precedent and conditions subsequent;
- (g) the reasons for, and contents of, each proposal;
- (h) if the proposal concerns an amendment to any Finance Document, the details of such proposed amendment;
- (i) if the notification by the Holders is required in order to attend the Holders' Meeting, information regarding such; and
- (j) information on where additional information (if any) will be published.

14.2.3 The Holders' Meeting shall be held no earlier than ten (10) Business Days and no later than twenty (20) Business Days after the effective date of the notice.

14.2.4 Without amending or varying these Terms and Conditions, the Agent may prescribe such further regulations regarding the convening and holding of a Holders' Meeting as the

Agent may deem appropriate. Such regulations may include a possibility for Holders to vote without attending the meeting in person.

### 14.3 **Instigation of Written Procedure**

14.3.1 The Agent shall instigate a Written Procedure by way of sending a communication to the Holders as soon as practicable and in any event no later than five (5) Business Days after receipt of a complete communication from the Issuer or the Holder(s) (or such later date as may be necessary for technical or administrative reasons).

14.3.2 A communication pursuant to Clause 14.3.1 shall include:

- (a) a specification of the Record Date on which a person must be registered as a Holder in order to be entitled to exercise voting rights;
- (b) instructions and directions on where to receive a form for replying to the request (such form to include an option to vote yes or no for each request) as well as a form of power of attorney;
- (c) the stipulated time period within which the Holder must reply to the request (such time period to last at least ten (10) Business Days and not longer than twenty (20) Business Days from the effective date of the communication pursuant to Clause 14.3.1);
- (d) any applicable conditions and conditions precedent;
- (e) the reasons for, and contents of, each proposal;
- (f) if a proposal concerns an amendment to any Finance Document, the details of such proposed amendment;
- (g) if the voting is to be made electronically, the instructions for such voting; and
- (h) information on where additional information (if any) will be published.

14.3.3 If so elected by the person requesting the Written Procedure and provided that it is also disclosed in the communication pursuant to Clause 14.3.1, when consents from Holders representing the requisite majority of the total Adjusted Nominal Amount pursuant to Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.4.3 have been received in a Written Procedure, the relevant decision shall be deemed to be adopted pursuant to Clause 14.4.2 or 14.4.3, as the case may be, even if the time period for replies in the Written Procedure has not yet expired.

14.3.4 The Agent may, during the Written Procedure, provide information to the Issuer by way of updates whether or not quorum requirements have been met and about the eligible votes received by the Agent, including the portion consenting or not consenting to the proposal(s) or refraining from voting (as applicable).

### 14.4 **Majority, quorum and other provisions**

14.4.1 Only a Holder, or a person who has been provided with a power of attorney or other authorisation pursuant to Clause 6 (*Right to act on behalf of a Holder*) from a Holder:

- (a) on the Record Date specified in the notice pursuant to Clause 14.2.2, in respect of a Holders' Meeting, or
- (b) on the Record Date specified in the communication pursuant to Clause 14.3.2, in respect of a Written Procedure,

may exercise voting rights as a Holder at such Holders' Meeting or in such Written Procedure, provided that the relevant Bonds are included in the Adjusted Nominal Amount. Each whole Bond entitles to one vote and any fraction of a Bond voted for by a

person shall be disregarded. Such Business Day specified pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) above must fall no earlier than one (1) Business Day after the effective date of the notice or communication, as the case may be.

- 14.4.2 The following matters shall require the consent of Holders representing at least two thirds (2/3) of the Adjusted Nominal Amount for which Holders are voting at a Holders' Meeting or for which Holders reply in a Written Procedure in accordance with the instructions given pursuant to Clause 14.3.2:
- (a) a reduction of the Interest, Interest Rate (other than as a result of an application of Clause 19 (*Replacement of Base Rate*) or the Nominal Amount to be paid by the Issuer;
  - (b) an amendment of any payment day for principal or Interest;
  - (c) a change of issuer;
  - (d) a mandatory exchange of the Bonds for other securities; or
  - (e) an amendment of the provisions in this Clause 14.4.2 or Clause 14.4.3.
- 14.4.3 Any matter not covered by Clause 14.4.2 shall require the consent of Holders representing more than fifty (50) per cent. of the Adjusted Nominal Amount for which Holders are voting at a Holders' Meeting or for which Holders reply in a Written Procedure in accordance with the instructions given pursuant to Clause 14.3.2. This includes, but is not limited to, any amendment to, or waiver of, the terms of any Finance Document that does not require a higher majority (other than an amendment or waiver permitted pursuant to Clause 15.1(a) or (c)), an acceleration of the Bonds.
- 14.4.4 If the number of votes or replies are equal, the opinion which is most beneficial for the Issuer, according to the chairman at a Holders' Meeting or the Agent in a Written Procedure, will prevail. The chairman at a Holders' Meeting shall be appointed by the Holders in accordance with Clause 14.4.3.
- 14.4.5 Quorum at a Holders' Meeting or in respect of a Written Procedure only exists if a Holder (or Holders) representing at least twenty (20) per cent. of the Adjusted Nominal Amount:
- (a) if at a Holders' Meeting, attend the meeting in person, by telephone conference or by any other means prescribed by the Agent pursuant to Clause 14.2.4 (or appear through duly authorised representatives); or
  - (b) if in respect of a Written Procedure, reply to the request.
- 14.4.6 If a quorum exists for some but not all of the matters to be dealt with at a Holders' Meeting or by a Written Procedure, decisions may be taken in the matters for which a quorum exists.
- 14.4.7 If a quorum does not exist at a Holders' Meeting or in respect of a Written Procedure, the Agent or the Issuer shall convene a second Holders' Meeting (in accordance with Clause 14.2.1) or initiate a second Written Procedure (in accordance with Clause 14.3.1), as the case may be, provided that the person(s) who initiated the procedure for Holders' consent has confirmed that the relevant proposal is not withdrawn. For the purposes of a second Holders' Meeting or second Written Procedure pursuant to this Clause 14.4.7, the date of request of the second Holders' Meeting pursuant to Clause 14.2.1 or second Written Procedure pursuant to Clause 14.3.1, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the

relevant date when the quorum did not exist. The quorum requirement in Clause 14.4.5 shall not apply to such second Holders' Meeting or Written Procedure.

- 14.4.8 Any decision which extends or increases the obligations of the Issuer or the Agent, or limits, reduces or extinguishes the rights or benefits of the Issuer or the Agent, under the Finance Documents shall be subject to the Issuer's or the Agent's consent, as applicable.
- 14.4.9 A Holder holding more than one Bond need not use all its votes or cast all the votes to which it is entitled in the same way and may in its discretion use or cast some of its votes only.
- 14.4.10 The Issuer may not, directly or indirectly, pay or cause to be paid any consideration to or for the benefit of any owner of Bonds (irrespective of whether such person is a Holder) for or as inducement to any consent under these Terms and Conditions, unless such consideration is offered to all Holders that consent at the relevant Holders' Meeting or in a Written Procedure within the time period stipulated for the consideration to be payable or the time period for replies in the Written Procedure, as the case may be.
- 14.4.11 A matter decided at a duly convened and held Holders' Meeting or by way of Written Procedure is binding on all Holders, irrespective of them being present or represented at the Holders' Meeting or responding in the Written Procedure. The Holders that have not adopted or voted for a decision shall not be liable for any damages that this may cause the Issuer or the other Holders.
- 14.4.12 All costs and expenses incurred by the Issuer or the Agent for the purpose of convening a Holders' Meeting or for the purpose of carrying out a Written Procedure, including reasonable fees to the Agent, shall be paid by the Issuer.
- 14.4.13 If a decision is to be taken by the Holders on a matter relating to the Finance Documents, the Issuer shall promptly at the request of the Agent provide the Agent with a certificate specifying the number of Bonds owned by Group Companies or (to the knowledge of the Issuer) Affiliates as per the Record Date for voting, irrespective of whether such person is a Holder. The Agent shall not be responsible for the accuracy of such certificate or otherwise be responsible for determining whether a Bond is owned by a Group Company or an Affiliate.
- 14.4.14 Information about decisions taken at a Holders' Meeting or by way of a Written Procedure shall promptly be published on the websites of the Issuer and the Agent, provided that a failure to do so shall not invalidate any decision made or voting result achieved. The minutes from the relevant Holders' Meeting or Written Procedure shall at the request of a Holder be sent to it by the Issuer or the Agent, as applicable.

## **15. AMENDMENTS AND WAIVERS**

- 15.1 The Issuer and the Agent (acting on behalf of the Holders) may agree in writing to amend and/or waive any provision in a Finance Document or any other document relating to the Bonds, provided that the Agent is satisfied that such amendment or waiver:
- (a) is not detrimental to the interest of the Holders as a group;
  - (b) is made solely for the purpose of rectifying obvious errors and mistakes;
  - (c) is required by any applicable regulation, a court ruling or a decision by a relevant authority;

- (d) is necessary for the purpose of listing the Bonds on the relevant Regulated Market, as applicable, provided such amendment or waiver does not materially adversely affect the rights of the Holders;
- (e) has been duly approved by the Holders in accordance with Clause 14 (*Decisions by Holders*) and it has received any conditions precedent specified for the effectiveness of the approval by the Holders; or
- (f) is made pursuant to Clause 19 (*Replacement of Base Rate*).

15.2 Any amendments to the Finance Documents shall be made available in the manner stipulated in Clause 10.4 (*Availability of Finance Documents*). The Issuer shall ensure that any amendments to the Finance Documents are duly registered with the CSD and each other relevant organisation or authority. The Issuer shall promptly publish by way of press release any amendment or waiver made pursuant to Clause 15.1(a) or (c), in each case setting out the amendment in reasonable detail and the date from which the amendment or waiver will be effective.

15.3 An amendment or waiver to the Finance Documents shall take effect on the date determined by the Holders' Meeting, in the Written Procedure or by the Agent, as the case may be.

## 16. THE AGENT

### 16.1 Appointment of the Agent

16.1.1 By subscribing for Bonds, each initial Holder appoints the Agent to act as its agent in all matters relating to the Bonds and the Finance Documents, and authorises the Agent to act on its behalf (without first having to obtain its consent, unless such consent is specifically required by these Terms and Conditions) in any legal or arbitration proceedings relating to the Bonds held by such Holder, including the winding-up, dissolution, liquidation, company reorganisation (*företagsrekonstruktion*) or bankruptcy (*konkurs*) (or its equivalent in any other jurisdiction) of the Issuer. By acquiring Bonds, each subsequent Holder confirms such appointment and authorisation for the Agent to act on its behalf.

16.1.2 Each Holder shall immediately upon request by the Agent provide the Agent with any such documents, including a written power of attorney (in form and substance satisfactory to the Agent), that the Agent deems necessary for the purpose of exercising its rights and/or carrying out its duties under the Finance Documents. The Agent is under no obligation to represent a Holder which does not comply with such request.

16.1.3 The Issuer shall promptly upon request provide the Agent with any documents and other assistance (in form and substance satisfactory to the Agent), that the Agent deems necessary for the purpose of exercising its rights and/or carrying out its duties under the Finance Documents.

16.1.4 The Agent is entitled to fees for all its work in such capacity and to be indemnified for costs, losses and liabilities on the terms set out in the Finance Documents and the Agency

Agreement and the Agent's obligations as Agent under the Finance Documents are conditioned upon the due payment of such fees and indemnifications.

- 16.1.5 The Agent may act as agent or trustee for several issues of securities issued by or relating to the Issuer and other Group Companies notwithstanding potential conflicts of interest.
- 16.2 **Duties of the Agent**
- 16.2.1 The Agent shall represent the Holders in accordance with the Finance Documents.
- 16.2.2 When acting pursuant to the Finance Documents, the Agent is always acting with binding effect on behalf of the Holders. The Agent is never acting as an advisor to the Holders or the Issuer. Any advice or opinion from the Agent does not bind the Holders or the Issuer.
- 16.2.3 When acting pursuant to the Finance Documents, the Agent shall carry out its duties with reasonable care and skill in a proficient and professional manner.
- 16.2.4 The Agent shall treat all Holders equally and, when acting pursuant to the Finance Documents, act with regard only to the interests of the Holders as a group and shall not be required to have regard to the interests or to act upon or comply with any direction or request of any other person, other than as explicitly stated in the Finance Documents.
- 16.2.5 The Agent is always entitled to delegate its duties to other professional parties and to engage external experts when carrying out its duties as agent, without having to first obtain any consent from the Holders or the Issuer. The Agent shall however remain liable for any actions of such parties if such parties are performing duties of the Agent under the Finance Documents.
- 16.2.6 The Issuer shall on demand by the Agent pay all costs for external experts engaged by it (i) after the occurrence of an Event of Default, (ii) for the purpose of investigating or considering (A) an event or circumstance which the Agent reasonably believes is or may lead to an Event of Default or (B) a matter relating to the Issuer or the Finance Documents which the Agent reasonably believes may be detrimental to the interests of the Holders under the Finance Documents, or (iii) when the Agent is to make a determination under the Finance Documents. Any compensation for damages or other recoveries received by the Agent from external experts engaged by it for the purpose of carrying out its duties under the Finance Documents shall be distributed in accordance with Clause 13 (*Distribution of proceeds*).
- 16.2.7 The Agent shall, as applicable, enter into agreements with the CSD, and comply with such agreement and the CSD Regulations applicable to the Agent, as may be necessary in order for the Agent to carry out its duties under the Finance Documents.
- 16.2.8 Other than as specifically set out in the Finance Documents, the Agent shall not be obliged to monitor (i) whether any Event of Default has occurred, (ii) the financial condition of the Issuer and the Group, (iii) the performance, default or any breach by the Issuer or any other party of its obligations under the Finance Documents, or (iv) whether any other event specified in any Finance Document has occurred or is expected to occur, and should the Agent not receive such information, the Agent is entitled to assume that no such event or circumstance exists or can be expected to occur, provided that the Agent does not have actual knowledge of such event or circumstance.
- 16.2.9 The Agent shall (i) review each Compliance Certificate delivered to it to determine that it meets the requirements set out in Clause 10.1.4 and as otherwise agreed between the Issuer and the Agent, and (ii) verify that the Issuer according to its reporting in the Compliance Certificate meets the Incurrence Test. The Issuer shall promptly upon request provide the

Agent with such information as the Agent reasonably considers necessary for the purpose of being able to comply with this Clause 16.2.9.

- 16.2.10 The Agent shall ensure that it receives evidence satisfactory to it that Finance Documents which are required to be delivered to the Agent are duly authorised and executed (as applicable). The Issuer shall promptly upon request provide the Agent with such documents and evidence as the Agent reasonably considers necessary for the purpose of being able to comply with this Clause 16.2.10. Other than as set out above, the Agent shall neither be liable to the Issuer or the Holders for damage due to any documents and information delivered to the Agent not being accurate, correct and complete, unless it has actual knowledge to the contrary, nor be liable for the content, validity, perfection or enforceability of such documents.
- 16.2.11 Notwithstanding any other provision of the Finance Documents to the contrary, the Agent is not obliged to do or omit to do anything if it would or might in its reasonable opinion constitute a breach of any regulation.
- 16.2.12 If in the Agent's reasonable opinion the cost, loss or liability which it may incur (including reasonable fees to the Agent) in complying with instructions of the Holders, or taking any action at its own initiative, will not be covered by the Issuer, the Agent may refrain from acting in accordance with such instructions, or taking such action, until it has received such funding or indemnities (or adequate Security has been provided therefore) as it may reasonably require.
- 16.2.13 The Agent shall give a notice to the Holders (i) before it ceases to perform its obligations under the Finance Documents by reason of the non-payment by the Issuer of any fee or indemnity due to the Agent under the Finance Documents or the Agency Agreement or (ii) if it refrains from acting for any reason described in Clause 16.2.12.

### 16.3 **Liability for the Agent**

- 16.3.1 The Agent will not be liable to the Holders for damage or loss caused by any action taken or omitted by it under or in connection with any Finance Document, unless directly caused by its negligence or wilful misconduct. The Agent shall never be responsible for indirect or consequential loss.
- 16.3.2 The Agent shall not be considered to have acted negligently if it has acted in accordance with advice from or opinions of reputable external experts provided to the Agent or if the Agent has acted with reasonable care in a situation when the Agent considers that it is detrimental to the interests of the Holders to delay the action in order to first obtain instructions from the Holders.
- 16.3.3 The Agent shall not be liable for any delay (or any related consequences) in crediting an account with an amount required pursuant to the Finance Documents to be paid by the Agent to the Holders, provided that the Agent has taken all necessary steps as soon as

reasonably practicable to comply with the regulations or operating procedures of any recognised clearing or settlement system used by the Agent for that purpose.

- 16.3.4 The Agent shall have no liability to the Issuer or the Holders for damage caused by the Agent acting in accordance with instructions of the Holders given in accordance with the Finance Documents.
- 16.3.5 Any liability towards the Issuer which is incurred by the Agent in acting under, or in relation to, the Finance Documents shall not be subject to set-off against the obligations of the Issuer to the Holders under the Finance Documents.
- 16.4 **Replacement of the Agent**
- 16.4.1 Subject to Clause 16.4.6, the Agent may resign by giving notice to the Issuer and the Holders, in which case the Holders shall appoint a successor Agent at a Holders' Meeting convened by the retiring Agent or by way of Written Procedure initiated by the retiring Agent.
- 16.4.2 Subject to Clause 16.4.6, if the Agent is Insolvent or becomes subject to bankruptcy proceedings, the Agent shall be deemed to resign as Agent and the Issuer shall within ten (10) Business Days appoint a successor Agent which shall be an independent financial institution or other reputable company which regularly acts as agent under debt issuances.
- 16.4.3 A Holder (or Holders) representing at least ten (10) per cent. of the Adjusted Nominal Amount may, by notice to the Issuer (such notice shall, if given by several Holders, be given by them jointly), require that a Holders' Meeting is held for the purpose of dismissing the Agent and appointing a new Agent. The Issuer may, at a Holders' Meeting convened by it or by way of Written Procedure initiated by it, propose to the Holders that the Agent be dismissed and a new Agent appointed.
- 16.4.4 If the Holders have not appointed a successor Agent within ninety (90) days after (i) the earlier of the notice of resignation was given or the resignation otherwise took place or (ii) the Agent was dismissed through a decision by the Holders, the Issuer shall appoint a successor Agent which shall be an independent financial institution or other reputable company with the necessary resources to act as agent in respect of Market Loans.
- 16.4.5 The retiring Agent shall, at its own cost, make available to the successor Agent such documents and records and provide such assistance as the successor Agent may reasonably request for the purposes of performing its functions as Agent under the Finance Documents.
- 16.4.6 The Agent's resignation or dismissal shall only take effect upon the earlier of (i) the appointment of a successor Agent and acceptance by such successor Agent of such appointment and the execution of all necessary documentation to effectively substitute the retiring Agent, and (ii) the period pursuant to Clause 16.4.4 having lapsed.
- 16.4.7 Upon the appointment of a successor, the retiring Agent shall be discharged from any further obligation in respect of the Finance Documents but shall remain entitled to the benefit of the Finance Documents and remain liable under the Finance Documents in respect of any action which it took or failed to take whilst acting as Agent. Its successor, the Issuer and each of the Holders shall have the same rights and obligations amongst themselves under the Finance Documents as they would have had if such successor had been the original Agent.
- 16.4.8 In the event that there is a change of the Agent in accordance with this Clause 16.4, the Issuer shall execute such documents and take such actions as the new Agent may reasonably require for the purpose of vesting in such new Agent the rights, powers and obligation of the Agent and releasing the retiring Agent from its further obligations under

the Finance Documents and the Agency Agreement. Unless the Issuer and the new Agent agree otherwise, the new Agent shall be entitled to the same fees and the same indemnities as the retiring Agent.

## **17. THE ISSUING AGENT**

- 17.1 The Issuer shall when necessary appoint an Issuing Agent to manage certain specified tasks under these Terms and Conditions and in accordance with the legislation, rules and regulations applicable to and/or issued by the CSD and relating to the Bonds. The Issuing Agent shall be a commercial bank or securities institution approved by the CSD.
- 17.2 The Issuer shall ensure that the Issuing Agent enters into agreements with the CSD, and comply with such agreement and the CSD Regulations applicable to the Issuing Agent, as may be necessary in order for the Issuing Agent to carry out its duties relating to the Bonds.
- 17.3 The Issuing Agent may retire from its assignment or be dismissed by the Issuer, provided that the Issuer has approved that a commercial bank or securities institution approved by the CSD accedes as new Issuing Agent at the same time as the old Issuing Agent retires or is dismissed. If the Issuing Agent is Insolvent, the Issuer shall immediately appoint a new Issuing Agent, which shall replace the old Issuing Agent as issuing agent in accordance with these Terms and Conditions.
- 17.4 The Issuing Agent will not be liable to the Holders for damage or loss caused by any action taken or omitted by it under or in connection with any Finance Document, unless directly caused by its gross negligence or wilful misconduct. The Issuing Agent shall never be responsible for indirect or consequential loss.

## **18. THE CSD**

- 18.1 The Issuer has appointed the CSD to manage certain tasks under these Terms and Conditions and in accordance with the CSD Regulations and the other regulations applicable to the Bonds.
- 18.2 The CSD may be dismissed by the Issuer, provided that the Issuer has effectively appointed a replacement CSD that accedes as CSD at the same time as the old CSD retires or is dismissed and provided also that the replacement does not have a negative effect on any Holder or the admission to trading of the Bonds on the relevant Regulated Market. The replacing CSD must be authorised to professionally conduct clearing operations pursuant to the Central Securities Depository Regulation (Regulation (EU) No 909/2014) and be authorised as a central securities depository in accordance with the Financial Instruments Accounts Act.

## **19. REPLACEMENT OF BASE RATE**

### **19.1 General**

- 19.1.1 Any determination or election to be made by an Independent Adviser, the Issuer or the Holders in accordance with the provisions of this Clause 19 shall at all times be made by such Independent Adviser, the Issuer or the Holders (as applicable) acting in good faith, in a commercially reasonable manner and by reference to relevant market data.

19.1.2 If a Base Rate Event has occurred, this Clause 19 shall take precedent over the fallbacks set out in paragraph (b) to (d) of the definition of STIBOR.

## 19.2 Definitions

In this Clause 19:

“**Adjustment Spread**” means a spread (which may be positive, negative or zero) or a formula or methodology for calculating a spread, or a combination thereof to be applied to a Successor Base Rate and that is:

- (a) formally recommended by any Relevant Nominating Body in relation to the replacement of the Base Rate; or
- (b) if (a) is not applicable, the adjustment spread that the Independent Adviser determines is reasonable to use in order to eliminate, to the extent possible, any transfer of economic value from one party to another as a result of a replacement of the Base Rate and is customarily applied in comparable debt capital market transactions.

“**Base Rate Amendments**” has the meaning set forth in Clause 19.3.4.

“**Base Rate Event**” means one or several of the following circumstances:

- (a) the Base Rate (for the relevant Interest Period) has ceased to exist or ceased to be published for at least five (5) consecutive Business Days as a result of the Base Rate (for the relevant Interest Period) ceasing to be calculated or administered;
- (b) a public statement or publication of information by (i) the supervisor of the Base Rate Administrator or (ii) the Base Rate Administrator that the Base Rate Administrator ceases to provide the applicable Base Rate (for the relevant Interest Period) permanently or indefinitely and, at the time of the statement or publication, no successor administrator has been appointed or is expected to be appointed to continue to provide the Base Rate;
- (c) a public statement or publication of information in each case by the supervisor of the Base Rate Administrator that the Base Rate (for the relevant Interest Period) is no longer representative of the underlying market which the Base Rate is intended to represent and the representativeness of the Base Rate will not be restored in the opinion of the supervisor of the Base Rate Administrator;
- (d) a public statement or publication of information in each case by the supervisor of the Base Rate Administrator with the consequence that it is unlawful for the Issuer or the Issuing Agent to calculate any payments due to be made to any Noteholder using the applicable Base Rate (for the relevant Interest Period) or it has otherwise become prohibited to use the applicable Base Rate (for the relevant Interest Period);
- (e) a public statement or publication of information in each case by the bankruptcy trustee of the Base Rate Administrator or by the trustee under the bank recovery and resolution framework (Sw. *krishanteringsregelverket*) containing the information referred to in (b) above; or
- (f) a Base Rate Event Announcement has been made and the announced Base Rate Event as set out in (b) to (e) above will occur within six (6) months.

“**Base Rate Event Announcement**” means a public statement or published information as set out in paragraph (b) to (e) of the definition of Base Rate Event that any event or circumstance specified therein will occur.

“**Independent Adviser**” means an independent financial institution or adviser of repute in the debt capital markets where the Base Rate is commonly used.

“**Relevant Nominating Body**” means, subject to applicable law, firstly any relevant supervisory authority, secondly any applicable central bank, or any working group or committee of any of them, or thirdly the Financial Stability Council (*Finansiella stabilitetsrådet*) or any part thereof.

“**Successor Base Rate**” means:

- (a) a screen or benchmark rate, including the methodology for calculating term structure and calculation methods in respect of debt instruments with similar interest rate terms as the Bonds, which is formally recommended as a successor to or replacement of the Base Rate by a Relevant Nominating Body; or
- (b) if there is no such rate as described in paragraph (a), such other rate as the Independent Adviser determines is most comparable to the Base Rate.

For the avoidance of doubt, in the event that a Successor Base Rate ceases to exist, this definition shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to such new Successor Base Rate.

### 19.3 **Determination of Base Rate, Adjustment Spread and Base Rate Amendments**

19.3.1 Without prejudice to Clause 19.3.2, upon a Base Rate Event Announcement, the Issuer may, if it is possible to determine a Successor Base Rate at such point of time, at any time before the occurrence of the relevant Base Rate Event at the Issuer’s expense appoint an Independent Adviser to initiate the procedure to determine a Successor Base Rate, the Adjustment Spread and any Base Rate Amendments for purposes of determining, calculating and finally deciding the applicable Base Rate. For the avoidance of doubt, the Issuer will not be obliged to take any such actions until obliged to do so pursuant to Clause 19.3.2.

19.3.2 If a Base Rate Event has occurred, the Issuer shall use all commercially reasonable endeavours to, as soon as reasonably practicable and at the Issuer’s expense, appoint an Independent Adviser to initiate the procedure to determine, as soon as commercially reasonable, a Successor Base Rate, the Adjustment Spread and any Base Rate Amendments for purposes of determining, calculating, and finally deciding the applicable Base Rate.

19.3.3 If the Issuer fails to appoint an Independent Adviser in accordance with Clause 19.3.2, the Holders shall, if so decided at a Holders’ Meeting or by way of Written Procedure, be entitled to appoint an Independent Adviser (at the Issuer’s expense) for the purposes set forth in Clause 19.3.2. If an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, or if the Issuer fails to carry out any other actions set forth in Clause 19.3 to 19.6, the Agent (acting on the instructions of the Holders) may to the extent necessary effectuate any Base Rate Amendments without the Issuer’s cooperation.

19.3.4 The Independent Adviser shall also initiate the procedure to determine any technical, administrative or operational changes required to ensure the proper operation of a Successor Base Rate or to reflect the adoption of such Successor Base Rate in a manner substantially consistent with market practice (“**Base Rate Amendments**”).

19.3.5 Provided that a Successor Base Rate, the applicable Adjustment Spread and any Base Rate Amendments have been finally decided no later than prior to the relevant Quotation Day in relation to the next succeeding Interest Period, they shall become effective with effect from and including the commencement of the next succeeding Interest Period, always subject to any technical limitations of the CSD and any calculations methods applicable to such Successor Base Rate.

#### 19.4 **Interim measures**

19.4.1 If a Base Rate Event set out in any of the paragraphs (a) to (e) of the Base Rate Event definition has occurred but no Successor Base Rate and Adjustment Spread have been finally decided prior to the relevant Quotation Day in relation to the next succeeding Interest Period or if such Successor Base Rate and Adjustment Spread have been finally decided but due to technical limitations of the CSD, cannot be applied in relation to the relevant Quotation Day, the Interest Rate applicable to the next succeeding Interest Period shall be:

- (a) if the previous Base Rate is available, determined pursuant to the terms that would apply to the determination of the Base Rate as if no Base Rate Event had occurred; or
- (b) if the previous Base Rate is no longer available or cannot be used in accordance with applicable law or regulation, equal to the Interest Rate determined for the immediately preceding Interest Period.

19.4.2 For the avoidance of doubt, Clause 19.4.1 shall apply only to the relevant next succeeding Interest Period and any subsequent Interest Periods are subject to the subsequent operation of, and to adjustments as provided in, this Clause 19. This will however not limit the application of Clause 19.4.1 for any subsequent Interest Periods, should all relevant actions provided in this Clause 19 have been taken, but without success.

#### 19.5 **Notices etc.**

Prior to the Successor Base Rate, the applicable Adjustment Spread and any Base Rate Amendments become effective the Issuer shall promptly, following the final decision by the Independent Adviser of any Successor Base Rate, Adjustment Spread and any Base Rate Amendments, give notice thereof to the Agent, the Issuing Agent and the Noteholders in accordance with Clause 22 (*Communications and press releases*) and the CSD. The notice shall also include information about the effective date of the amendments. If the Notes are admitted to trading on a stock exchange, the Issuer shall also give notice of the amendments to the relevant stock exchange.

#### 19.6 **Variation upon replacement of Base Rate**

19.6.1 No later than giving the Agent notice pursuant to Clause 19.5, the Issuer shall deliver to the Agent a certificate signed by the Independent Adviser and the CEO, CFO or any other duly authorised signatory of the Issuer (subject to Clause 19.3.3) confirming the relevant Successor Base Rate, the Adjustment Spread and any Base Rate Amendments, in each case as determined and decided in accordance with the provisions of this Clause 19. The Successor Base Rate the Adjustment Spread and any Base Rate Amendments (as applicable) specified in such certificate will, in the absence of manifest error or bad faith in any decision, be binding on the Issuer, the Agent, the Issuing Agent and the Holders.

19.6.2 Subject to receipt by the Agent of the certificate referred to in Clause 19.6.1, the Issuer and the Agent shall, at the request and expense of the Issuer, without the requirement for any consent or approval of the Holders, without undue delay effect such amendments to the Finance Documents as may be required by the Issuer in order to give effect to this Clause 19.

19.6.3 The Agent and the Issuing Agent shall always be entitled to consult with external experts prior to amendments are effected pursuant to this Clause 19. Neither the Agent nor the Issuing Agent shall be obliged to concur if in the reasonable opinion of the Agent or the Issuing Agent (as applicable), doing so would impose more onerous obligations upon it or expose it to any additional duties, responsibilities or liabilities or reduce or amend the protective provisions afforded to the Agent or the Issuing Agent in the Finance Documents.

#### 19.7 **Limitation of liability for the Independent Adviser**

Any Independent Adviser appointed pursuant to Clause 19.3 shall not be liable whatsoever for damage or loss caused by any determination, action taken or omitted by it under or in connection with any Finance Document, unless directly caused by its gross negligence or wilful misconduct. The Independent Adviser shall never be responsible for indirect or consequential loss

### 20. **NO DIRECT ACTIONS BY HOLDERS**

20.1 A Holder may not take any steps whatsoever against the Issuer to enforce or recover any amount due or owing to it pursuant to the Finance Documents, or to initiate, support or procure the winding-up, dissolution, liquidation, company reorganisation or bankruptcy in any jurisdiction of any Group Company in relation to any of the obligations and liabilities of the Issuer under the Finance Documents. Such steps may only be taken by the Agent.

20.2 Clause 20.1 shall not apply if the Agent has been instructed by the Holders in accordance with the Finance Documents to take certain actions but fails for any reason to take, or is unable to take (for any reason other than a failure by a Holder to provide documents in accordance with Clause 16.1.2), such actions within a reasonable period of time and such failure or inability is continuing. However, if the failure to take certain actions is caused by the non-payment of any fee or indemnity due to the Agent under the Finance Documents or the Agency Agreement or by any reason described in Clause 16.2.12, such failure must continue for at least forty (40) Business Days after notice pursuant to Clause 16.2.13 before a Holder may take any action referred to in Clause 20.1.

20.3 The provisions of Clause 20.1 shall not in any way limit an individual Holder's right to claim and enforce payments which are due to it under Clause 9.4 (*Mandatory repurchase due to a Change of Control Event, a De-listing Event or a Listing Failure Event (put option)*) or other payments which are due by the Issuer to some but not all Holders.

### 21. **TIME-BAR**

21.1 The right to receive repayment of the principal of the Bonds shall be time-barred and become void ten (10) years from the Redemption Date. The right to receive payment of interest (excluding any capitalised interest) shall be time-barred and become void three (3) years from the relevant due date for payment. The Issuer is entitled to any funds set aside

for payments in respect of which the Holders' right to receive payment has been time-barred and has become void.

- 21.2 If a limitation period is duly interrupted in accordance with the Swedish Act on Limitations (*preskriptionslag (1981:130)*), a new limitation period of ten (10) years with respect to the right to receive repayment of the principal of the Bonds, and of three (3) years with respect to receive payment of interest (excluding capitalised interest) will commence, in both cases calculated from the date of interruption of the limitation period, as such date is determined pursuant to the provisions of the Swedish Act on Limitations.

## **22. COMMUNICATIONS AND PRESS RELEASES**

### **22.1 Communications**

- 22.1.1 Any notice or other communication to be made under or in connection with the Finance Documents:
- (a) if to the Agent or Issuing Agent, shall be given at the address registered with the Swedish Companies Registration Office (*Bolagsverket*) on the Business Day prior to dispatch or to such address as notified by the Agent or the Issuing Agent, as applicable, to the Issuer from time to time and, if sent by email by the Issuer, to the email address notified by the Agent or the Issuing Agent, as applicable, to the Issuer from time to time;
  - (b) if to the Issuer, shall be given at the address specified on its website [www.stillfront.com](http://www.stillfront.com) on the Business Day prior to dispatch or, if sent by email by the Agent, to the email address notified by the Issuer to the Agent from time to time; and
  - (c) if to the Holders, shall be given at their addresses registered with the CSD on a date selected by the sending person which falls no more than five (5) Business Days prior to the date on which the notice or communication is sent, and by either courier delivery (if practically possible) or letter for all Holders. A Notice to the Holders shall also be published on the websites of the Issuer and the Agent.
- 22.1.2 Any notice or other communication made by one person to another under or in connection with the Finance Documents shall be sent by way of courier, personal delivery or letter, or, if between the Issuer and the Agent or the Issuing Agent and the Issuer, by email, and will only be effective, in case of courier or personal delivery, when it has been left at the address specified in Clause 22.1.1, in case of letter, three (3) Business Days after being deposited postage prepaid in an envelope addressed to the address specified in Clause 22.1.1, or, in case of email, when received in readable form by the email recipient.
- 22.1.3 Any notice which shall be provided to the Holders in physical form pursuant to these Terms and Conditions may, at the discretion of the Agent, be limited to:
- (a) a cover letter, which shall include:
    - (i) all information needed in order for Holders to exercise their rights under the Finance Documents;
    - (ii) details of where Holders can retrieve additional information;
    - (iii) contact details to the Agent; and
    - (iv) an instruction to contact the Agent should any Holder wish to receive the additional information by regular mail; and

- (b) copies of any document needed in order for the Holders to exercise their rights under the Finance Documents.
- 22.1.4 Any notice or other communication pursuant to the Finance Documents shall be in English. However, financial reports published pursuant to Clause 10.1.1(a) and (b) may be in Swedish.
- 22.1.5 Failure to send a notice or other communication to a Holder or any defect in it shall not affect its sufficiency with respect to other Holders.
- 22.2 **Press releases**
- 22.2.1 Any notice that the Issuer or the Agent shall send to the Holders pursuant to Clauses 9.3 (*Voluntary total redemption*), 10.1.3, 14.2.1, 14.3.1, 14.4.14, 15.2 and 19.5 shall also be published by way of press release by the Issuer or the Agent, as applicable.
- 22.2.2 In addition to Clause 22.2.1, if any information relating to the Bonds, the Issuer or the Group contained in a notice that the Agent may send to the Holders under these Terms and Conditions has not already been made public by way of a press release, the Agent shall before it sends such information to the Holders give the Issuer the opportunity to issue a press release containing such information. If the Issuer does not promptly issue a press release and the Agent considers it necessary to issue a press release containing such information before it can lawfully send a notice containing such information to the Holders, the Agent shall be entitled to issue such press release.

## 23. **FORCE MAJEURE**

- 23.1 Neither the Agent nor the Issuing Agent shall be held responsible for any damage arising out of any legal enactment, or any measure taken by a public authority, or war, strike, lockout, boycott, blockade, natural disaster, insurrection, civil commotion, terrorism or any other similar circumstance (a "Force Majeure Event"). The reservation in respect of strikes, lockouts, boycotts and blockades applies even if the Agent or the Issuing Agent itself takes such measures, or is subject to such measures.
- 23.2 Should a Force Majeure Event arise which prevents the Agent or the Issuing Agent from taking any action required to comply with the Finance Documents, such action may be postponed until the obstacle has been removed.
- 23.3 The provisions in this Clause 23 apply unless they are inconsistent with the provisions of the Financial Instruments Accounts Act which provisions shall take precedence.

## 24. **GOVERNING LAW AND JURISDICTION**

- 24.1 These Terms and Conditions, and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection therewith, shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of Sweden.
- 24.2 The Issuer submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the City Court of Stockholm (*Stockholms tingsrätt*).
-

We hereby certify that the above Terms and Conditions are binding upon ourselves.

Place: Stockholm

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ March 2026

**Stillfront Group AB (publ)**  
as Issuer

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Emily Villatte

\_\_\_\_\_

We hereby undertake to act in accordance with the above terms and conditions to the extent they refer to us.

Place: Stockholm

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ March 2026

**CSC (Sweden) AB**  
as Agent

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Kristofer Nivenius

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Linus Löfgren

**SCHEDULE 1**

**Form of Compliance Certificate**

To: CSC (Sweden) AB as Agent

From: Stillfront Group AB (publ) as Issuer

Dated: [●]

Dear Sirs/Madams,

We refer to the terms and conditions (the “**Terms and Conditions**”) for the up to SEK 2,000,000,000 senior floating rate bonds (*obligationer*) due 2030 with ISIN SE0028329201 as well as to the other Finance Documents (as defined in the Terms and Conditions).

Capitalised terms used and not defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Terms and Conditions.

We hereby certify the following:

**Events of Default**

So far as we are aware, [no Event of Default is continuing.]/[the following Event[s] of Default [is/are] continuing:[●]

We have taken the following steps to remedy [it/them]:[●]

**[Incurrence Test**

We propose to [make a Restricted Payment / incur Financial Indebtedness] in an amount of SEK [●].]

We set out the computations of the Leverage Ratio and Interest Coverage Ratio below. The calculations and adjustments set out below are made in accordance with the Terms and Conditions.

<b>Net Interest Bearing Debt</b>	
The testing date for Net Interest Bearing Debt is:	[DATE]
The date for the incurrence of the new interest bearing Financial Indebtedness or the making of a distribution is:	[DATE]

The final maturity date for the new interest bearing Financial Indebtedness is <sup>1</sup> :	[DATE]
The existing interest bearing Financial Indebtedness is:	[AMOUNT]
The new interest bearing Financial Indebtedness is:	[AMOUNT]
The Financial Indebtedness to be refinanced at the time of the incurrence of the new Financial Indebtedness:	[AMOUNT]
The total adjusted interest bearing Financial Indebtedness is:	[AMOUNT]
The Relevant Period for calculation of EBITDA, Finance Charges and Net Finance Charges is:	[DATE to DATE]
<b>EBITDA</b>	
The EBITDA prior to any adjustments is:	[AMOUNT]
The adjustments to EBITDA are:	[DESCRIPTION]
The EBITDA after adjustments is:	[AMOUNT]
<b>Finance Charges</b>	
The Finance Charges prior to adjustments are:	[AMOUNT]
The adjustments to Finance Charges are:	[DESCRIPTION]
The total Finance Charges after adjustments are:	[AMOUNT]
<b>Net Finance Charges</b>	
The Net Finance Charges prior to adjustments are:	[AMOUNT]
The adjustments to Net Finance Charges are:	[DESCRIPTION]
The total Net Finance Charges after adjustments are:	[AMOUNT]

<sup>1</sup> Only relevant in case of application of item (k) of the definition of Permitted Debt

<b>The Leverage Ratio (in each case after adjustments) is:</b>	[●]:1
<b>The Interest Coverage Ratio (after adjustments) is:</b>	[●]:1

**ADDRESSES**

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